

STATUS AND VISION OF THE NYE COUNTY COMMUNITY- BASED GROUND WATER MONITORING PROGRAM

John Klenke
July 21, 2015

Overview

- Introduction
- Background
 - Nye County - responsibilities
 - Population
- Groundwater flow
- CEMP
- Vision and process
- Determining sample locations
- Reporting of results
- Education
- Conclusions

Introduction

- Nye County encompasses 18,199 mi²
 - Largest county (by area) in the state, and the third-largest in contiguous US.
- NNSS (formerly the NTS) is entirely within Nye County
- Approximately 4410 mi² of federally controlled land
 - NNSS 1360 mi²
 - NTTR estimated 2850 mi² in Nye County
- Population of 43,946 (2010 census)
- The remaining, approximately 13,790 square miles, needs to be addressed by a comprehensive water monitoring program.

Background

- Nye County has the duty to protect the health and safety of citizens
 - Includes environmental concerns
- **Nye County Water District (NCWD)**
 - Formed in 2009
 - *"Provide, protect and preserve water resources in Nye County."*

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south (downgradient) from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 38,000 people (2012)
- ❑ Possible 495,000 people in the future (Pahrump Master Plan)

Armargosa:

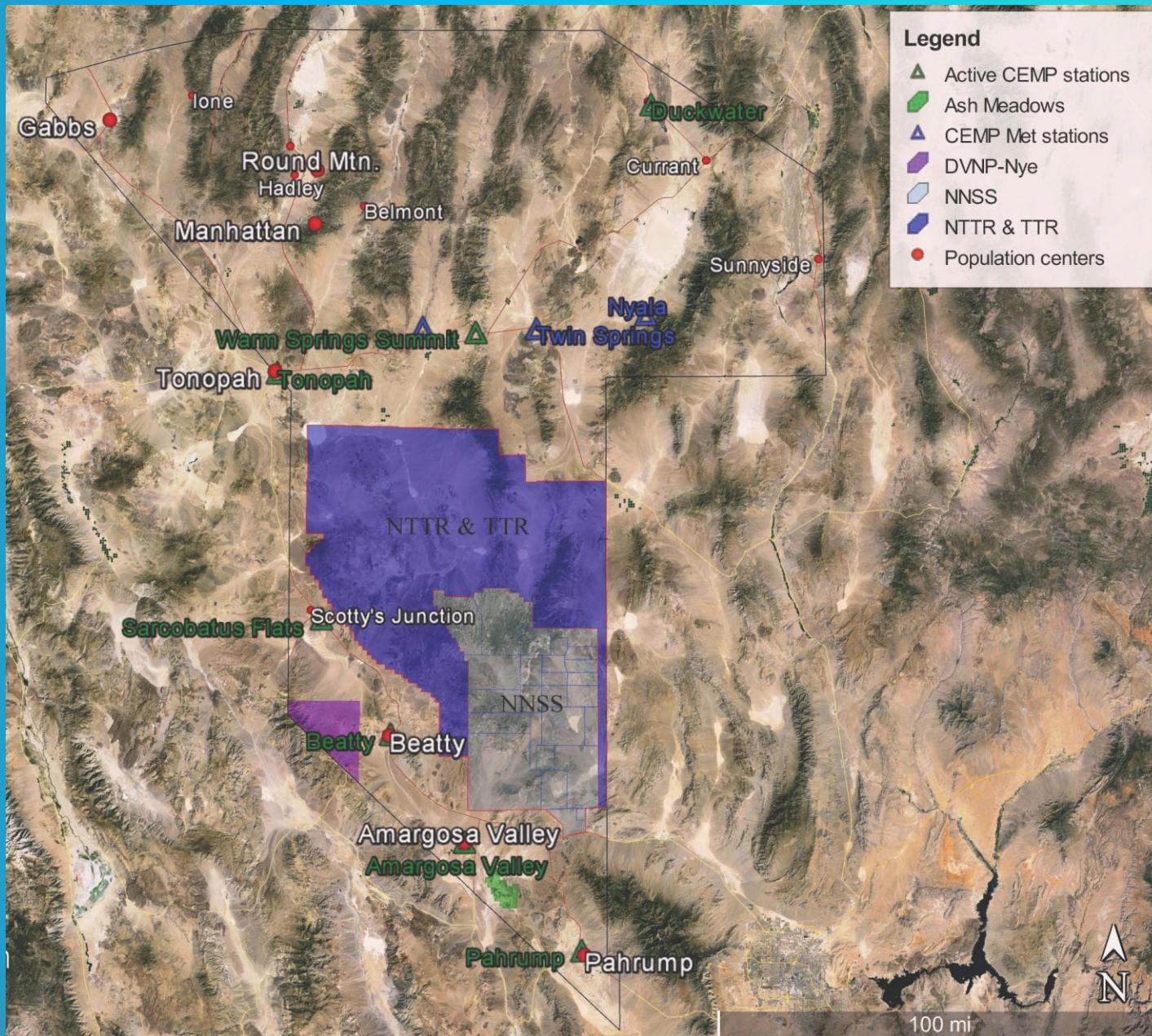
- ❑ Approximately 18 miles south (downgradient) from proposed High Level Nuclear Waster Repository (Yucca Mountain)
- ❑ Population of 1456 (2010 census)

Population - cont

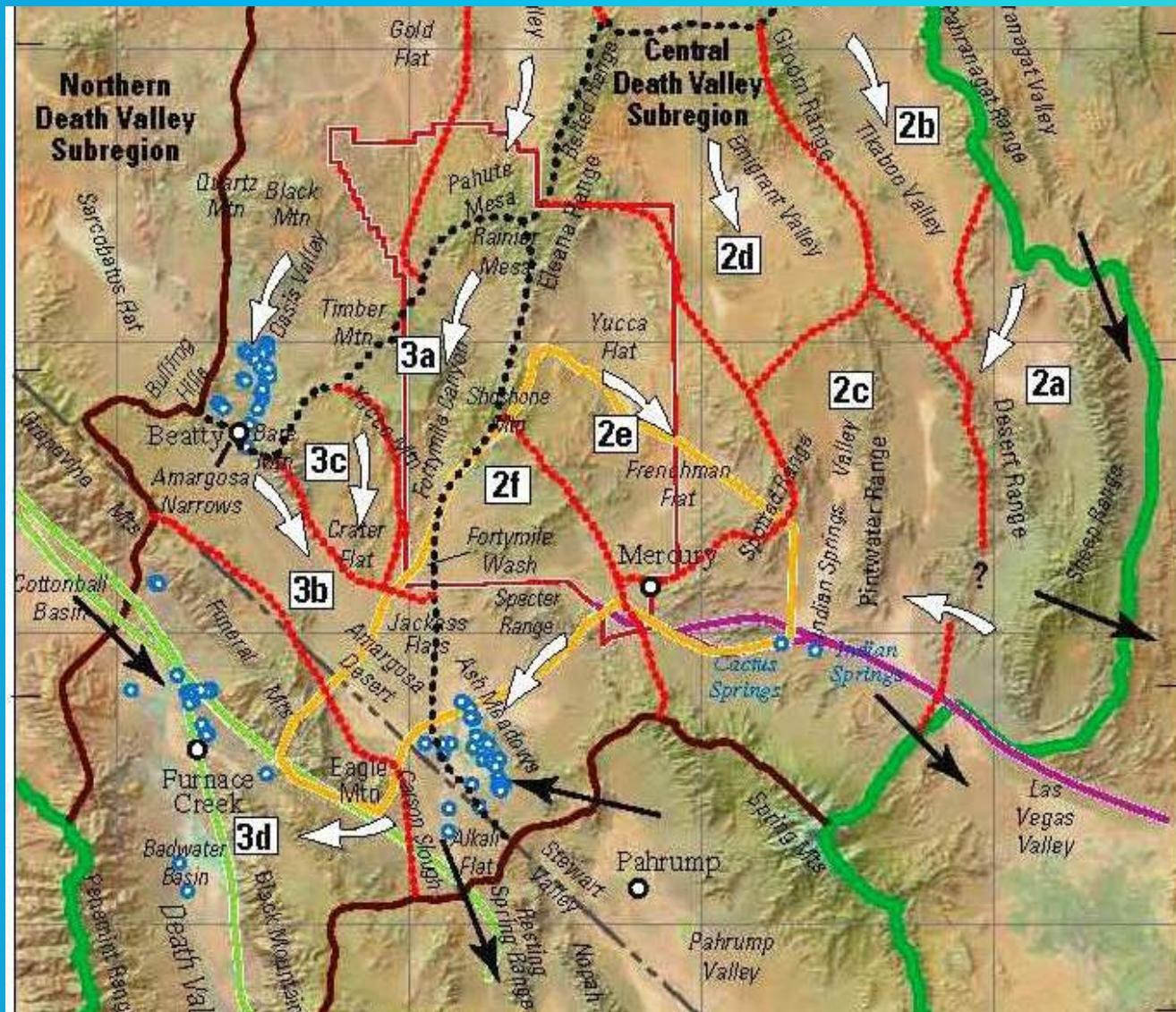
Beatty:

- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of ER-EC-11
 - Offsite well
 - Tritium detected 2009
 - 12,000 picocuries per liter (60% of EPA standard)
- ❑ Population of 1010 people (2010 census)

Population - cont



Groundwater Flow Direction



Belcher 2010 - Death Valley Regional Groundwater Flow System

CEMP

Vision and Process

Determining Sample Locations

- Groundwater gradient (flow directions).
- Geology/Hydrology
 - Faults
 - Rock/Soil types
- Meetings with Community Environmental Monitors, DRI, and UGTA staff
 - Recommendations
 - Past sampling results
 - Tritium hits
 - Age of water
- Use results from above sources to locate candidate wells and springs
 - Availability/Access
 - Screened intervals
 - Casing type and diameter

Reporting of results

- Use existing CEMP forms of communication
- Links to results on Nye Co websites
 - nyeounty.net
 - nyeountywaterdistrict.net
- Fact sheets, brochures or handouts
- Press releases
- Local government awareness
- Public meetings and community events.
 - Include in NCWD information packets

Education and Awareness

- ❑ *How can we make people aware of the Community-Based Water Sampling and Testing Program ?*
- ❑ Local government education and engagement
- ❑ Local schools
 - Include information as part of the NCWD groundwater educational program
 - Requires NCWD Board Approval

Conclusions

- Data from the CEMP water sampling program will allow us to learn more about:
 - Quality of waters adjacent to and downgradient from the NNSS
 - Changes in water quality with time
 - XXXX
- CEMP water sampling and testing helps to protect the health and safety of the citizens and environment of Nye County
- Nye County would like to thank the Department of Energy (NNSA/NFO) and the Desert Research Institute for the opportunity to become affiliated with the CEMP

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM - 2016 UPDATE

Nye County Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office
John Klenke
July 30, 2016

Overview

- ❑ Background
- ❑ Land Status
- ❑ Population
- ❑ Responsibilities
- ❑ CEMP Stations and Focus Area
- ❑ Sampled Locations by DOE
- ❑ Determining Nye County Sample Locations
- ❑ 2015 Sampling Results
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Additional sampling locations
- ❑ Future Years
- ❑ Acknowledgement

Background - Why Are We Here?

- Nye County has the duty to protect the health and safety of citizens
- Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
 - Drilled and completed approximately 50 wells
 - Conducted numerous aquifer and tracer tests, geophysical surveys, water level measurements, and other specialized testing
 - Data provided to Department of Energy (DOE) for use in their repository characterization and safety analyses
- Tritium from former weapons tests has been observed moving, while still on government lands, offsite ; we will conduct expanded monitoring activities to supplement continued DRI monitoring at communities in the down-gradient areas
- Entered into a five-year grant with DOE to conduct water sampling and analysis at locations downgradient from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing

Land Status

- ❑ Nye County encompasses 18,199 mi²
 - Largest county (by area) in the state, and the third-largest in contiguous US.
- ❑ Approximately 98% of land in Nye County is federally controlled
 - Bureau of Land Management
 - US Forest Service
 - Department of Defense
 - Department of Energy
- ❑ Nevada National Security Site (NNSS; formerly the Nevada Test Site) is entirely within Nye County; part of the Nevada Test and Training Range (NTTR) lies within Nye County
- ❑ Nye County population of 43,946 (2010 census)

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 38,000 people (2012)
- ❑ Possible 495,000 people in the future (Pahrump Master Plan)

Amargosa:

- ❑ Approximately 9 miles SW from the border of NNSS
- ❑ 50 miles south (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Population of 1,456 (2010 census)

Population - cont

Beatty:

- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of ER-EC-11
 - Offsite well located on the Nevada Test and Training Range
 - Tritium detected 2009
 - 12,000 picocuries per liter (60% of EPA standard)
- ❑ Population of 1,010 people (2010 census)

Responsibilities

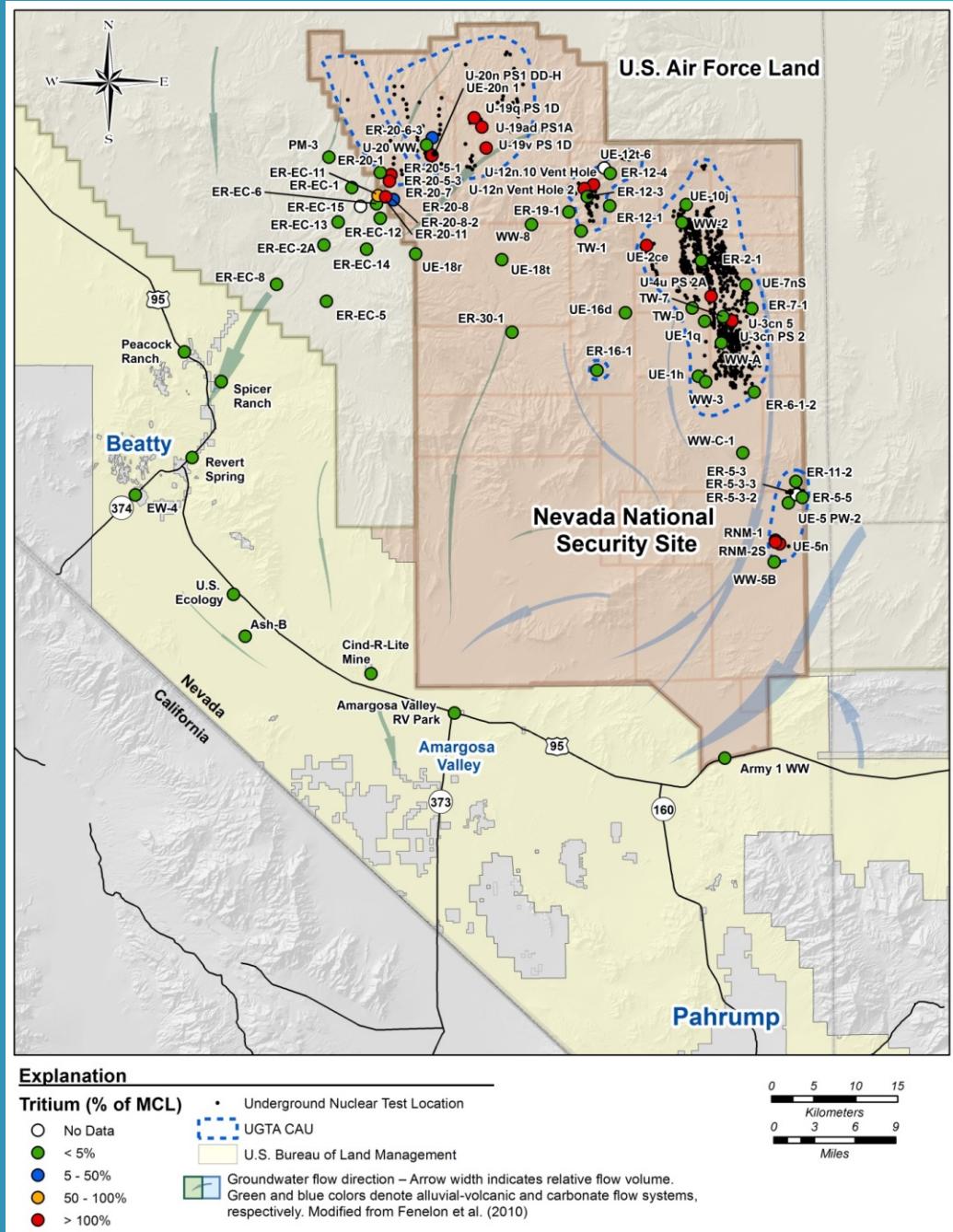
- Nye County is responsible for:
 - Identification of sampling locations (will consider input from the Community Environmental Monitors [CEMs])
 - Developing sampling plans and procedures – ensures systematic, consistent sampling methodology
 - Collection of water samples
 - Obtaining tritium analysis through **independent laboratories** certified by the State of Nevada
 - Checking the data to ensure quality
 - Providing sampling methodology, data, and quality check results to DOE for inclusion in the Annual NNSS Site Environmental Report
- Fact sheets, brochures or handouts
- Local government awareness
- Public meetings and community events
- Engage the CEMs to ensure public's perspective is represented
- Data dissemination options include publication on the Nye County website (www.nyecounty.com) and/or continued publication on DRI's CEMP website (www.cemp.dri.edu)

CEMP Stations and Focus Area

- Map at right shows CEMP stations (www.cemp.dri.edu)
- Regional groundwater flow direction is predominantly north to south
- Downgradient areas outlined in blue
- Note that we are characterizing conditions in offsite areas only, although previous efforts included upgradient sites as well



Locations Sampled By DOE



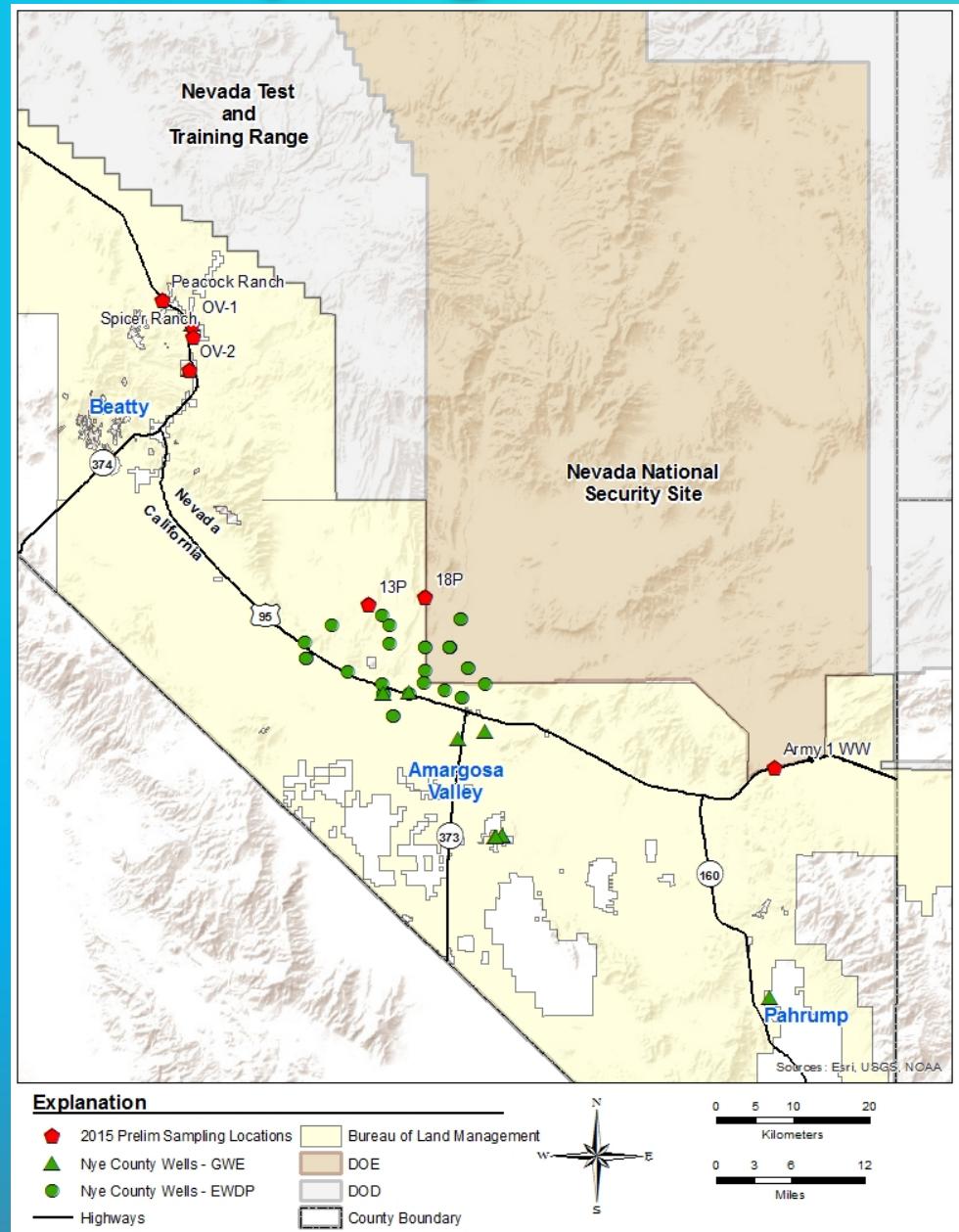
- Map shows sampled sites under the NNSS Integrated Groundwater Monitoring Program on and off the NNSS and NTTR
- Tritium results are represented as a percentage of the Maximum Contaminant Level (20,000 pCi/l, as defined by the US Environmental Protection Agency)
- Note localized variations in the groundwater flow directions
- Focus area for this study is primarily south and southwest of the NNSS and NTTR

Determining Nye County Sample Locations

- Data from the CEMP water sampling program will allow us to learn more about:
 - Quality of waters (tritium) adjacent to and downgradient from the NNSS and NTTR
 - Changes in water quality with time (tritium)
- Initial screening of candidate sites was based on the following criteria:
 - Proximity to population centers
 - Groundwater gradient (flow directions)
 - Geology/Hydrology
 - Faults
 - Rock/Soil types
 - Use results from above sources to locate candidate wells and springs
 - Availability/Access
 - Screened intervals
 - Casing type and diameter
 - Desire to broaden baseline from locations previously sampled, to include some of the wells drilled by Nye County as part of past scientific characterization programs
 - Sampled 10 locations in 2015, and plan to sample 20 locations each additional year of the program

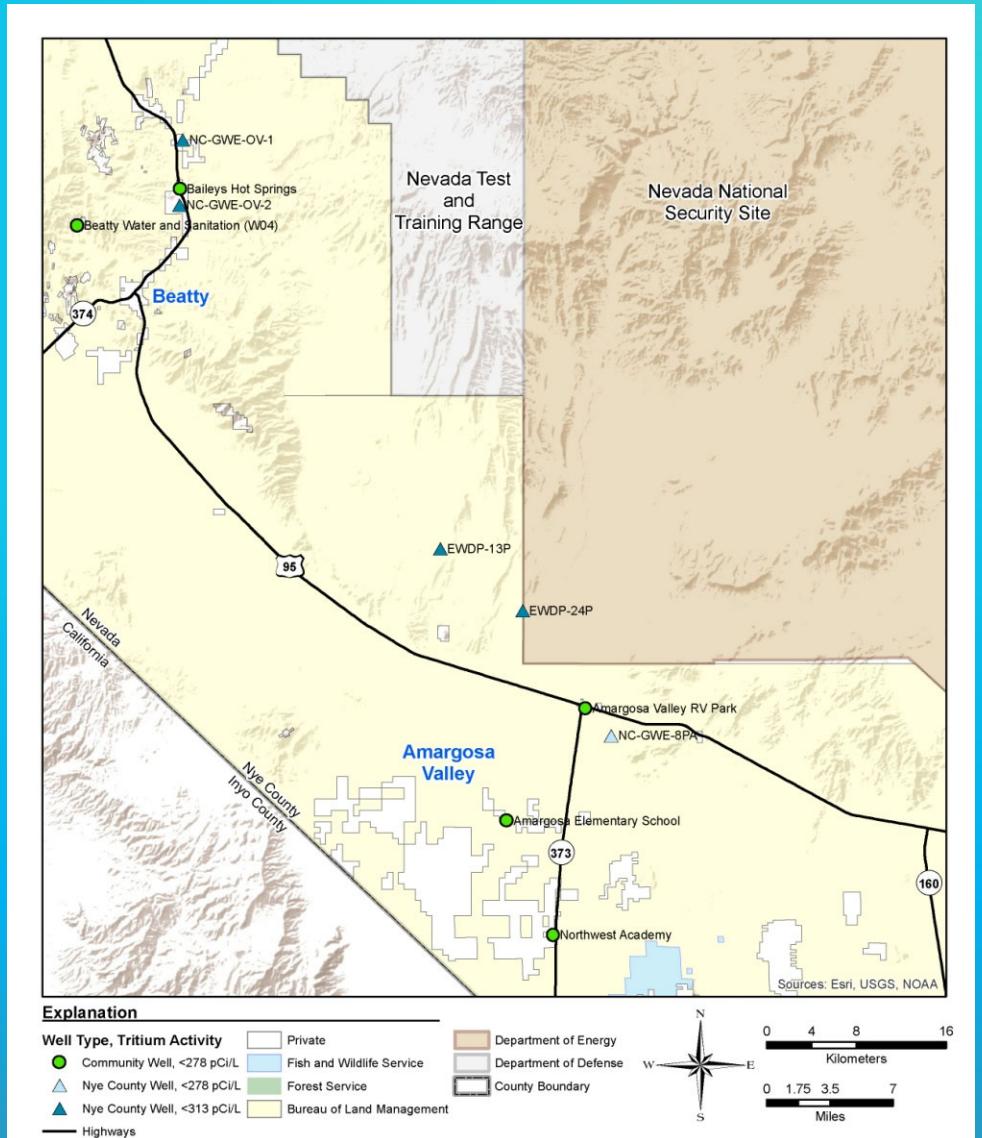
Nye County Identified Sampling Locations 2015 (pre-sampling)

- Nye County considers the following wells to be of high sampling priority:
 - OV-1*
 - OV-2 *
 - Spicer Ranch
 - Peacock Ranch
 - 18P (REPLACED BY 24P)*
 - 13P *
 - Army 1 WW
 - * = sampled in 2015



2015 Sampling Results

- Location of 10 core wells
 - To be sampled every year
 - Test results showed all ten wells had undetectable levels of tritium
- GWE-OV-1
- GWE-OV-2
- EWDP-13P
- EWDP-24P
- GWE-8PA
- Amargosa Elementary School
- Amargosa Valley RV Park
- Beatty Water and Sanitation (W04)
- Northwest Academy
- Baileys Hot Springs



2015 Sampling Results - cont

- Independent Lab
 - Radiation Safety Engineering, Inc (Chandler AZ)
 - 10 samples plus 3 QA samples - 2 blanks 1 duplicate

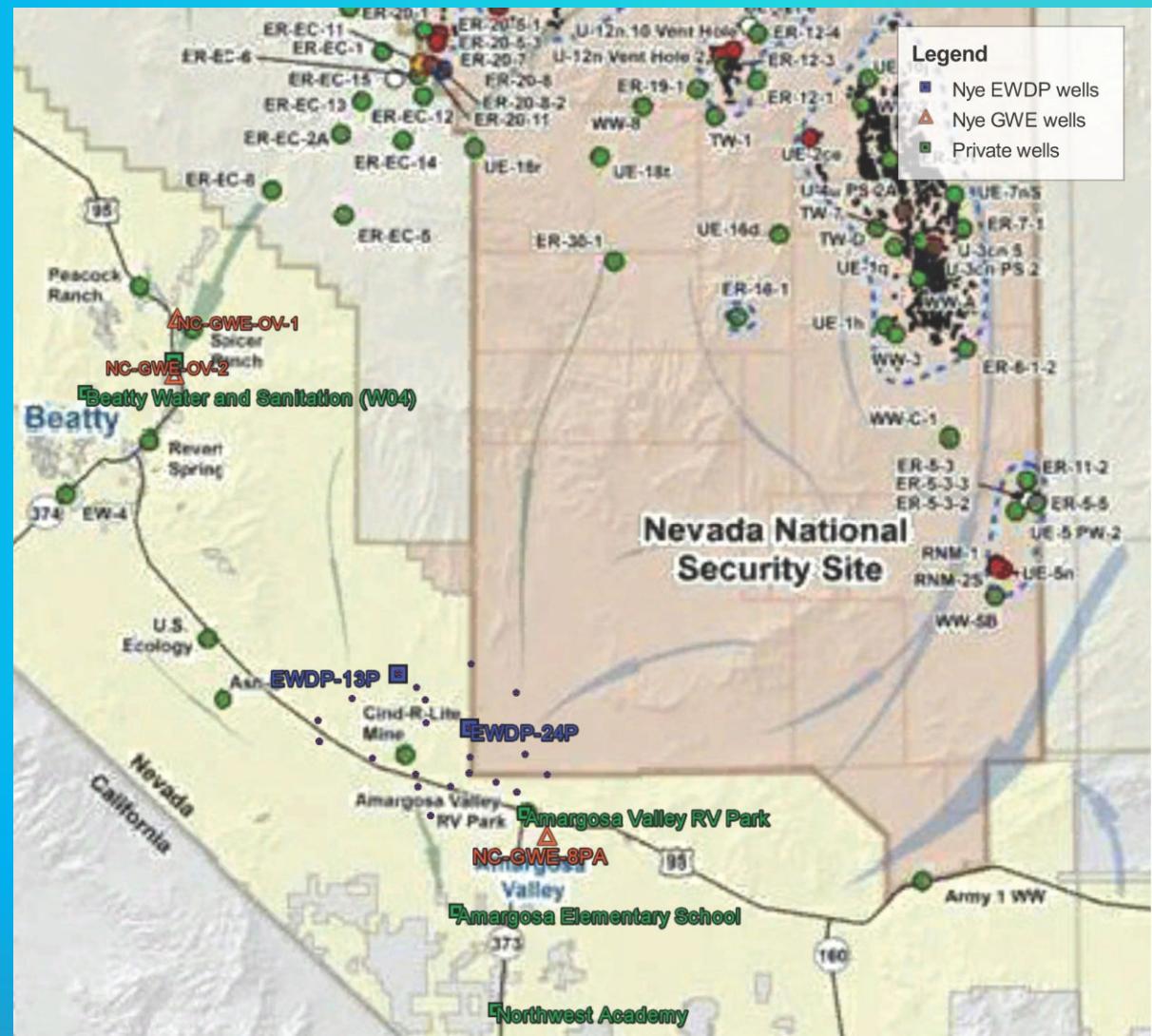
Nye - CEMP "core well" samples 2015							
Sample number	Sample name	Location	Latitude NAD83	Longitude NAD83	Date sampled	Time (hours)	Tritium Activity (pCi/L)
GWS032 8	GWE-OV-1	NC-GWE-OV-1 *	37.0061820	-	116.7207580	12/10/15	1312 <313
GWS032 9	GWE-OV-2	NC-GWE-OV-2 *	36.9645540	-	116.7229820	12/17/15	1232 <313
GWS033 0	EWDP-13P	EWDP-13P *	36.7444070	-	116.5139540	12/9/15	1600 <313
GWS033 1	EWDP-24P	EWDP-24P * (substitute for 18P)	36.7046597	-	116.4479878	12/7/15	1444 <313
GWS033 2	GWE-8PA	NC-GWE-8PA	36.6244220	-	116.3770836	12/8/15	1511 <278
GWS033 3	AES	Amargosa Elementary School	36.569612	-116.460946	12/21/15	1129 <278	
GWS033 4	AV RV Park	Amargosa Valley RV Park	36.641735	-116.397474	12/16/15	1036 <278	
GWS033 5	BW&S W04	Beatty Water and Sanitation (W04)	36.951458	-116.805002	12/16/15	1200 <278	
GWS033 6	NW Academy	Northwest Academy	36.496166	-116.423563	12/21/15	1405 <278	
GWS033 7	Bailey's Hot Spr	Baileys Hot Springs	36.974720	-116.722500	12/16/15	1531 <278	
GWS033 8	GWE-OV-3	NC-GWE-OV-1-duplicate	-----	-----	12/10/15	1315 <278	
GWS033 9	GWE-OV-30	Bailey's Hot Springs- blank	-----	-----	12/16/15	1540 <313	
GWS034 0	Well 2	Amargosa Elementary School-duplicate	-----	-----	12/21/15	1134 <313	

CEM picks

2015 Sampling Results - cont

- Community wells
- ▲ Nye GWE wells
- Nye EWDP wells

- Flow paths
- DOE sampling locations



2015 -Public Outreach

- Two articles ran in the local newspaper (PVT)
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's (Dec 16th)
- Supplied sampling results to the DOE to be included in the 2015 NNSER
- Presented poster of results at the 2016 DOE Groundwater Open House - Amargosa July 29, 2016

11:07 am - December 10, 2015

Nye County tests wells for tritium

By Daria Sokolova
Pahrump Valley Times

The final stage of groundwater sampling to determine the amount of tritium in Nye County wells around Nevada National Security Site took place Wednesday.

As part of the procedure that was supported by the Department of Energy grant award, Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in Amargosa Valley and Beatty, the two downgradient locations from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing.

The cost of the endeavor, which was preceded by a score of preconditions, came to \$50,000. After Nye County accepted a five-year \$1,277,000 grant award from the DOE for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program in August, officials said it will be disbursed in increments of \$252,000 on a yearly basis.

"So, when you are looking for evidence of transport of contaminants, tritium will be the first one to show up and you will see it first," said Jamie Walker, Nye County contract geologist. "It's relatively simple to analyze for, it's not complicated and it's referred to as the ultimate tracer."

A soluble contaminant that moves with the groundwater at the rate of the groundwater flow, tritium has a 12.2-year lifespan. Its maximum contamination level for drinking water set by the EPA is 20,000 picocuries per liter, officials said.

Nye County officials said they will supply the collected information to the Community Environmental Monitoring Program (CEMP) that previously looked at atmospheric counters and groundwater around the Nevada National Security Site but has been shifting its focus to downgradient portions of the water.

A day-long tour attracted a group of local officials and community stakeholders who observed



1 2

7:03 am - April 29, 2016 — Updated: 7:13 am - April 29, 2016

Nye County wells have 'undetectable' levels of tritium

By Daria Sokolova
Pahrump Valley Times

The ten wells sampled by Nye County officials under the Nye County Tritium Sampling and Monitoring Program in December showed "undetectable" levels of tritium, according to the recent lab results.

Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in Amargosa Valley and Beatty to determine if radionuclides from underground nuclear testing are present in wells that are downgradient of the Nevada National Security Site.

"The test results showed all ten TSAMP wells had undetectable levels of tritium," said Nye County geoscientist John Klenke.

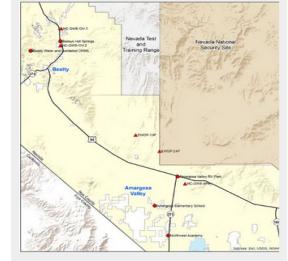
All sampled wells had the detection limits of 278 or 313 picocuries per liter, according to the report. The Safe Water Drinking Act limit for tritium in drinking water is 20,000 picocuries per liter.

In August 2015, Nye County received a five-year \$1.27 million grant from the Department of Energy (DOE) for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program that covered the cost of the procedure. The grant will be disbursed in increments of \$252,000 on a yearly basis.

Locations of the monitoring wells were chosen based on groundwater flow paths off of the NNSNS, proximity of wells to downgradient communities and recommendations were provided by Community Environmental Monitors, trained local citizens who manage the Community Environmental Monitoring Program stations.

Samples were analyzed through the standard tritium analysis method by Radiation Safety Engineering, Inc. in Chandler, Arizona.

A soluble contaminant that moves with the groundwater at the rate of the groundwater flow, tritium has a 12.2-year lifespan. It's used as the tracer for other contaminants and is relatively



A map of the 10 wells sampled by Nye County officials under the Nye County Tritium Sampling and Monitoring Program in December. Special to the Pahrump Valley Times.

December 29, 2015 - 12:25pm

DOE Awards Nye County Grant for Community-Based Groundwater Monitoring



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Annual Nevada National Security Site Environmental Report (NNSER)



Cathy Wills
National Security Technologies (NSTec), Lead Author
Nevada Site Specific Advisory Board
November 19, 2014

Environmental Management

safety • performance • cleanup • closure

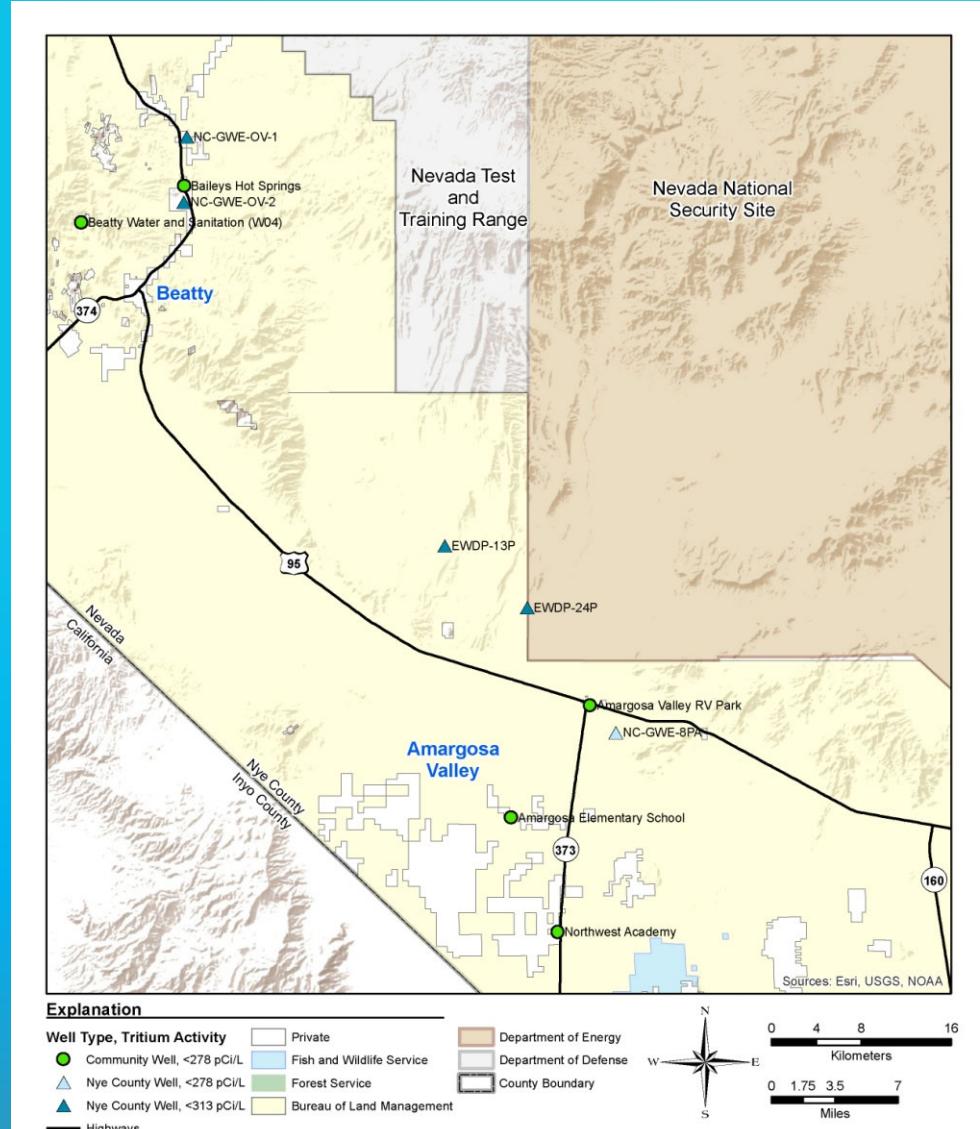
www.em.doe.gov

Additional Sampling Locations

- For discussion at the breakout session:
 - What are the priorities for well sampling locations?
 - Wells used by communities?
 - Wells that provide early detection but may not be portable water sources?
 - What wells or other locations do CEMs consider to be of highest priority?
 - What locations do you feel should be sampled?
 - 2016
 - In future years (2017- 2019)
 - When making your recommendations, please consider:
 - Past sampling results
 - Tritium hits and flow paths
 - Age of water (Tritium half-life = 12.32 yrs – less than 1% in 7 half-lives (86 yrs))
 - Would you like to participate in the water sampling? We welcome any participation!

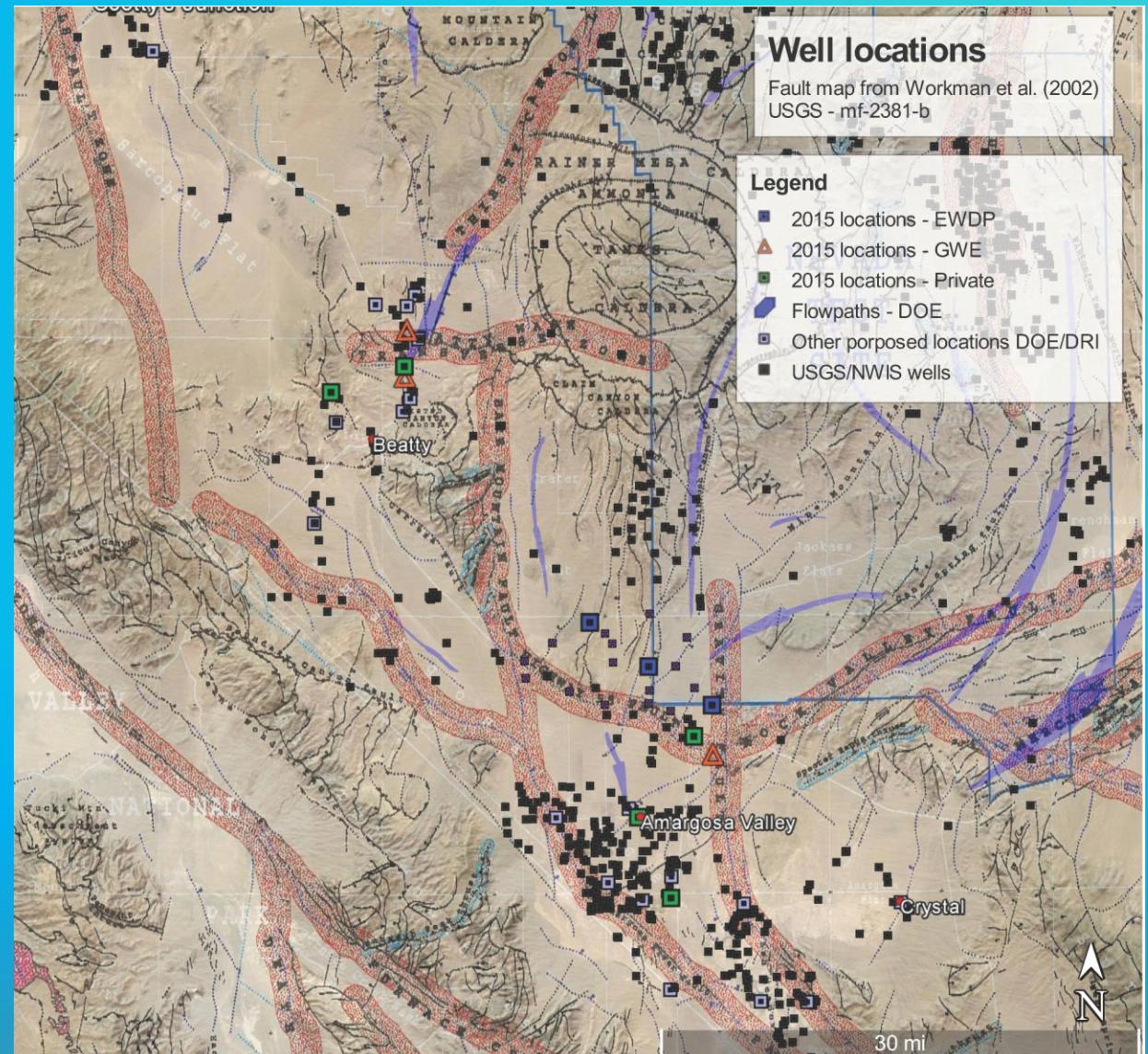
Additional Sampling Locations

- Location of 10 “core wells”
 - We need to select (add) 10 additional wells for the 2016 sampling program
 - What wells or other locations do CEMs consider to be of highest priority?



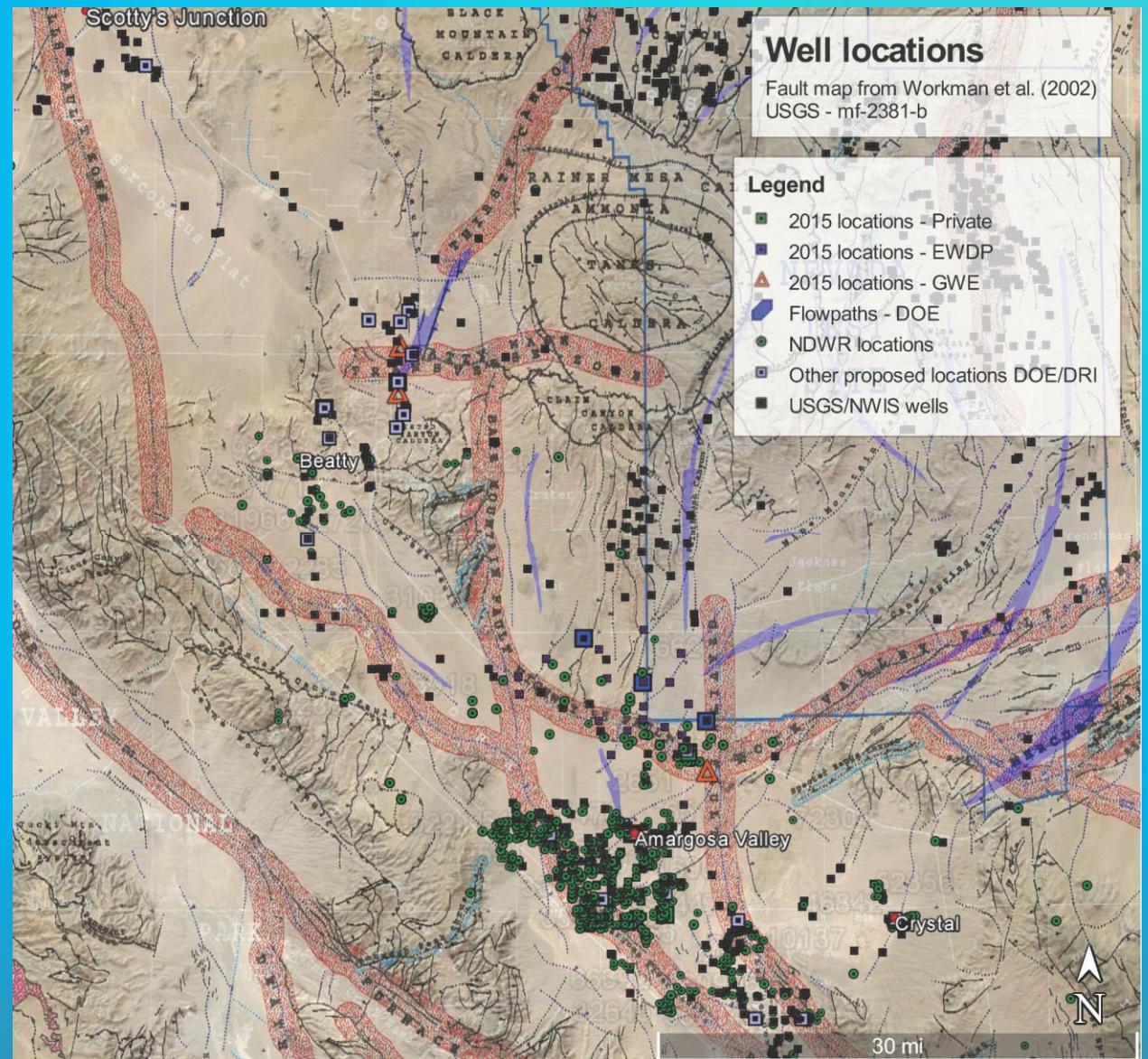
Additional Sampling Locations – cont

- Well locations
 - USGS/NWIS



Additional Sampling Locations - cont

- Well locations
 - USGS/NWIS
 - NDWR



Future Years

- We would like to continue working with the CEMs through face-to-face meetings, community events, and other opportunities to identify locations of interest for sampling
- We need your help to ensure data are collected in the areas of greatest concern for the communities!

Acknowledgement

- Nye County would like to thank the Department of Energy (NNSA/NFO) and the Desert Research Institute for the opportunity to become affiliated with the CEMP

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2018 UPDATE

Nye County Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office
John Klenke
July 25, 2018

MATERIAL IN THE FOLLOWING
PRESENTATION SOLELY
REPRESENTS THE VIEW POINT OF
THE AUTHOR AND DOES NOT
REPRESENT DRI OR DOE.

Overview

- ❑ Background
- ❑ Land Status
- ❑ Population
- ❑ Responsibilities
- ❑ CEMP Stations and Focus Area
- ❑ Locations Sampled by DOE
- ❑ Determining Nye County Sample Locations
- ❑ 2015 – 2017 Sampling Results
- ❑ ER-OV wells
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Quality Assurance
- ❑ Town Board Meetings
- ❑ Possible Sampling Locations for 2018
- ❑ Future Years
- ❑ Acknowledgements

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- Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
 - Drilled and completed approximately 50 wells
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- ❑ Nye County population of 43,946 (2010 census)

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 38,000 people (2012)
- ❑ Estimated 73,000 people by 2060 (at 1.5% growth rate - NCWD)

Amargosa:

- ❑ Approximately 9 miles SW from the border of NNSS
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- ❑ Population of 1,456 (2010 census)

Population - cont

Beatty:

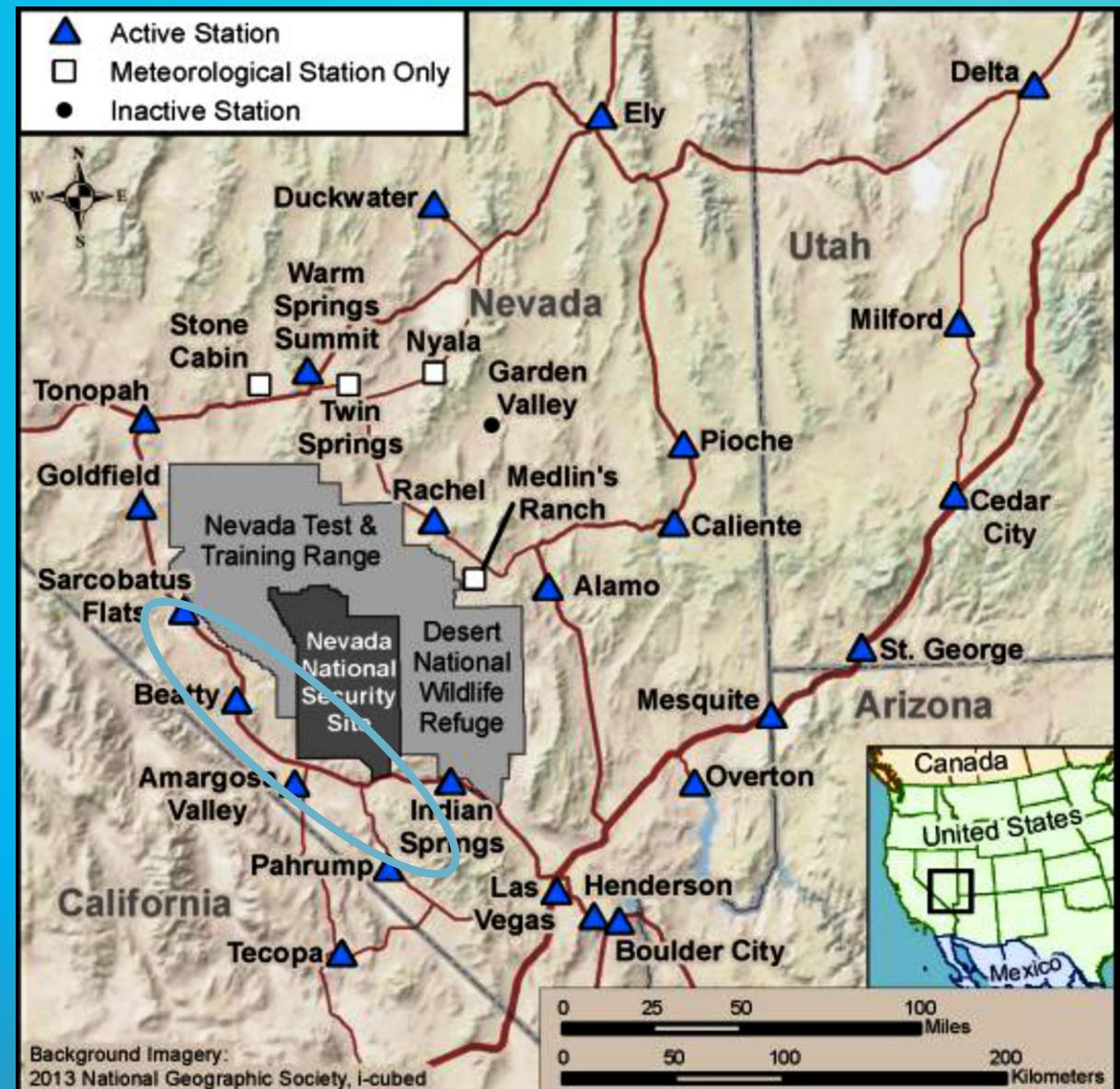
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Responsibilities

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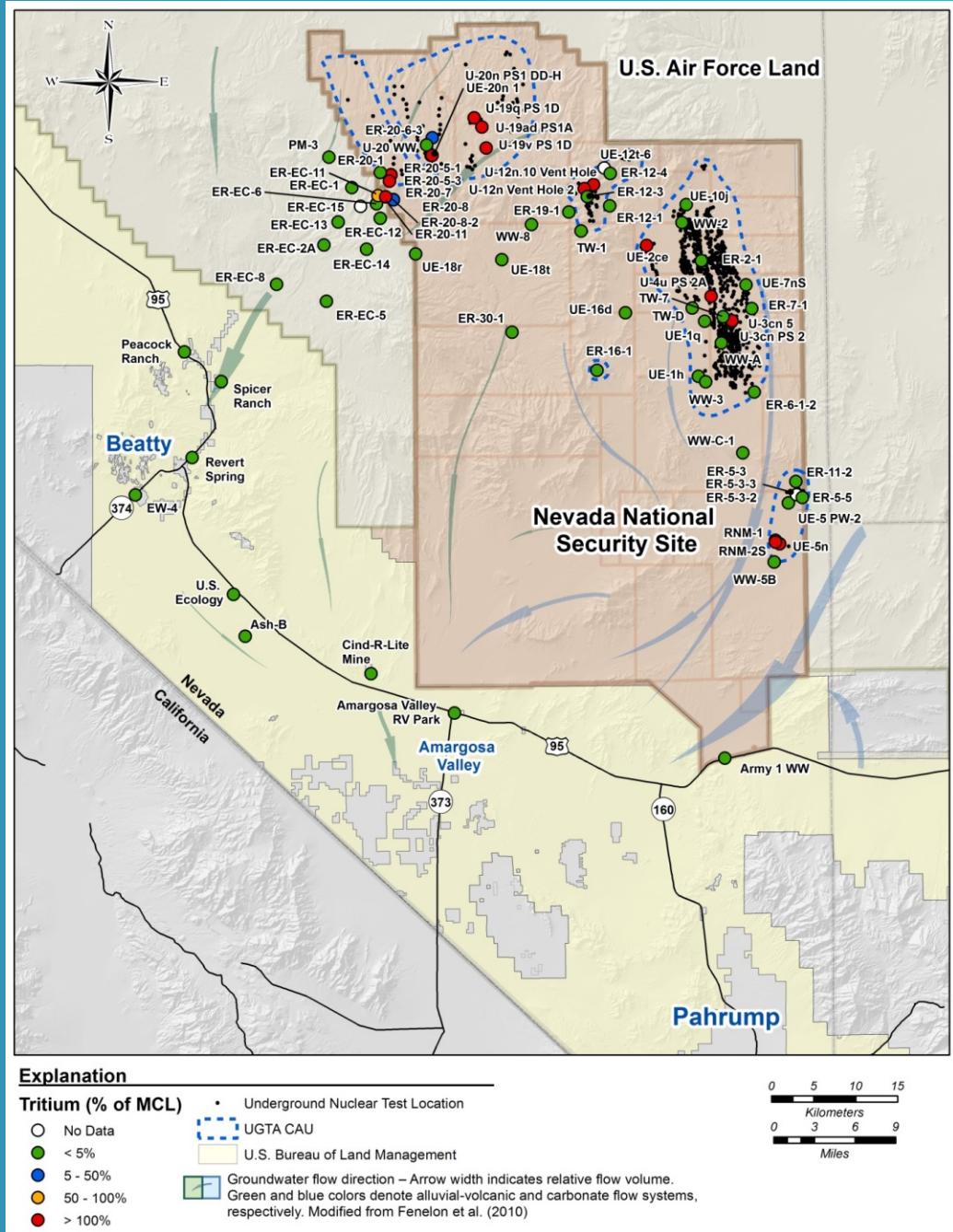
CEMP Stations and Focus Area

- Map at right shows CEMP stations (6/26/18) (www.cemp.dri.edu)
- Regional groundwater flow direction is predominantly north to south
- Downgradient areas outlined in blue
- Note that we are characterizing conditions in offsite areas only



*Image from CEMP website

Locations Sampled By DOE



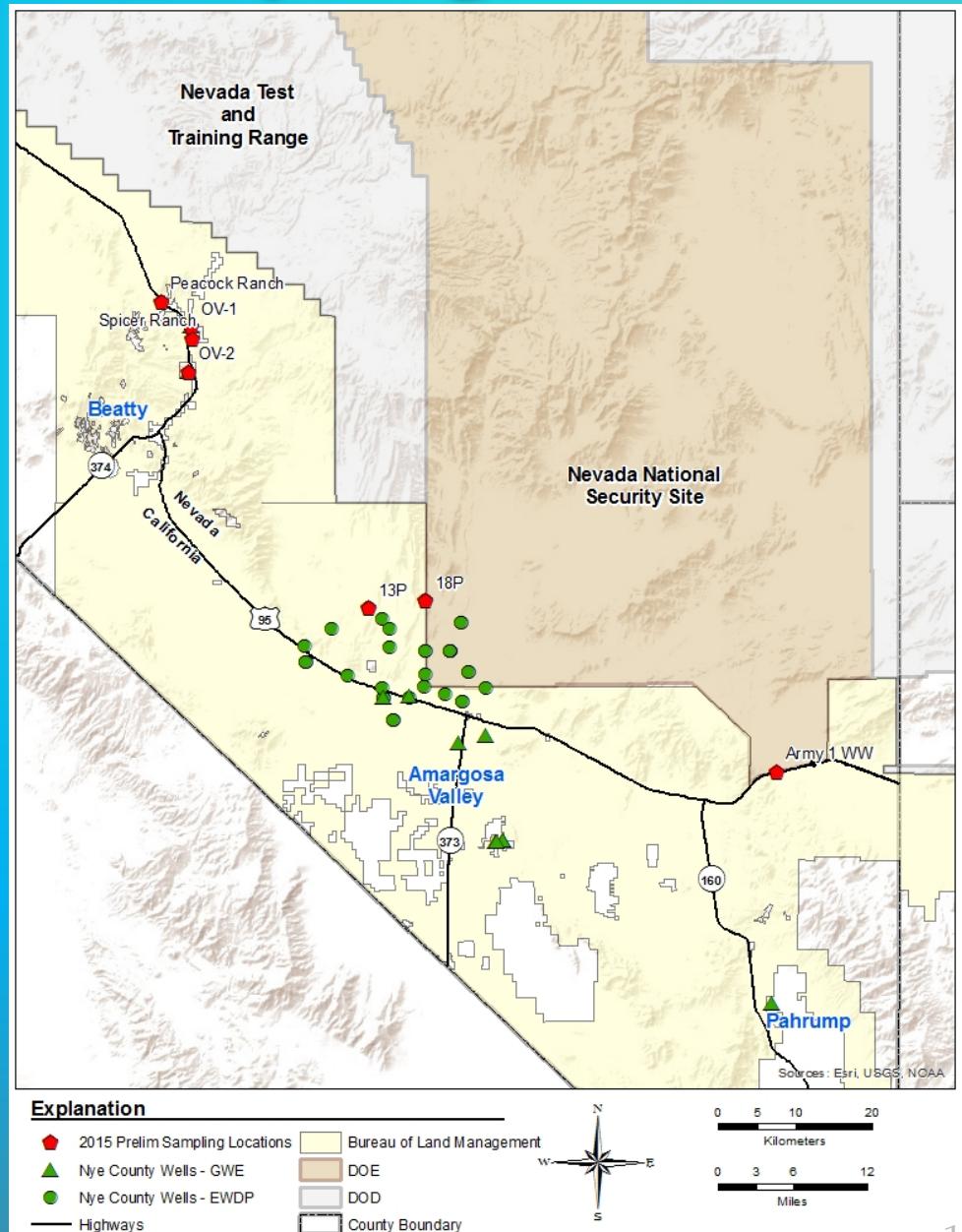
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 - Availability/Access
 - Screened intervals
 - Casing type and diameter
 - Desire to broaden baseline from locations previously sampled, to include some of the wells drilled by Nye County as part of past scientific characterization programs
 - Sampled 10 locations in 2015, and 20 locations in 2016 and 2017

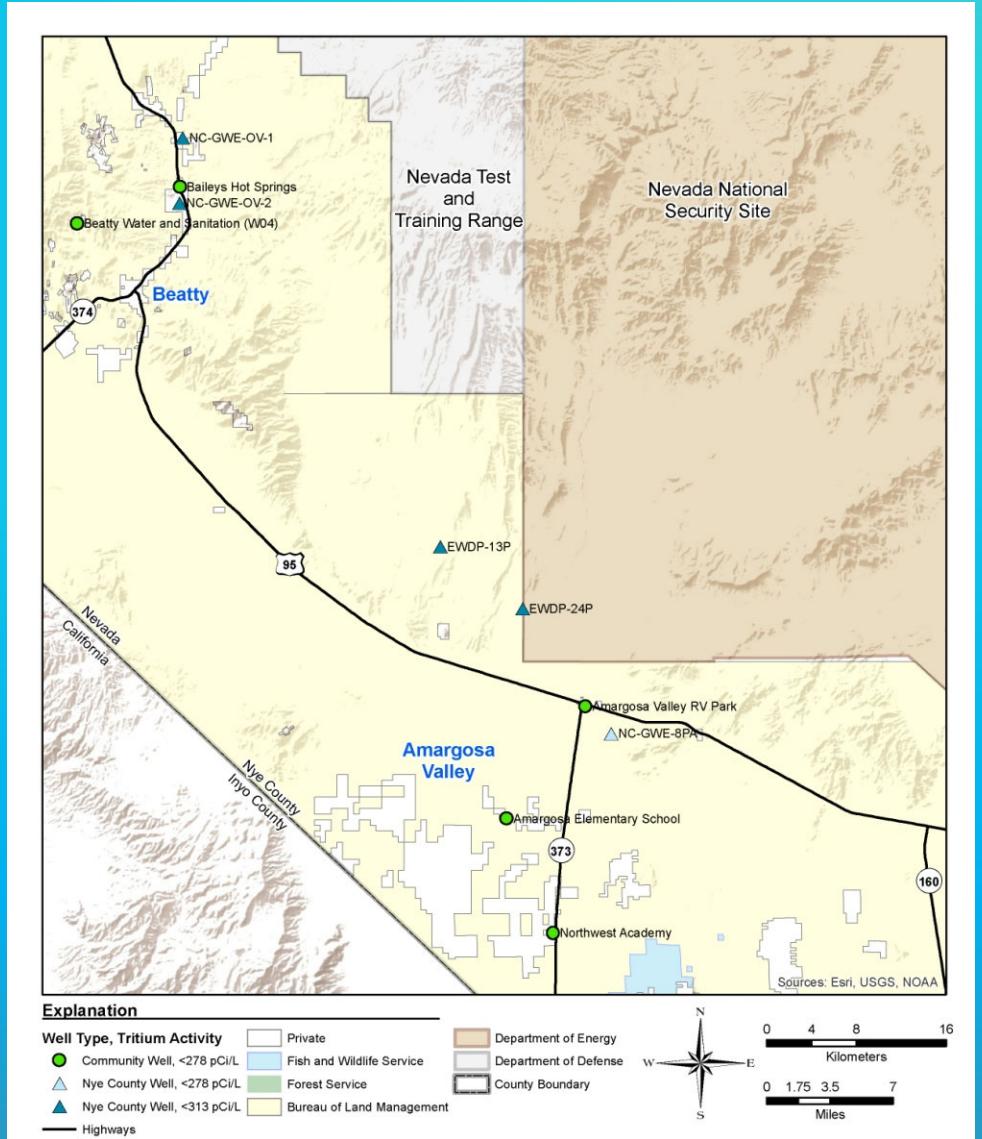
Nye County Identified Sampling Locations 2015 (pre-sampling)

- Nye County considers the following wells to be of high sampling priority:
 - OV-1
 - OV-2
 - Spicer Ranch
 - Peacock Ranch
 - 18P (Replaced by 24P – offsite well)
 - 13P
 - Army 1 WW



2015 Sampling Results

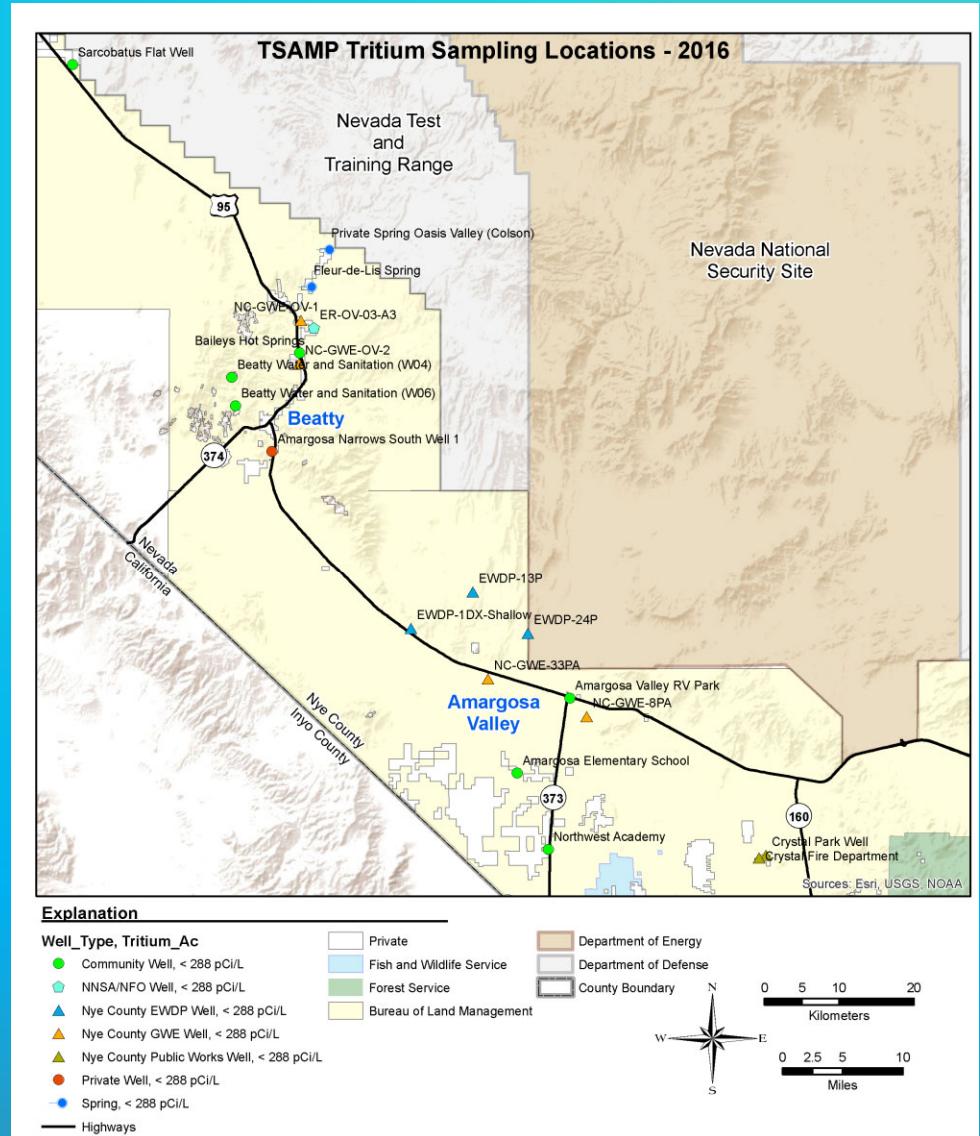
- Established 10 core wells
 - Core wells sampled every year
 - GWE-OV-1
 - GWE-OV-2
 - EWDP-13P
 - EWDP-24P
 - GWE-8PA
 - Amargosa Elementary School
 - Amargosa Valley RV Park
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation (W04)
 - Northwest Academy
 - Baileys Hot Springs
- Test results showed all 10 wells had undetectable levels of tritium in 2015, 2016, and 2017



2016 Sampling Results

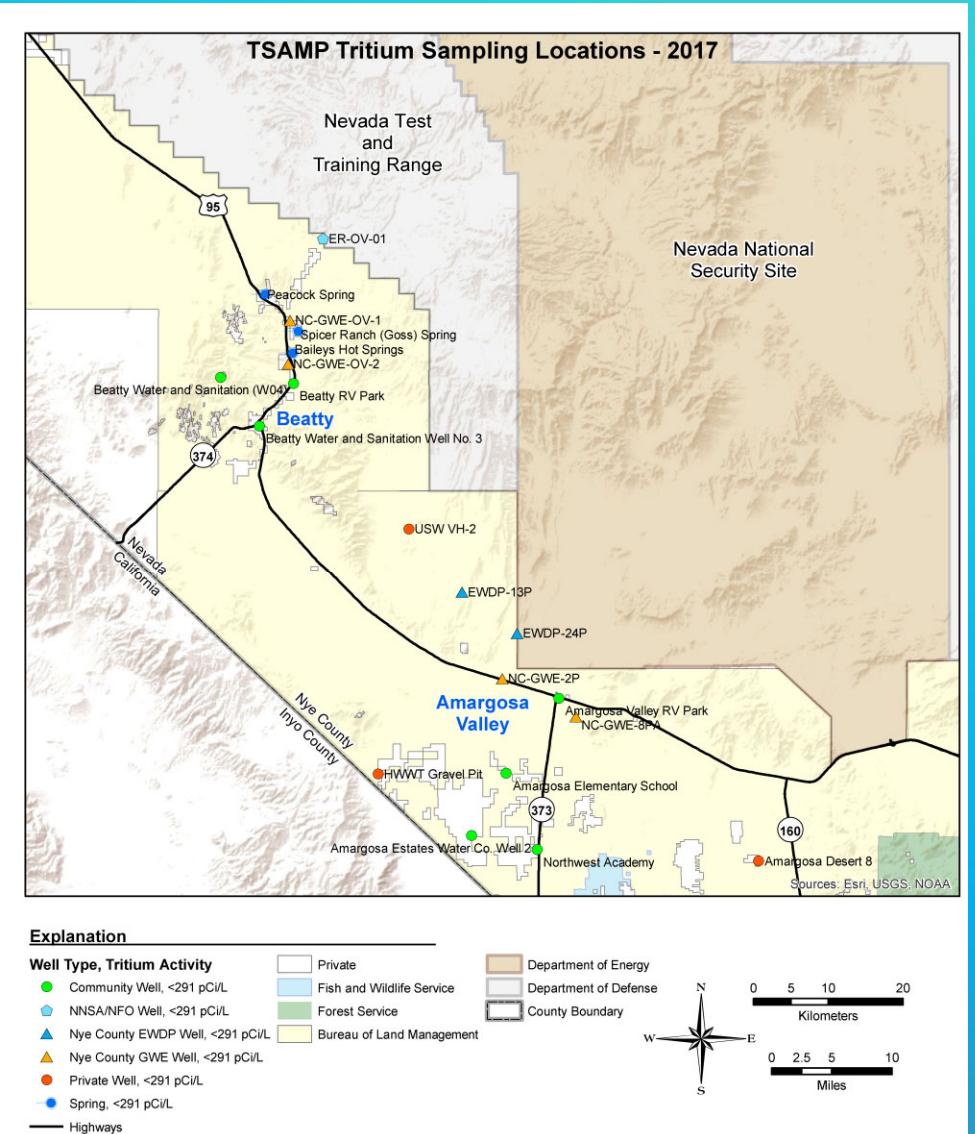
□ 20 sample locations

- 10 core well locations; plus
- NC-GWE-33PA
- EWDP-1DX-Shallow
- Amargosa Narrows South Well 1
- ER-OV-03-A3 (Nye Co. started sampling ER-OV wells in 2016)
- Crystal Park Well
- Crystal Fire Department
- Private Spring Oasis Valley (Colson)
- Sarcobatus Flat Well
- Fleur-de-Lis Spring
- Beatty Water and Sanitation (W06)
- Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium*
 - EPA-approved, unenriched scintillation counting method with MDCs of approximately 300 pCi/L



2017 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - NC-GWE-2P
 - ER-OV-01
 - Beatty RV Park
 - USW VH-2
 - Amargosa Desert 8
 - HWWT Gravel Pit
 - Amargosa Estates Water Co. Well 2
 - Spicer Ranch (Goss) Spring
 - Peacock Spring*
 - BW&S Well No. 3*
- Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

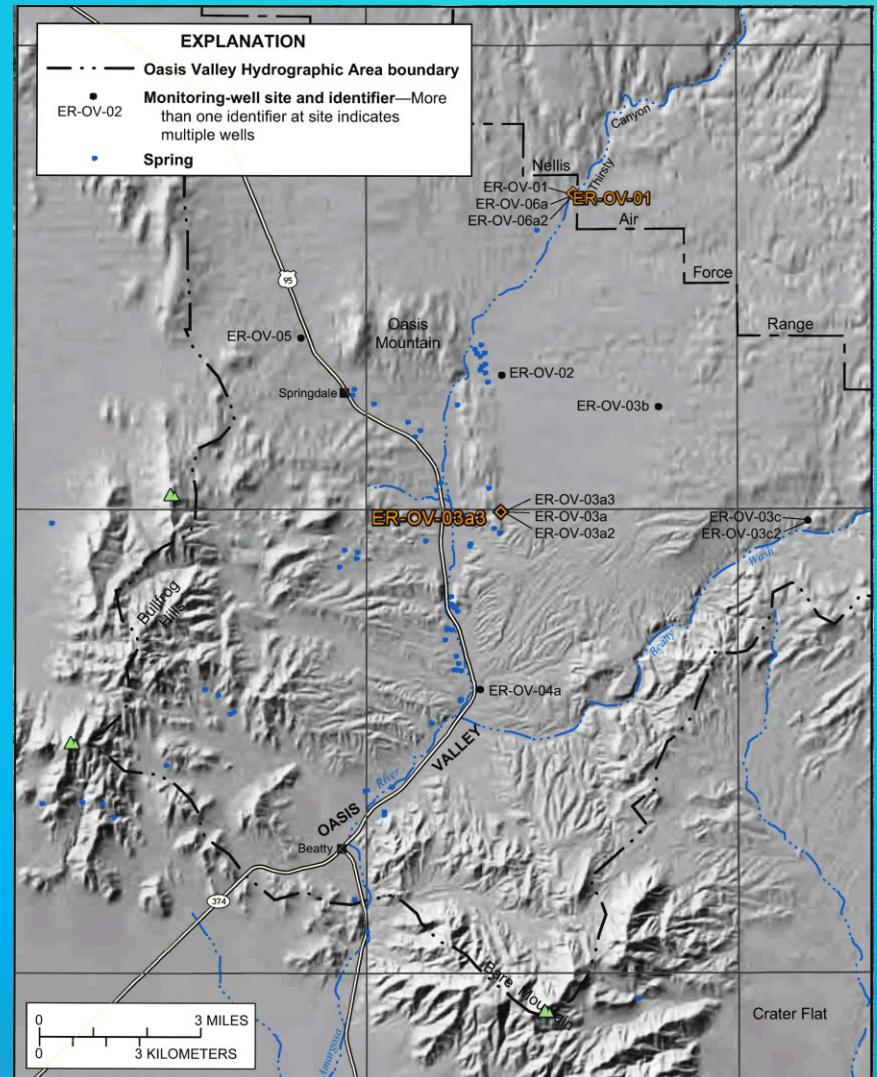


ER-OV Wells

- Sampled ER-OV- 03a3 in 2016
- Sampled ER-OV- 01 in 2017



- Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- Nye County would like to continue sampling one ER-OV well each year



* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

Public Outreach

- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) summarizing results of sampling for 2015, 2016, and 2017
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in NNSER's - 2015, 2016, and 2017*
- Presented poster of 2015 results at the 2016 DOE Groundwater Open House - Amargosa July 29, 2016
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's (Dec 16th 2015)

11:07 am - December 10, 2015: **Nye County tests wells for tritium**

By Daria Sokolova
Pahrump Valley Times

The final stage of groundwater sampling to determine the amount of tritium in Nye County wells around Nevada National Security Site took place Wednesday.

As part of the procedure that was supported by the Department of Energy grant award, Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in the Pahrump and Beatty, the downgradient locations from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing.

The cost of the endeavor, which was preceded by a score of preparations, came to \$50,000. After Nye County accepted a five-year \$1.7 million grant from the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program in August, officials said it will be disbursed in increments of \$225,000 on a yearly basis.

"So when you are looking for evidence of transport of contaminants, tritium will be the first one to show up and you will see it first," said Jamie Walker, Nye County contract geologist. "It's relatively easy to analyze. It's not complicated and it's referred to as the ultimate tracer."

A soluble contaminant moves in groundwater at the rate of the groundwater flow, tritium has a 12.2 year lifespan. Its maximum contamination level for drinking water set by the EPA is 20,000 picocuries.

Nye County officials said they will supply the collected information to the Community Environmental Monitoring Program (CEMP) that previously looked at atmospheric counters and groundwater around the Nevada National Security Site but has been shifting its focus to downgradient portions of the water.

A day-long tour attracted a group of local officials and community stakeholders who observed

7:03 am - April 29, 2016 — updated 7:13 am - April 29, 2016: **Nye County wells have 'undetectable' levels of tritium**

By Daria Sokolova
Pahrump Valley Times

The ten wells sampled by Nye County officials under the Nye County Tritium Sampling and Monitoring Program in December showed "undetectable" levels of tritium, according to the recent lab results.

Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in Amargosa Valley and Pahrump to determine the amount of tritium in Nye County wells around Nevada National Security Site. Daria Sokolova/Pahrump Valley Times

"The test results showed all ten TSAMP wells had undetectable levels of tritium, which is relatively gaseous," said John Kierne.

All sampled wells had the detection limits of 275 or 313 picocuries per liter, set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Water Drinking Act limit for tritium in drinking water is 20,000 picocuries per liter.

In August 2015, Nye County received a five-year \$1.27 million grant from the Department of Energy (DOE) for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program that covered the cost of the procedure. The grant will be disbursed in increments of \$225,000 on a yearly basis.

Locations of the monitoring wells were chosen based on groundwater flow paths off of the NNSSS, proximity of wells to downgradient communities and recommendations were provided by Community Environmental Monitoring Program station.

Samples were analyzed through the standard tritium analysis method by Radiation Safety Engineering, Inc. in Chandler, Arizona.

A soluble contaminant that moves with the groundwater at the rate of the groundwater flow, tritium has a 12.2 year lifespan. It's used as the tracer for other contaminants and is relatively

Three years of sampling show tritium remains undetectable in Nye water

Special to the Pahrump Valley Times The map shown was provided by Nye County and shows the locations of the tritium sampling done in October and November 2015. All test results came back showing undetectable levels of tritium.

By Robin Hebrok Pahrump Valley Times

The Nevada National Security Site, formerly known as the Nevada Test Site, was the home of numerous nuclear experiments and while these may have provided a level of readiness for the country in terms of national security, they also left a legacy of contamination.

Safety concerns are generally foremost in the minds of those discussing the NNSSS and for many, water is of the highest priority. For this reason several entities, including Nye County, operate programs specific to ensuring the safety of the public. Tritium is used in weapons development and does not reach the public's drinking water.

DOE Awards Nye County Grant for Community-Based Groundwater Monitoring

December 28, 2015 - 12:25pm

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* Report in progress

Quality Assurance

- Nye County coordinates sampling efforts through Quality Assurance Officer (QAO)
- Nye County conducts annual internal audits to insure integrity of TSaMP data
 - Audit conducted by qualified professional (QAO)
 - Field surveillances
 - Office surveillances
 - Reports submitted to NWRPO
- Since 2016, Nye County has been hosting preliminary reconnaissance fieldtrips with the DOE EM Nevada Program to insure maximum benefits will be gained from site selections



2017 Town Board Meetings

- ❑ New effort in 2017
- ❑ TSaMP presentations were given at Beatty Town Board meeting 9/25/17, and Amargosa Town Board meeting 9/27/17
- ❑ Resulted in three new sampling locations for 2017, and several potential new sites for future years.

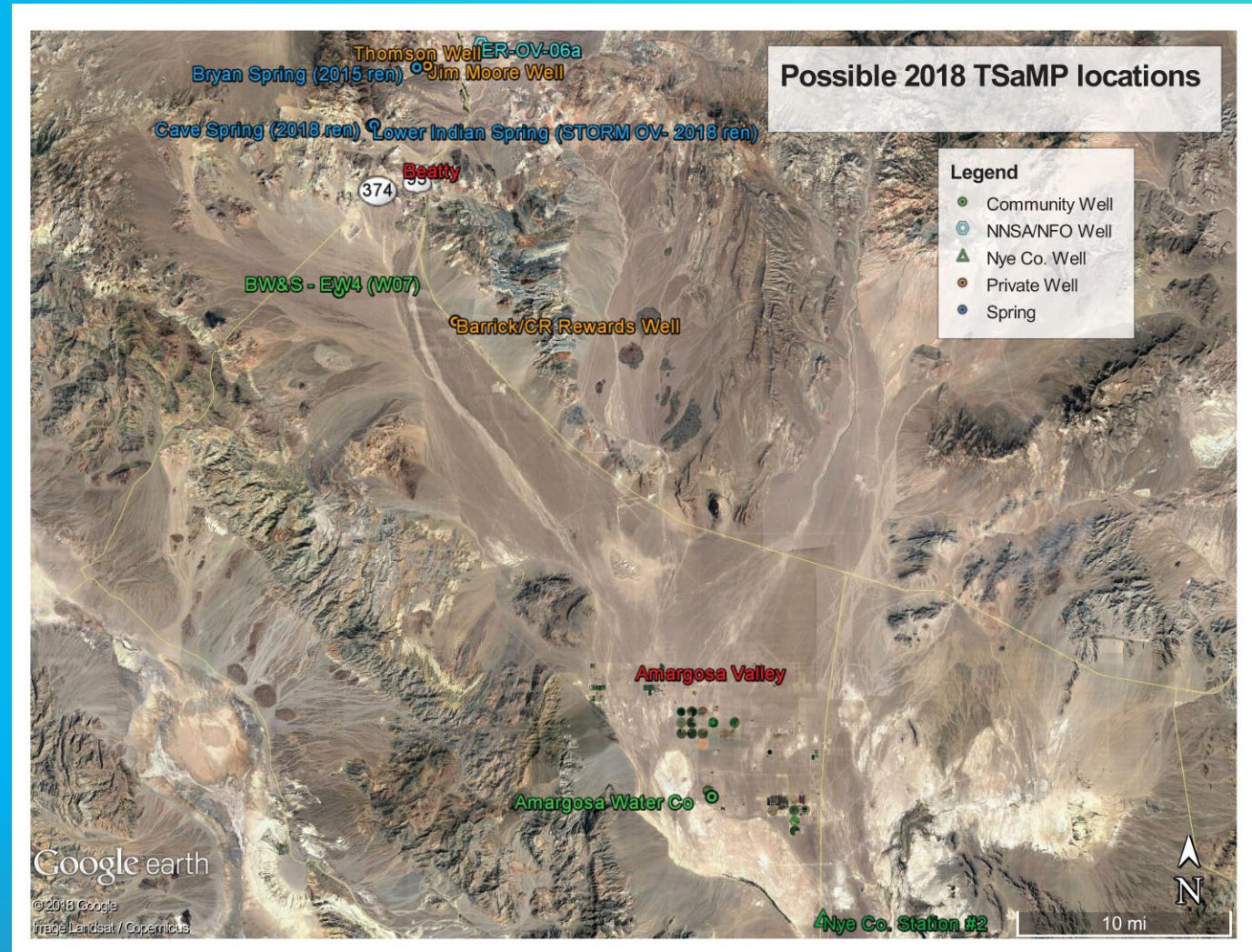


Additional Sampling Locations

- For discussion at the breakout session:
 - What are the priorities for well sampling locations?
 - Wells used by communities?
 - Wells that provide early detection but may not be portable water sources?
 - What wells or other locations do CEMs consider to be of highest priority?
 - What locations do you feel should be sampled?
 - 2018
 - In future years (2019)
 - When making your recommendations, please consider:
 - Past sampling results
 - Tritium hits and flow paths
 - Age of water (Tritium half-life = 12.32 yrs – less than 1% in 7 half-lives (86 yrs))
 - Would you like to participate in the water sampling?
We welcome any participation!

Possible Sampling Locations for 2018

- Ten possible sampling locations to consider for 2018 and/or future years
- What wells or other locations do CEM's consider to be of highest priority?



Future Years

- ❑ Nye County is currently in the process of applying for a 2-year no cost grant extension (Aug 2020 → Aug 2022)
- ❑ We would like to continue working with the CEMs through face-to-face meetings, community events, and other opportunities to identify locations of interest for sampling
- ❑ We need your help to ensure data are collected in the areas of greatest concern for the communities!

Acknowledgements

- Nye County would like to thank the Department of Energy (NNSA/NFO) and the Desert Research Institute for the opportunity to be affiliated with the CEMP

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2019 UPDATE

Nye County Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office
John Klenke
July 26, 2019

MATERIAL IN THE FOLLOWING
PRESENTATION SOLELY
REPRESENTS THE VIEW POINT OF
THE AUTHOR AND DOES NOT
REPRESENT DRI OR DOE.

Overview

- ❑ Background
- ❑ Land Status
- ❑ Population
- ❑ Responsibilities
- ❑ CEMP Stations and Focus Area
- ❑ Locations Sampled by DOE
- ❑ Determining Nye County Sample Locations
- ❑ 2015 – 2018 Sampling Results
- ❑ ER-OV wells
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Quality Assurance
- ❑ Town Board Meetings
- ❑ Possible Sampling Locations for 2019
- ❑ Future Years
- ❑ Acknowledgements

Background – Why Are We Here?

- Nye County has the duty to protect the health and safety of citizens
- Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
 - Drilled and completed approximately 50 wells
 - Conducted numerous aquifer and tracer tests, geophysical surveys, water level measurements, and other specialized testing
 - Data provided to Department of Energy (DOE) for use in their repository characterization and safety analyses
- Tritium from former weapons tests has been observed moving, while still on government lands, offsite ; we conduct expanded monitoring activities to supplement continued DRI monitoring at communities in the down-gradient areas
- Entered into a five-year* grant with DOE to conduct water sampling and analysis at locations downgradient from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing

* 2-year no cost extension approved by DOE (to 8/16/2022)

Land Status

- ❑ Nye County encompasses 18,199 mi²
 - Largest county (by area) in the state, and the third-largest in contiguous US.
- ❑ Approximately 98% of land in Nye County is federally controlled
 - Bureau of Land Management
 - US Forest Service
 - Department of Defense
 - Department of Energy
- ❑ Nevada National Security Site (NNSS; formerly the Nevada Test Site) is entirely within Nye County; part of the Nevada Test and Training Range (NTTR) lies within Nye County
- ❑ Nye County population of 44,202 (2017 - U.S. Census Bureau)

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 38,000 people (2012)
- ❑ Estimated 73,000 people by 2060 (at 1.5% growth rate - NCWD)

Amargosa:

- ❑ Approximately 9 miles SW from the border of NNSS
- ❑ 50 mile south (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Population of 1,456 (2010 census)

Population - cont

Beatty:

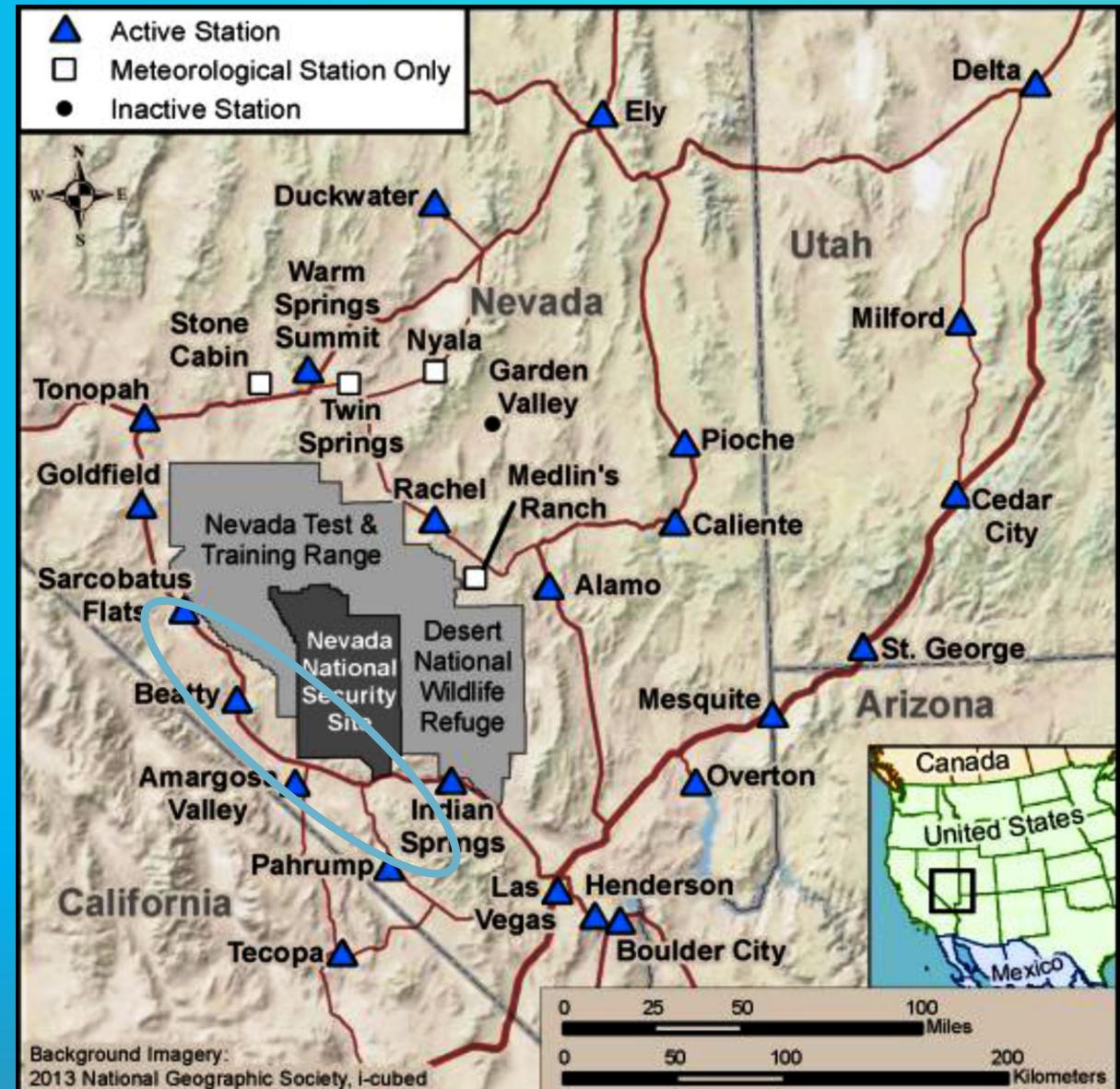
- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of ER-EC-11
 - Offsite well located on the Nevada Test and Training Range
 - Tritium detected 2009
 - 12,000 picocuries per liter (60% of EPA standard)
- ❑ Population of 1,010 people (2010 census)

Responsibilities

- Nye County is responsible for:
 - Identification of sampling locations (will consider input from the Community Environmental Monitors [CEMs])
 - Developing sampling plans and procedures – ensures systematic, consistent sampling methodology
 - Collection of water samples
 - Obtaining tritium analysis through **independent laboratories** certified by the State of Nevada
 - Checking the data to ensure quality
 - Providing sampling methodology, data, and quality check results to DOE for inclusion in the Annual NNSS Site Environmental Report
- Fact sheets, brochures or handouts
- Local government awareness
- Public meetings and community events
- Engage the CEMs to ensure public's perspective is represented
- Data dissemination options include publication on the Nye County website (www.nyecounty.com) and/or continued publication on DRI's CEMP website (www.cemp.dri.edu)

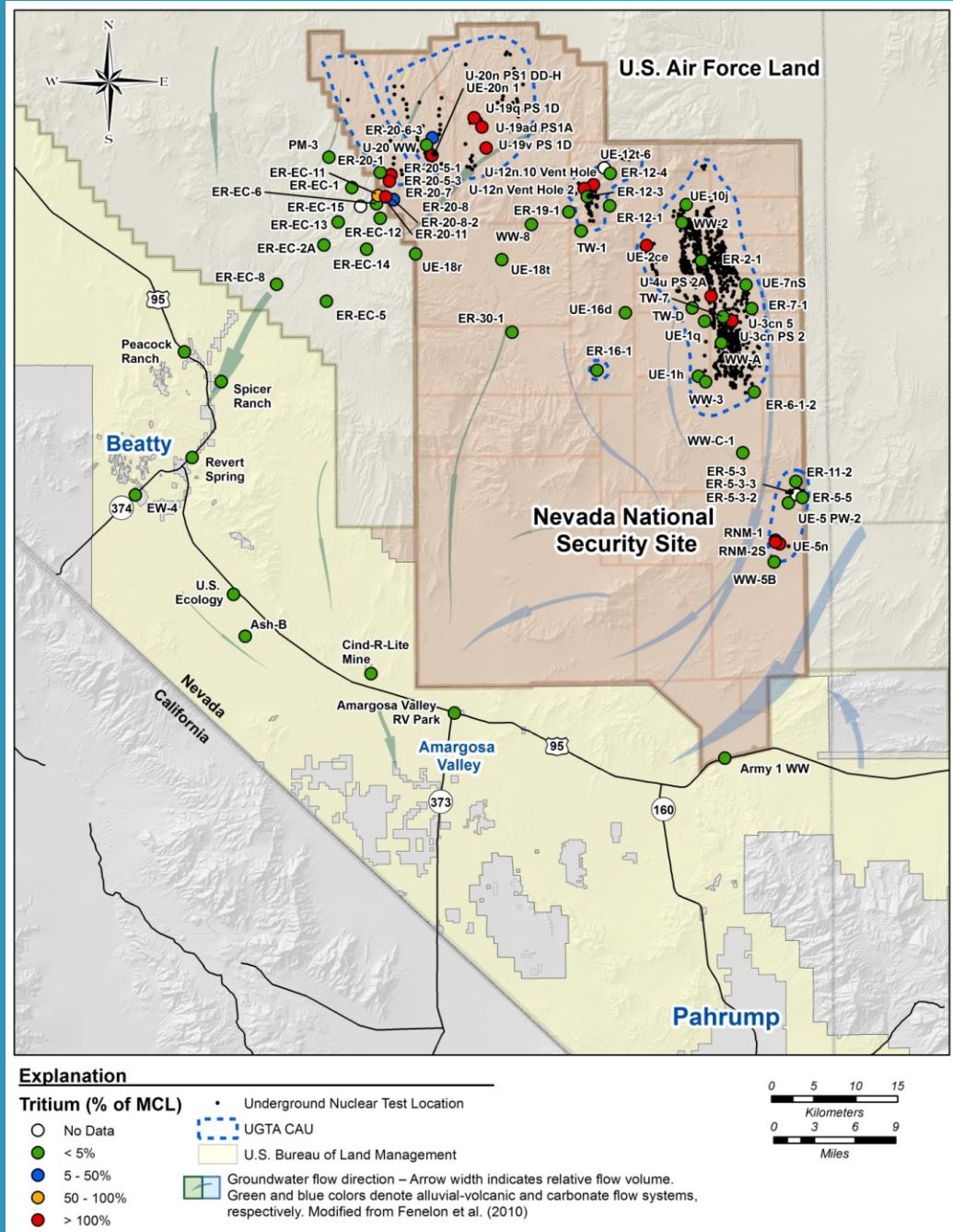
CEMP Stations and Focus Area

- Map at right shows CEMP stations (6/26/18) (www.cemp.dri.edu)
- Regional groundwater flow direction is predominantly north to south
- Downgradient areas outlined in blue
- Note that we are characterizing conditions in offsite areas only



*Image from CEMP website

Locations Sampled By DOE



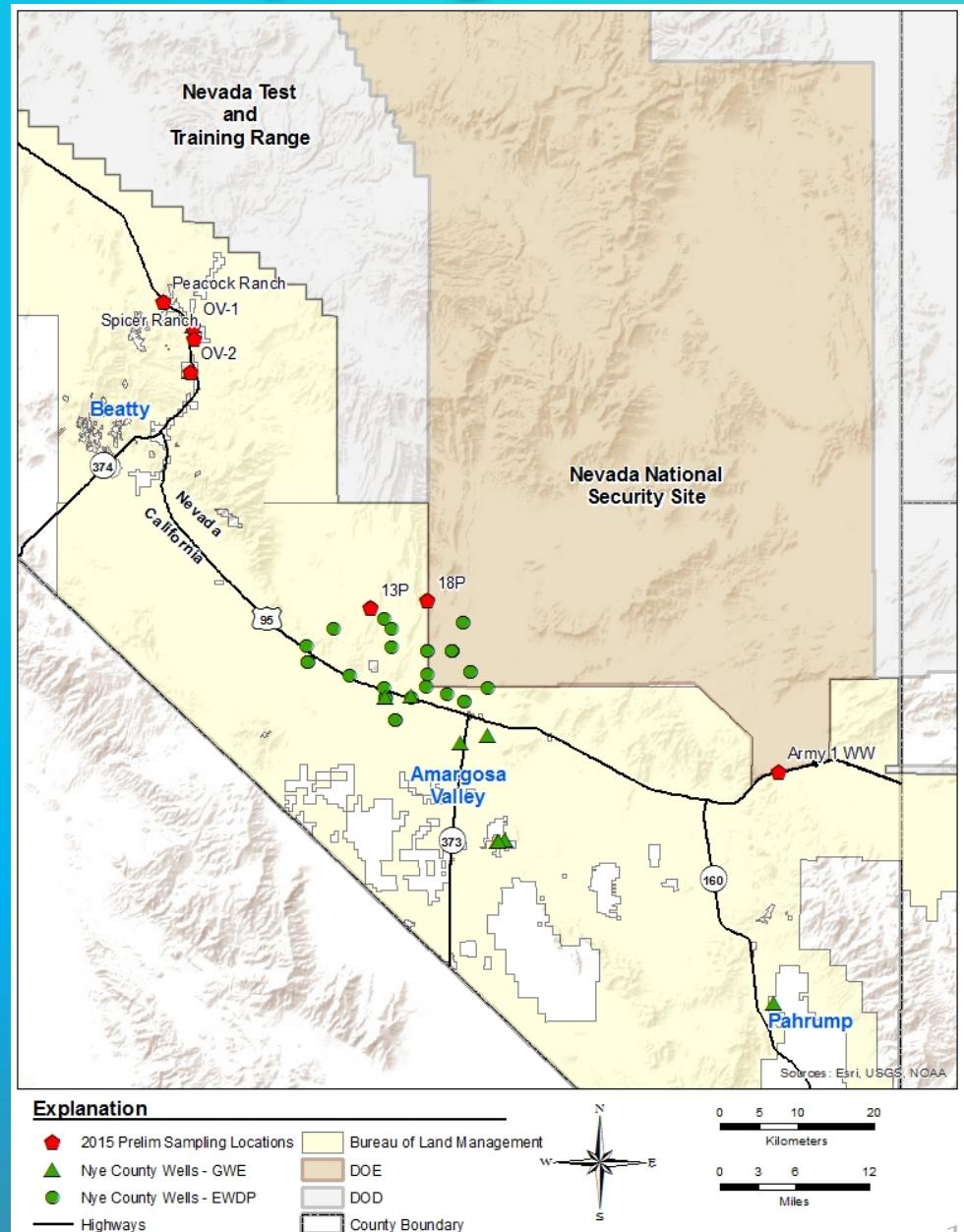
- Map shows sampled sites under the NNSS Integrated Groundwater Monitoring Program on and off the NNSS and NTTR
- Tritium results are represented as a percentage of the Maximum Contaminant Level (20,000 pCi/l, as defined by the US Environmental Protection Agency)
- Note localized variations in the groundwater flow directions
- Focus area for this study is primarily south and southwest of the NNSS and NTTR

Determining Nye County Sample Locations

- Data from the CEMP water sampling program will allow us to learn more about:
 - Quality of waters (tritium) adjacent to and downgradient from the NNSS and NTTR
 - Changes in water quality with time (tritium)
- Initial screening of candidate sites was based on the following criteria:
 - Proximity to population centers
 - Groundwater gradient (flow directions)
 - Geology/Hydrology
 - Faults
 - Rock/Soil types
 - Use results from above sources to locate candidate wells and springs
 - Availability/Access
 - Screened intervals
 - Casing type and diameter
 - Desire to broaden baseline from locations previously sampled, to include some of the wells drilled by Nye County as part of past scientific characterization programs
 - Sampled 10 locations in 2015, and 20 locations in 2016, 2017, and 2018

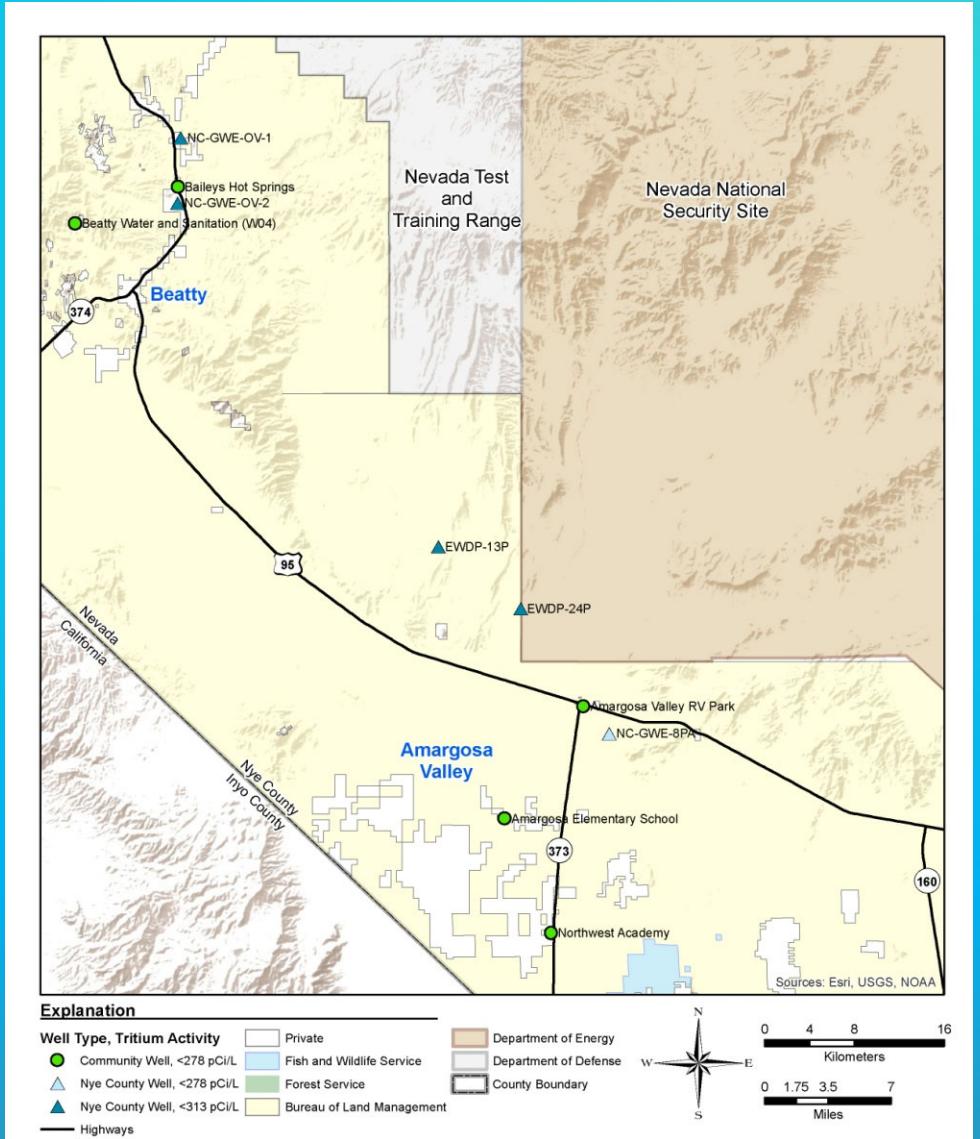
Nye County Identified Sampling Locations 2015 (pre-sampling)

- Nye County considers the following wells to be of high sampling priority:
 - OV-1
 - OV-2
 - Spicer Ranch
 - Peacock Ranch
 - 18P (Replaced by 24P – offsite well)
 - 13P
 - Army 1 WW



2015 Sampling Results

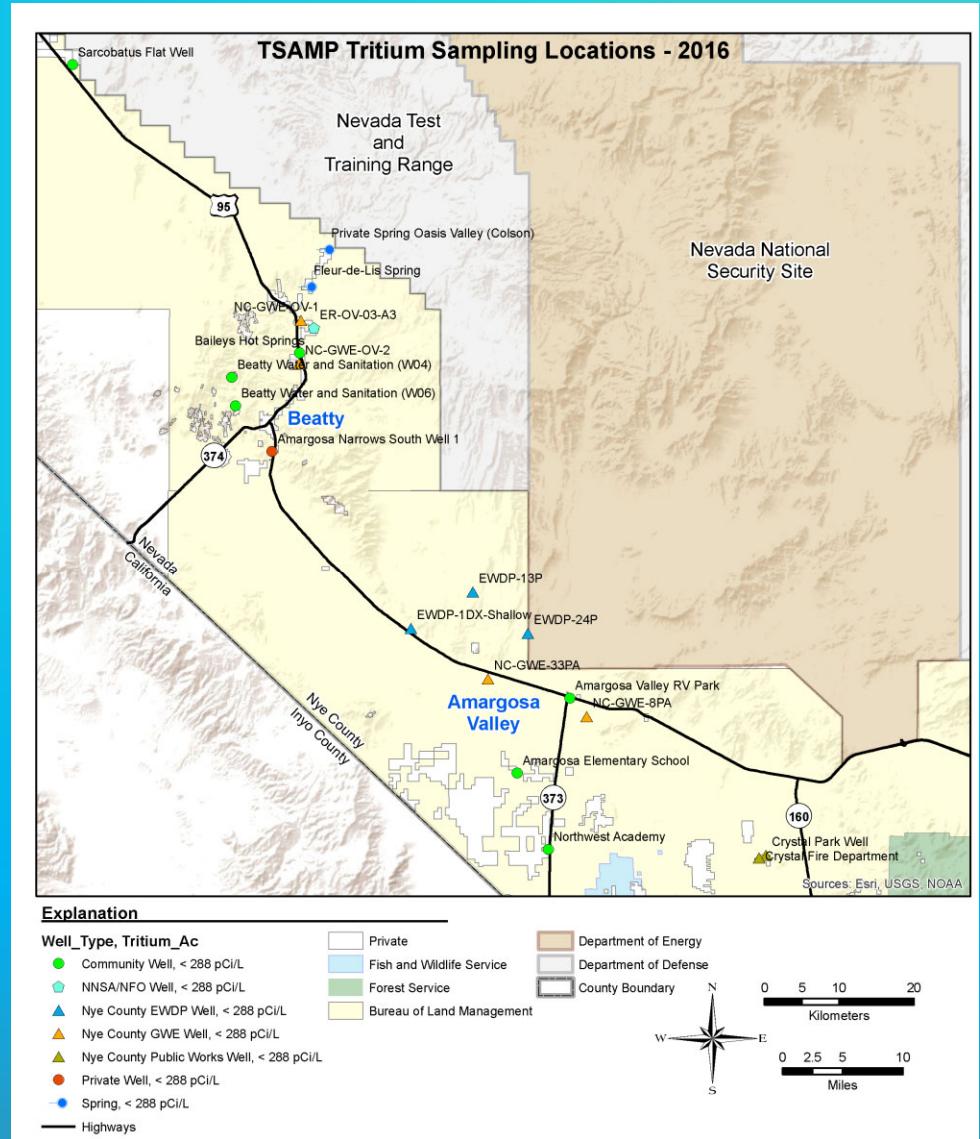
- Established 10 core wells
 - Core wells sampled every year
 - GWE-OV-1
 - GWE-OV-2
 - EWDP-13P
 - EWDP-24P
 - GWE-8PA
 - Amargosa Elementary School
 - Amargosa Valley RV Park
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation (W04)
 - Northwest Academy
 - Baileys Hot Springs
- Test results showed all 10 wells had undetectable levels of tritium in 2015, 2016, and 2017



2016 Sampling Results

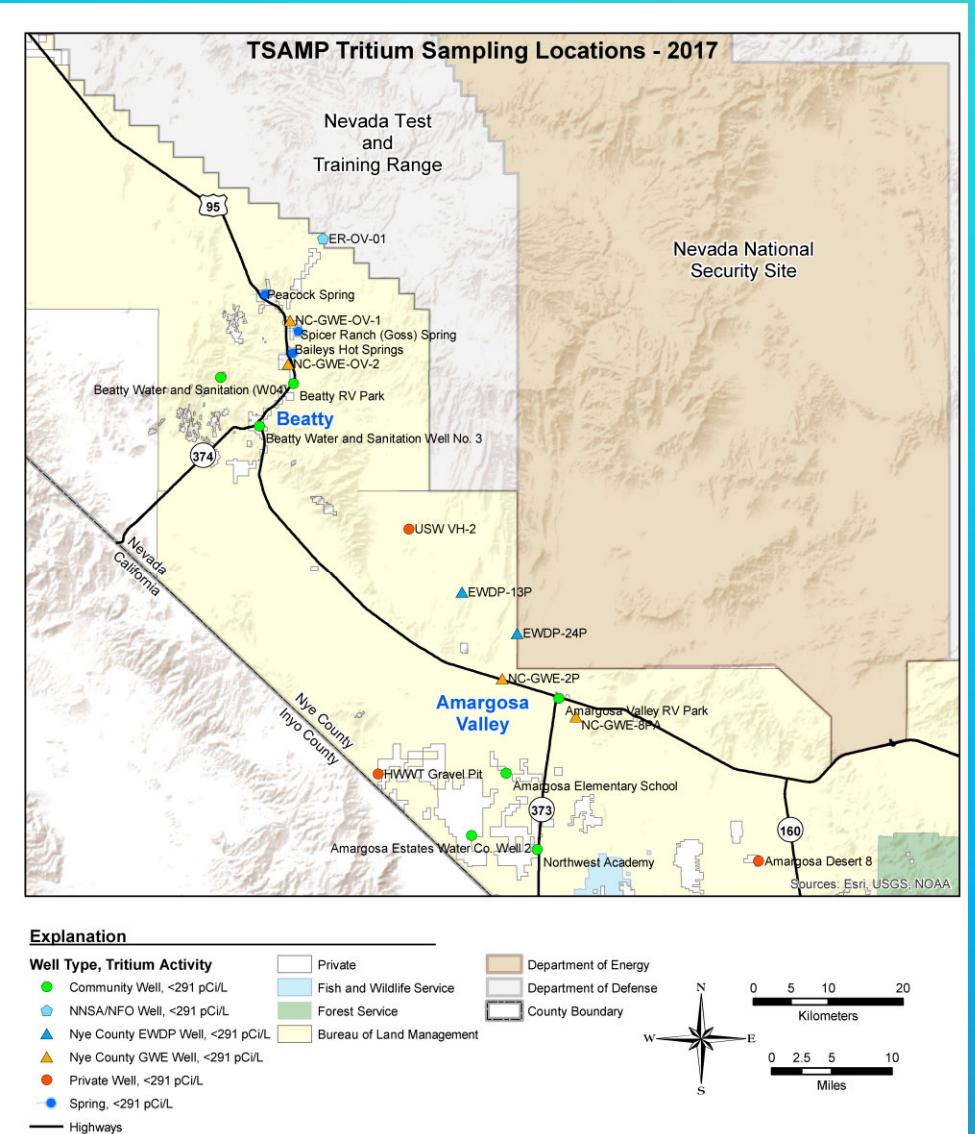
■ 20 sample locations

- 10 core well locations; plus
- NC-GWE-33PA
- EWDP-1DX-Shallow
- Amargosa Narrows South Well 1
- ER-OV-03-A3 (Nye Co. started sampling ER-OV wells in 2016)
- Crystal Park Well
- Crystal Fire Department
- Private Spring Oasis Valley (Colson)
- Sarcobatus Flat Well
- Fleur-de-Lis Spring
- Beatty Water and Sanitation (W06)
- Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium
 - EPA-approved, unenriched scintillation counting method with MDCs of approximately 300 pCi/L



2017 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - NC-GWE-2P
 - ER-OV-01
 - Beatty RV Park
 - USW VH-2
 - Amargosa Desert 8
 - HWWT Gravel Pit
 - Amargosa Estates Water Co. Well 2
 - Spicer Ranch (Goss) Spring
 - Peacock Spring*
 - BW&S Well No. 3*
- Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium



2018 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Estates Water Co. Well 1
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-01 *
 - Bryan Spring
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well EW4
 - Crystal Private Well-01 *
 - ER-OV-03b
 - ER-OV-06a
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-02-wellhead*
 - Lower Indian Spring
 - Nye Co. Station #2
 - * private well sample – new for 2018 with sequential number assigned for each area (Beatty, Amargosa, and Crystal)
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

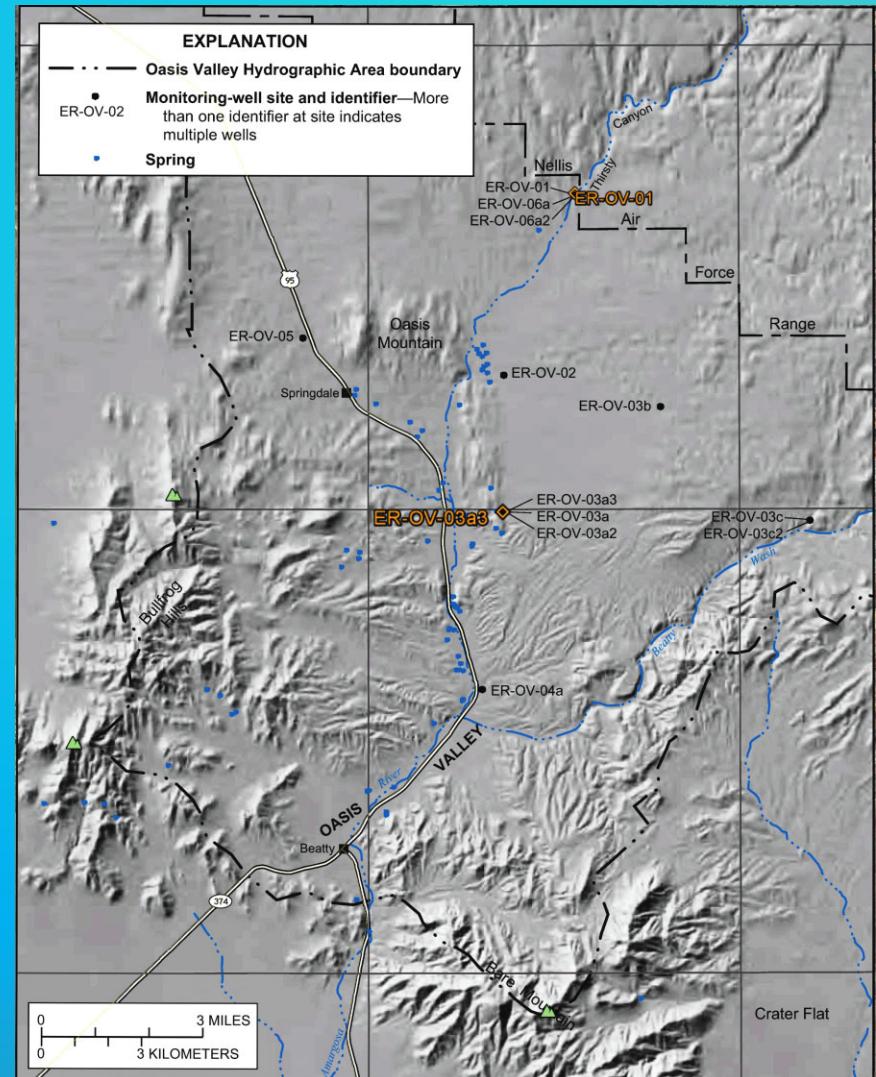


ER-OV Wells

- Sampled ER-OV- 03a3 in 2016
- Sampled ER-OV- 01 in 2017
- Sampled ER-OV- 03b and ER-OV-06a in 2018



- Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- Nye County will continue sampling one ER-OV well each year



* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

Public Outreach

- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) summarizing results of sampling for 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018*
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in NSSER's - 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018*
- Presented poster of 2015 results at the 2016 DOE Groundwater Open House - Amargosa July 29, 2016
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's (Dec 16th 2015)

*Pending as of 6/27/19

* Report in progress

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By Daria Sokolova
Pahrump Valley Times

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"So when you are looking for evidence of transport of contaminants, tritium will be the first one to show up and you will see it first," said Jamie Walker, Nye County contract geologist. "It's relatively easy to analyze for, it's not complicated and it's referred to as the tracer tracer."

A soluble contaminant moves in groundwater at the rate of the groundwater flow, tritium has a 12.2-year lifespan. Its maximum contamination level for drinking water set by the EPA is 20,000 picocuries per liter, officials said.

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A day-long tour attracted a group of local officials and community stakeholders who observed



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Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in Amargosa Valley and Beatty to determine the amount of tritium in Nye County wells around Nevada National Security Site. Daria Sokolova/Pahrump Valley Times

The test results showed all ten TSAMP wells had undetectable levels of tritium, according to a news release from Nye County officials.

All sampled wells had the detection limits of 278 or 313 picocuries per liter, according to the Nevada Safe Water Drinking Act limit for tritium in drinking water is 20,000 picocuries per liter.

In August 2015, Nye County received a five-year \$1.27 million grant from the Department of Energy (DOE) for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program that covered the cost of the procedure. The grant will be disbursed in increments of \$225,000 on a yearly basis.

Locations of the monitoring wells were chosen based on groundwater flow paths off of the NNSS, proximity of wells to downgradient communities and recommendations were provided by Community Environmental Monitoring Program station.

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DOE Awards Nye County Grant for Community-Based Groundwater Monitoring

December 29, 2015 - 12:25pm

Tea participants are briefed on the Nye County Community-Based Groundwater Monitoring Program before observing sampling at the Amargosa Valley IV Park.

RELATED ARTICLES

- U.S. Department of Energy Groundwater Open House, Nye
- Amber, Nevada Residents Electably EMTEC on the Board
- Nevada Groundwater 2015

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Annual Nevada National Security Site Environmental Report (NSSER)

Cathy Wills
National Security Technologies (NSTec), Lead Author
November 19, 2014

Environmental Management

safety • performance • cleanup • closure

www.em.doe.gov



Quality Assurance

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 - Field surveillances
 - Office surveillances
 - Reports submitted to NWRPO
- Since 2016, Nye County has been hosting preliminary reconnaissance fieldtrips with the DOE EM Nevada Program to insure maximum benefits will be gained from site selections



Quality Assurance- cont

- ❑ Navarro conducted independent assessment of TSaMP (11/5/18 - 12/12/18)
- ❑ Four Observations Identified
 - Upper level documents and procedures outdated
 - Lines of communication between participants is not fully documented
 - “Checked By/Date” on Chain of Custody forms not completed.
 - Groundwater Chemistry and Analysis sheet describes using charge balance as part of validation process.
- ❑ Nye County is currently in the process of updating QA documentation (WP-11, TPN 11.8, TP-11.2, and HASP) and forms.



Town Board Meetings

- TSaMP presentations were given at Beatty Town Board meeting 9/25/17, and Amargosa Town Board meeting 9/27/17
- Resulted in three new sampling locations for 2017, and several potential new sites for future years.
- Nye County would like to present again at both Town Board meetings in September of 2019

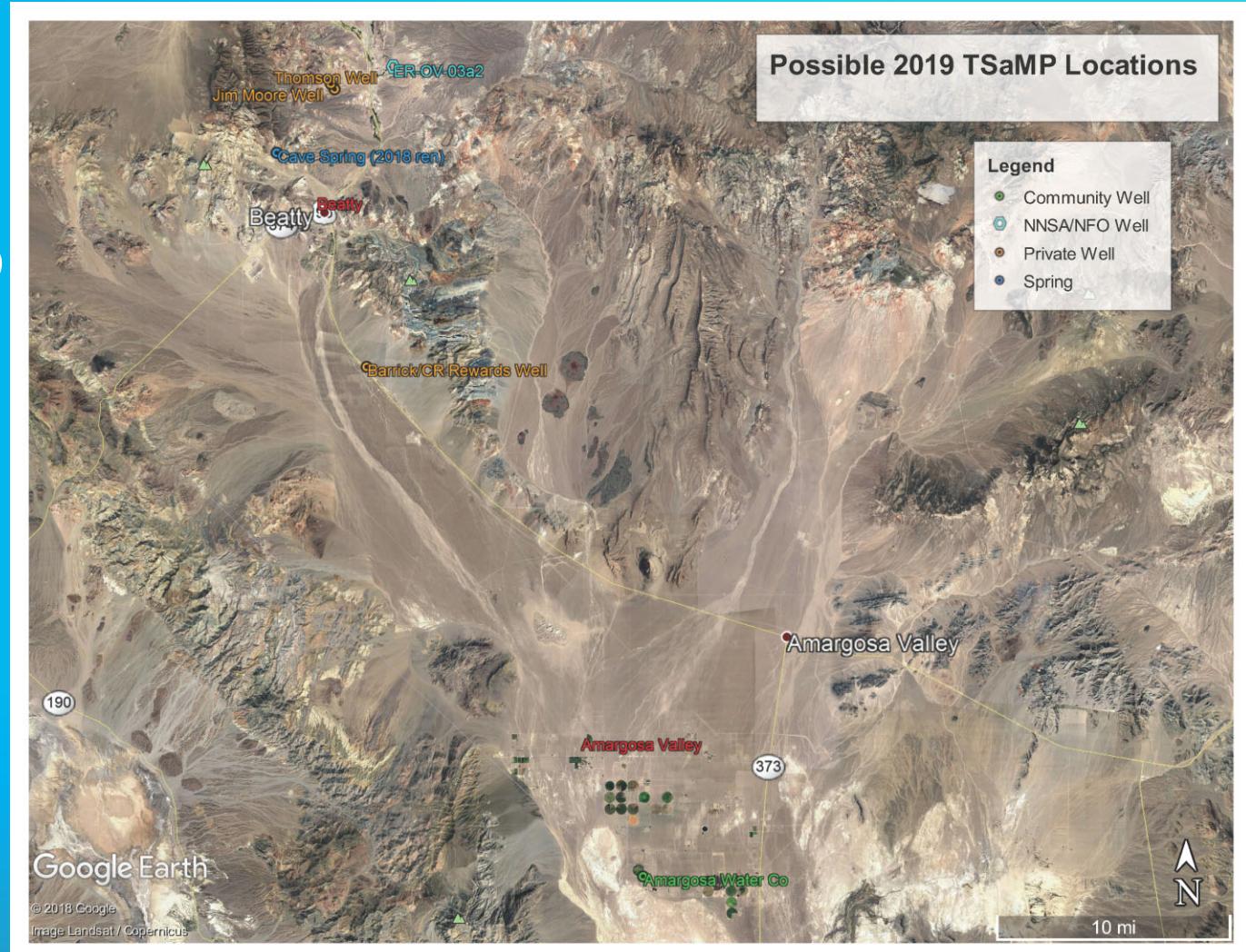


Additional Sampling Locations

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 - In future years (2020 and 2021)
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 - Would you like to participate in the water sampling?
We welcome any participation!

Possible Sampling Locations for 2019

- Six possible sampling locations to consider for 2019 and/or future years
- Need 10 locations for 2019
- What wells or other locations do CEM's consider to be of highest priority?



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Questions ?

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2020 UPDATE

Nye County Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office
John Klenke
July 21, 2020

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- ❑ Core Well Sampling Results (2015-2019)
- ❑ Sampling Results (2016 - 2019)
- ❑ ER-OV Wells
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Quality Assurance
- ❑ Town Board Meetings
- ❑ Possible Sampling Locations for 2020 - 2021

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- Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
 - Drilled and completed approximately 50 wells
 - Conducted numerous aquifer and tracer tests, geophysical surveys, water level measurements, and other specialized testing
 - Data provided to Department of Energy (DOE)
- Tritium from former weapons tests has been observed migrating on and off the NNSS
 - Offsite migration is only located on federally- controlled land and below the SDWA standards.
- Currently in a seven-year grant with DOE to conduct tritium sampling and analysis at locations downgradient from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing *

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Population - cont

Beatty:

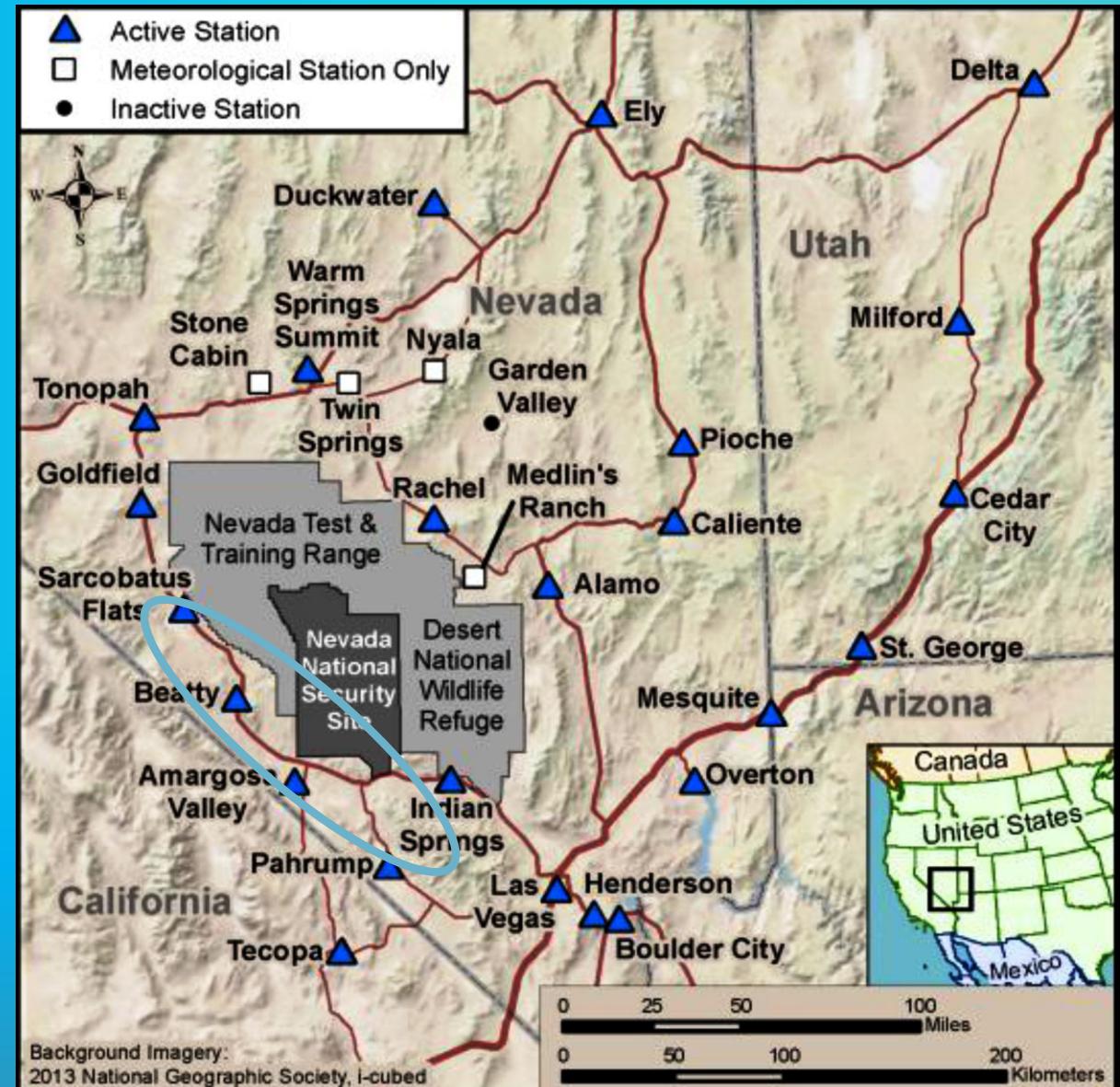
- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of ER-EC-11
 - Offsite well located on the Nevada Test and Training Range
 - ER-EC-11 ; Tritium detected 2009 at 12,000 picocuries per liter (60% of EPA Safe Drinking Water Act), and re-sampled in 2017 at 18,400 (92% of EPA Safe Drinking Water Act)
- ❑ Population of 1,010 people (2010 census)

Responsibilities

- Nye County is responsible for:
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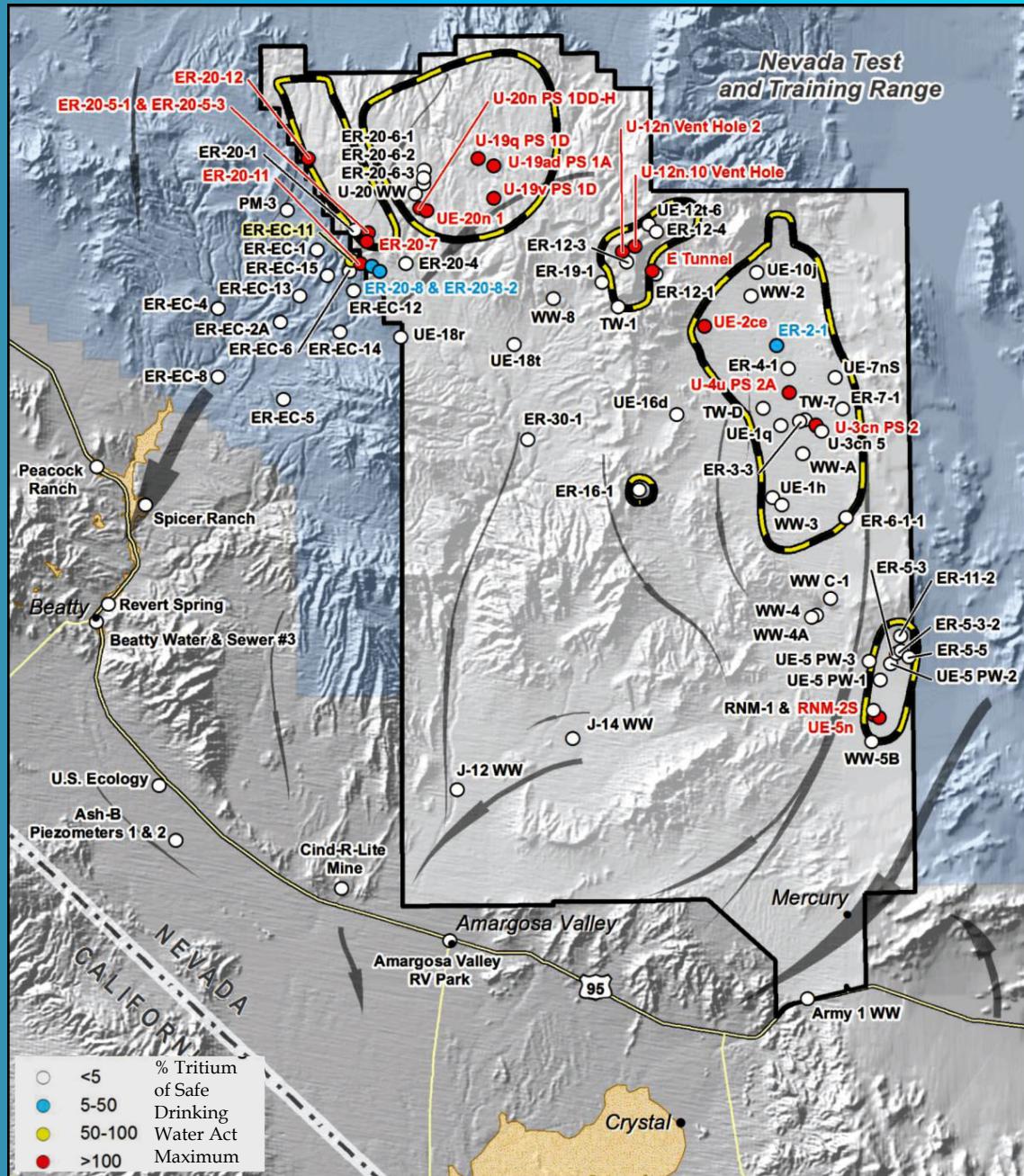
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*Image from CEMP website

Locations Sampled By DOE



- Map shows sampled sites under the NNSS Integrated Groundwater Monitoring Program on and off the NNSS and NTTR
- Tritium results are represented as a percentage of the Maximum Contaminant Level (20,000 pCi/L, as defined by the US Environmental Protection Agency)
- Note localized variations in the groundwater flow directions

Determining Nye County Sample Locations

- Data from the TSaMP water sampling program has allowed us to learn more about:
 - Quality of waters (**tritium**) adjacent to and downgradient from the NNSS and NTTR
 - Changes in water quality with time (**tritium**)
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 - Broadened baseline from locations previously sampled, by including some of the wells drilled by Nye County as part of past scientific characterization programs

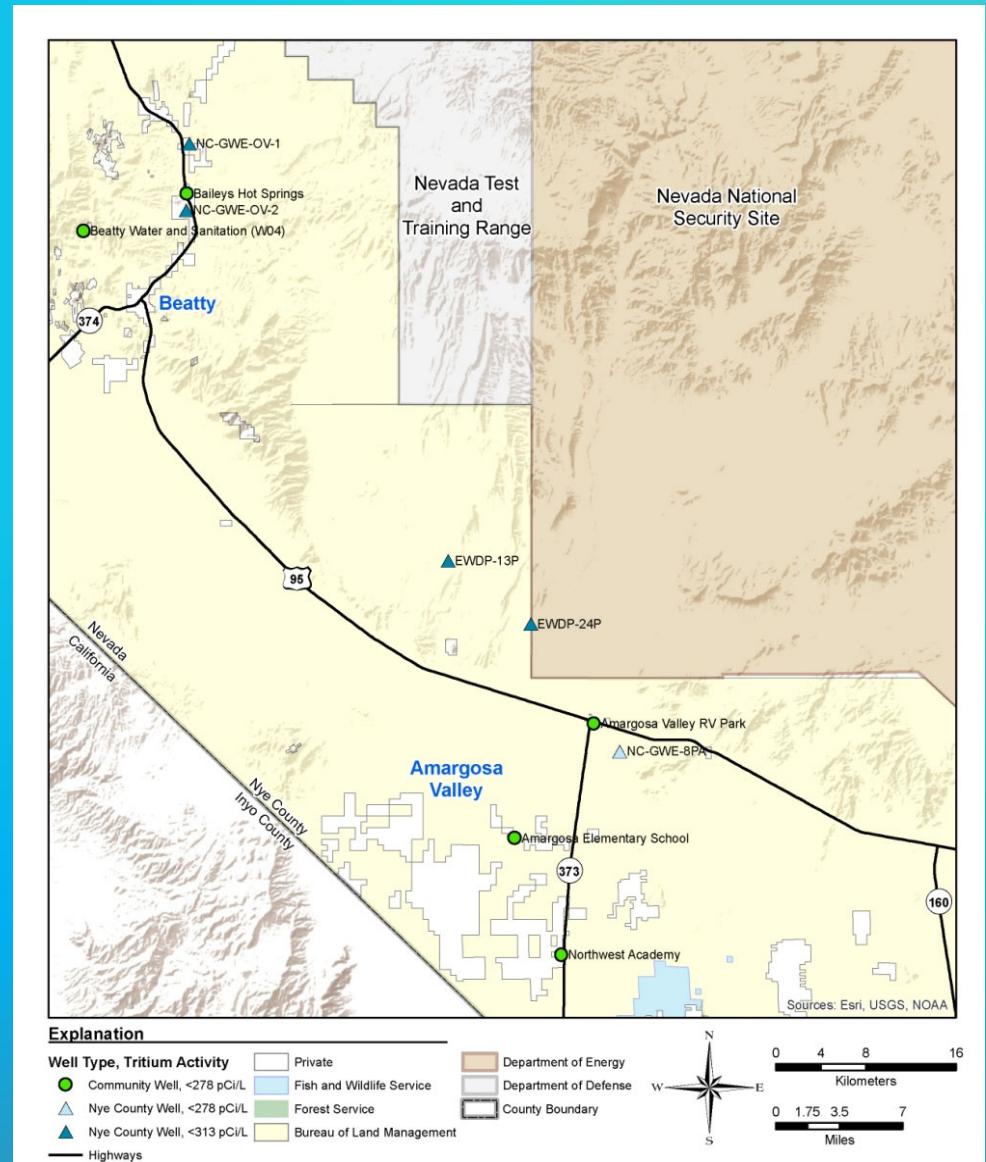
Core Well Sampling Results (2015-2019)

- Established 10 core wells in 2015
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 - EWDP-24P
 - GWE-OV-1
 - GWE-OV-2
 - GWE-8PA
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* Well abandoned and replaced by "Amargosa Elementary School-2" in 2019

** Location renamed "Never Give Up" in 2019

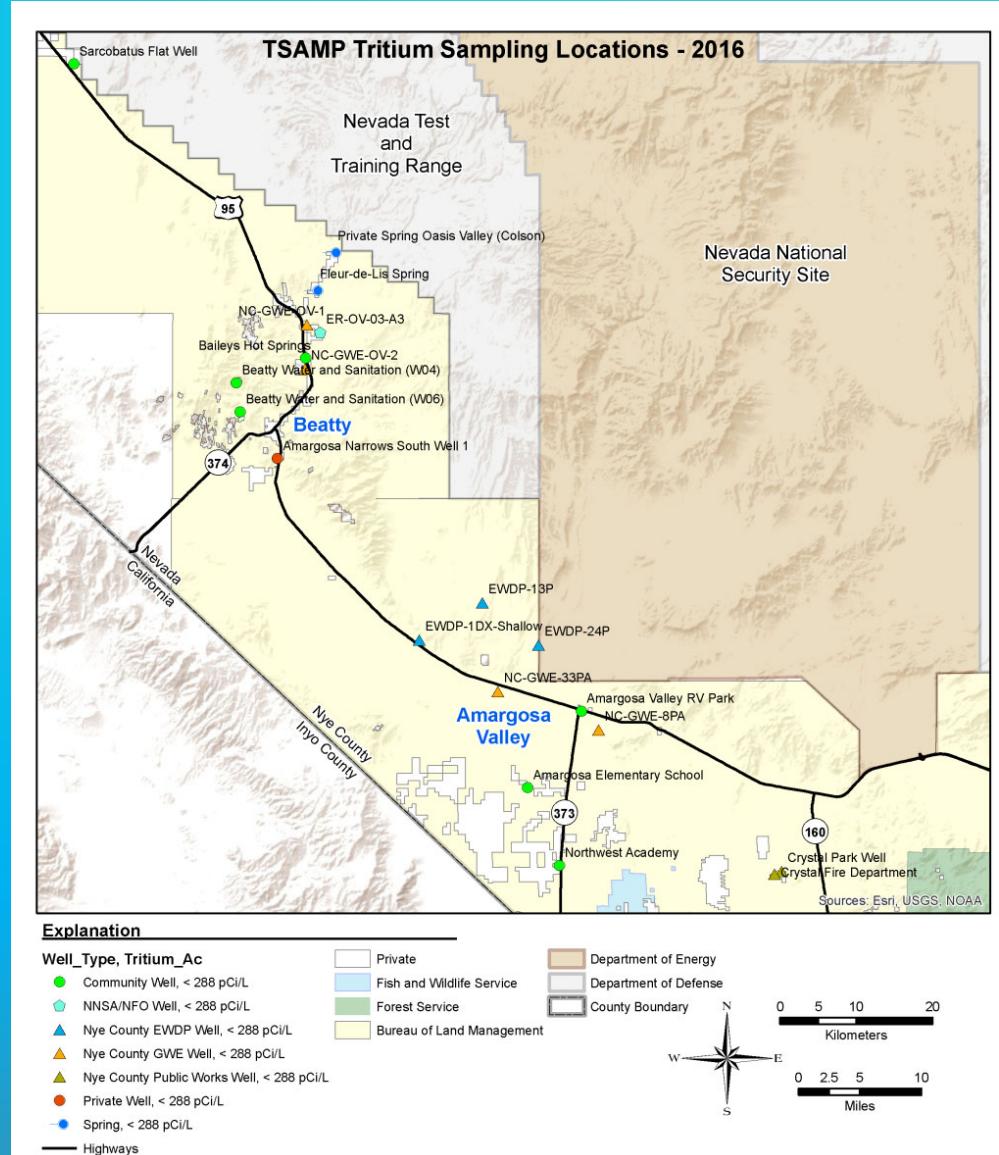
*** RSE is using EPA-approved, unenriched scintillation counting method with MDCs of approximately 300 pCi/L



2016 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Narrows South Well 1
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation (W06)
 - Crystal Fire Department
 - Crystal Park Well
 - EWDP-1DX-Shallow
 - ER-OV-03-A3 *
 - Fleur-de-Lis Spring
 - GWE-33PA
 - Private Spring Oasis Valley (Colson)
 - Sarcobatus Flat Well
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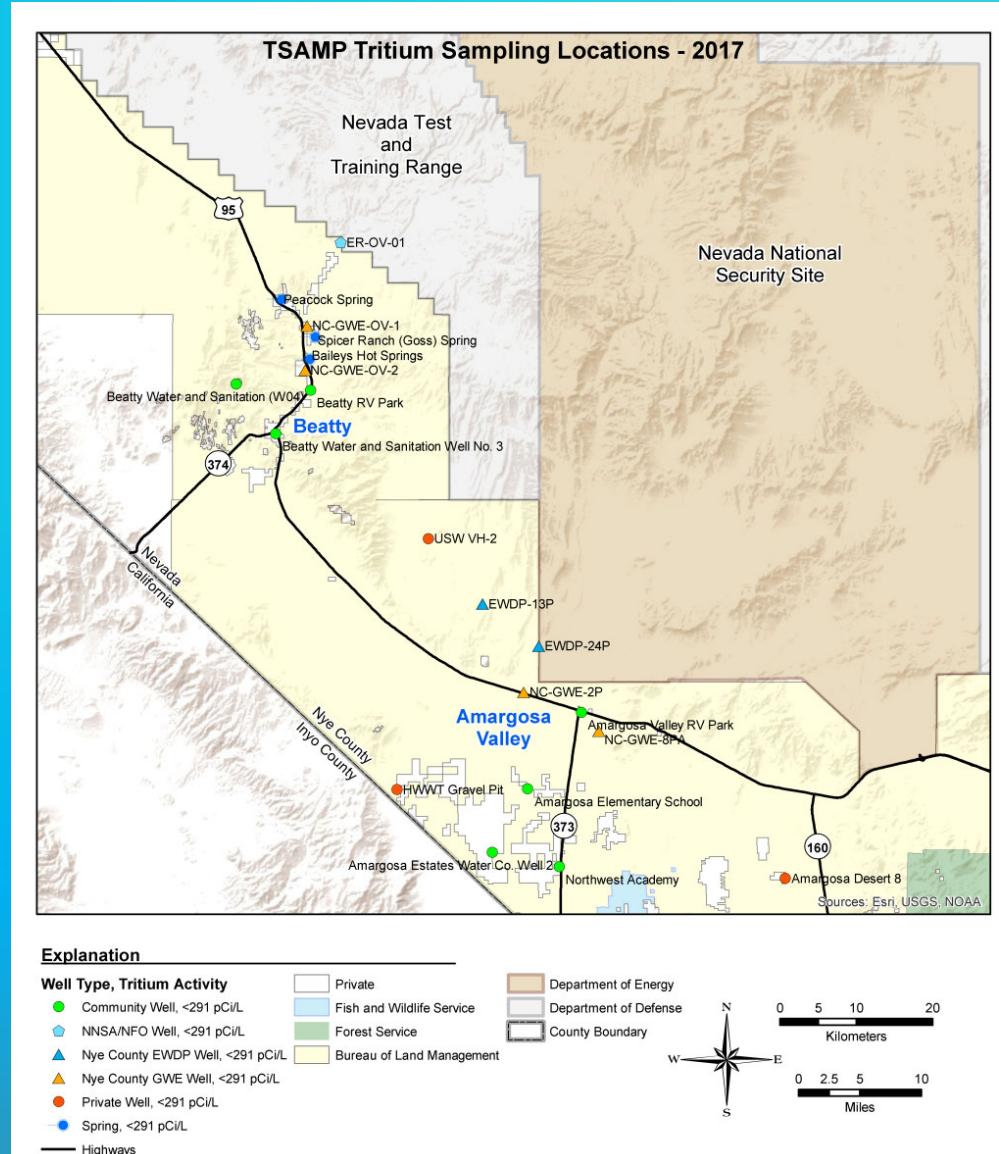
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* joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring



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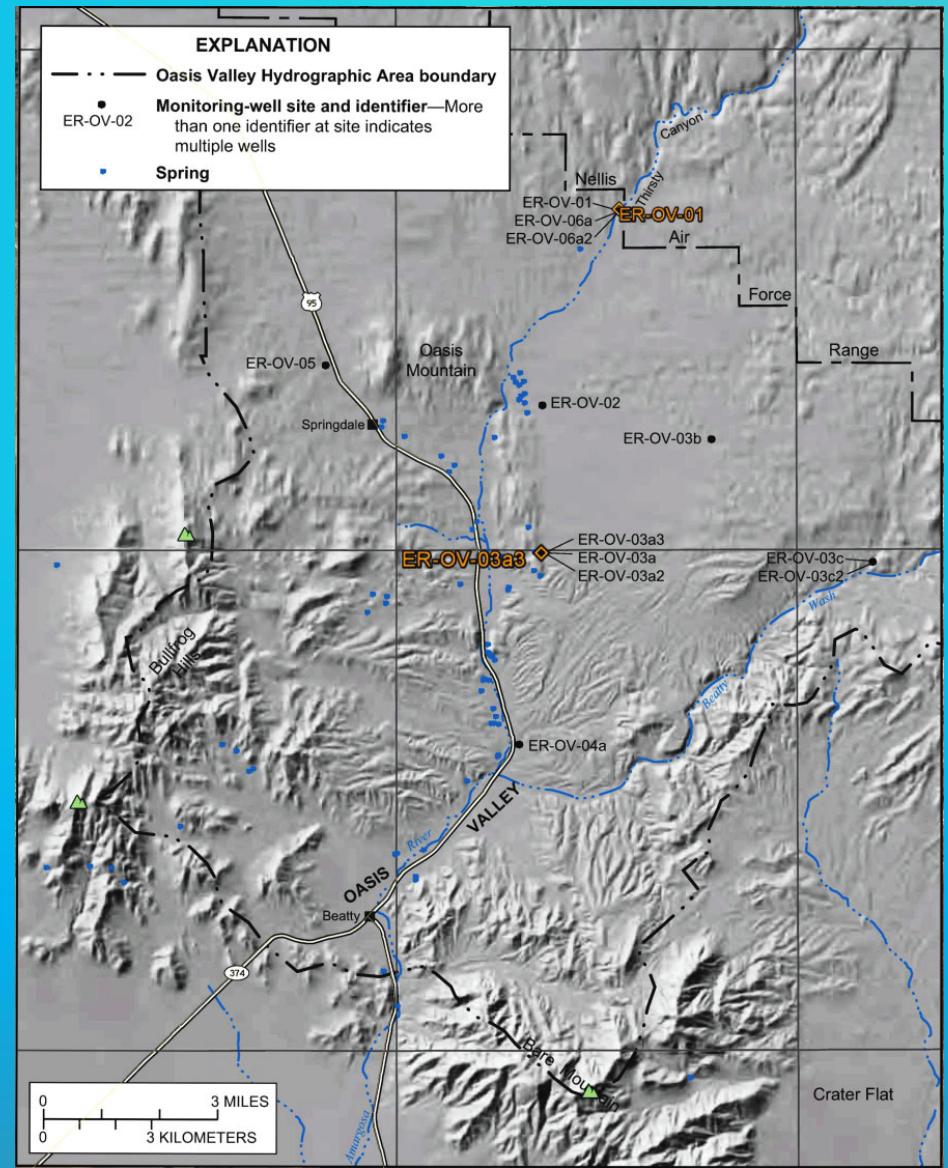
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ER-OV Wells



- ❑ Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- ❑ Nye County will continue sampling at least one ER-OV well each year

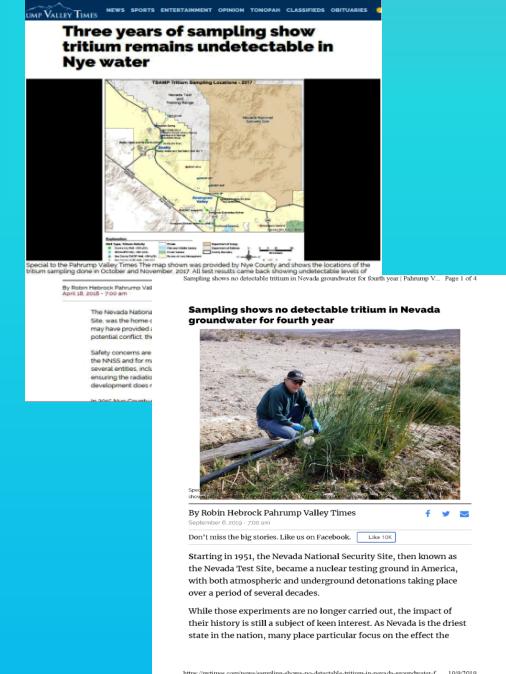
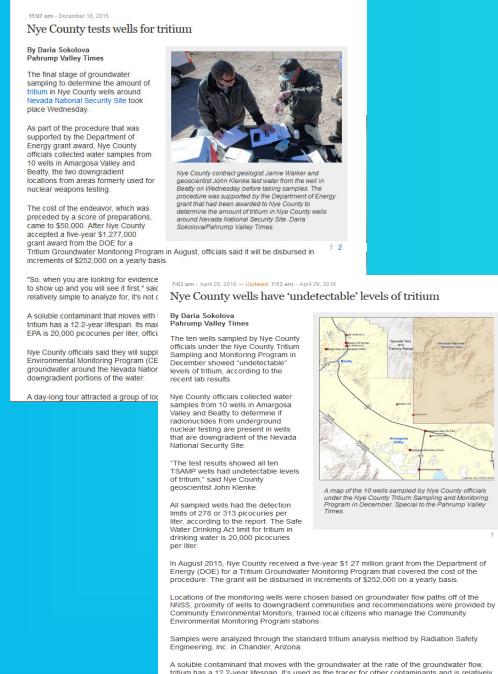


* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

Public Outreach

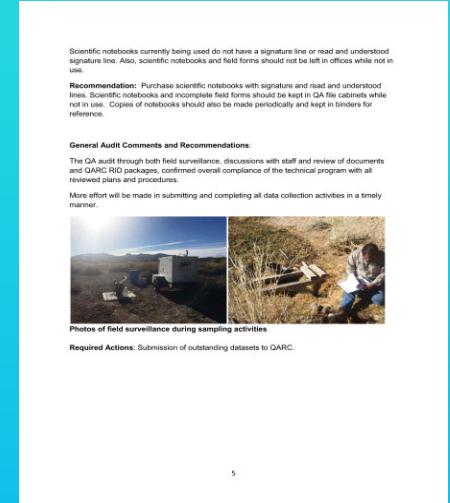
- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) summarizing results of sampling for 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in NNSER's - 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, and 2019*
- Presented poster of TSaMP results at DOE Groundwater Open House meetings in Amargosa- July 29, 2016 and October 17, 2019
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's (Dec 16th 2015)

* Report in progress



Quality Assurance

- Nye County coordinates sampling efforts through Quality Assurance Officer (QAO)
- Nye County conducts annual internal audits to insure integrity of TSaMP data
 - Audit conducted by qualified professional (QAO)
 - Field surveillances
 - Office surveillances
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Quality Assurance- cont

- Navarro conducted independent assessment of TSaMP (11/5/18 - 12/12/18)
- Four Observations Identified
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 - Groundwater Chemistry and Analysis sheet describes using charge balance as part of validation process.
- Nye County updated all QA documentation (WP-11, TPN 11.8, TP-11.2, and HASP) and addressed all observations prior to the 2019 sampling season.

The logo for the U.S. Department of Energy Nevada Operations Management Nevada Program. It features a stylized green and blue graphic on the left, followed by the text "U.S. Department of Energy" in a bold, sans-serif font, "Nevada Operations Management" in a smaller font, "Nevada Program" in a bold, sans-serif font, "P.O. Box 955 EG", and "Las Vegas, NV 89103-0555" in a smaller font.

Jah 2 2 2009

Jeff Koenig
DOE/Nevada Waste Repository Project Office
2101 E. Calvada Boulevard, Suite 100
Pittsburgh, PA 15222

WVIA COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM (TSM) PLANNING, COMMUNICATION, AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION ASSESSMENT (PIMA)

Nevada concluded an information assessment of Yucca County Tritium sampling and Monitoring activities in November 1, December 1, 2008. As indicated in the assessed report, Yucca County TSM operations adequately identify sampling locations, collect water samples for analysis, and report results. Tritium sampling is conducted annually and clearly communicates activities and results to the Department of Energy, Nevada Operations Management (DOE-N) Program prior to release to the public. The users identified no findings, and our observations indicated no significant concerns with Tritium sampling and Monitoring Program, with a copy to Miltaka-Watson-Garrett, within 30 days of the date of this letter.

Please contact James R. Tello at (702) 299-0818 if further information on this matter is needed.

W. D. Howell
W. D. Howell
DOE/Nevada Operations
T-M Nevada Program

EMO:13948.CU

Enclosure:

Attachment:

cc: WENP, OR, INR,
James T. Taylor, Karsten
David Tipton, Karsten
Mike Johnson, Karsten
Nevada Control (16s)
MCEC, Nevada Operations Management
John Myers, LMI
James Burns, TSD
NCO Board Far



Town Board Meetings

- TSaMP presentations were given at Beatty Town Board meetings on 9/25/17, and 11/4/19; and at Amargosa Town Board meetings on 9/27/17, and 11/21/19
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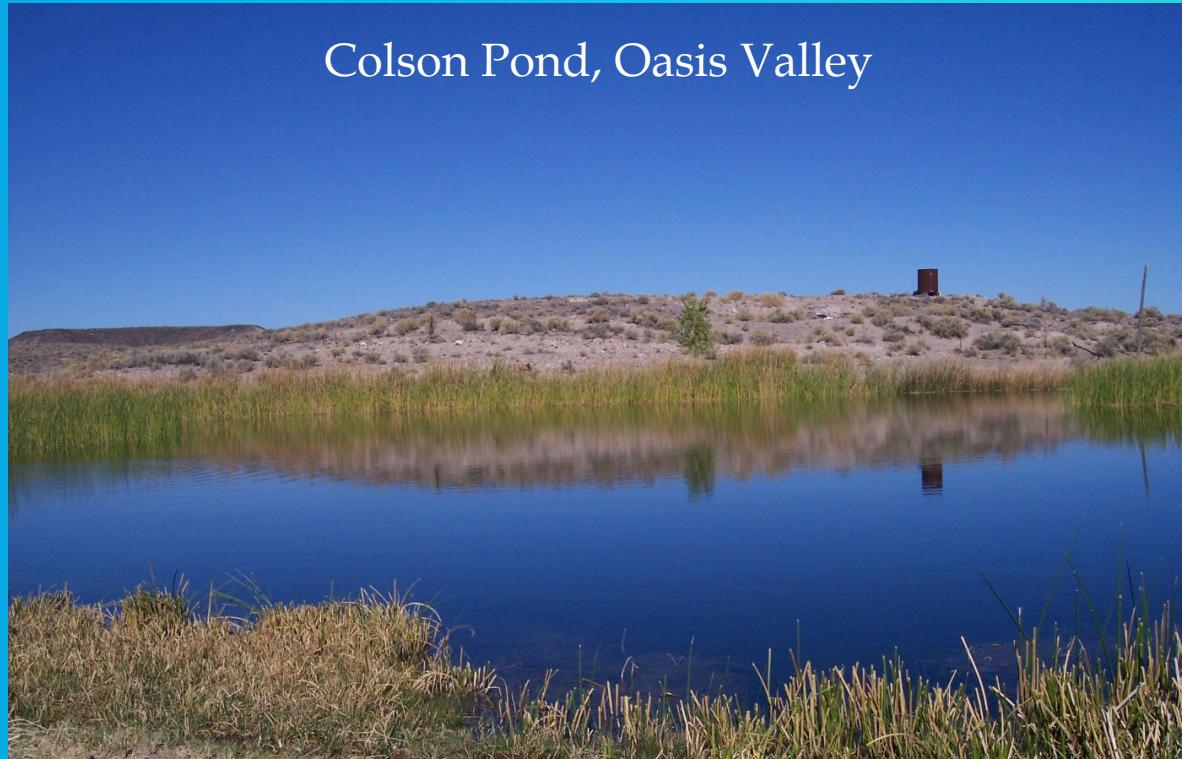
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2020-2021

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 - Identified flow paths and historic sampling results
 - Age of water (Tritium half-life = 12.32 yrs - less than 1% remaining after 7 half-lives (86 yrs)
- **Would you like to participate in the water sampling?**
- We welcome any participation!

Questions?

Colson Pond, Oasis Valley



Contact Information:

John Klenke
Geoscientist III
jklenke@co.nye.nv.us
Office: 775-727-3494

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2021 UPDATE

Nye County Natural Resources and Federal Facilities Office

John Klenke

July 27, 2021

MATERIAL IN THE FOLLOWING
PRESENTATION SOLELY
REPRESENTS THE VIEW POINT OF
THE AUTHOR AND DOES NOT
REPRESENT DRI OR DOE.

Overview

- ❑ Background
- ❑ Land Status
- ❑ Population
- ❑ Responsibilities
- ❑ CEMP Stations and Focus Area
- ❑ Locations Sampled by DOE
- ❑ Determining Nye County Sample Locations
- ❑ Core Well Sampling Results (2015-2020)
- ❑ Sampling Results (2016 - 2020)
- ❑ ER-OV Wells
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Quality Assurance
- ❑ Town Board Meetings
- ❑ Possible Sampling Locations for 2021

Background – Why Are We Here?

- Nye County has the duty to protect the health and safety of citizens
- Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
 - Drilled and completed approximately 50 wells
 - Conducted numerous aquifer and tracer tests, geophysical surveys, water level measurements, and other specialized testing
 - Data provided to Department of Energy (DOE)
- Tritium from former weapons tests has been observed migrating on and off the NNSS
 - Offsite migration is only located on federally- controlled land and below the SWDA standards.
- Currently in a seven-year grant with DOE to conduct tritium sampling and analysis at locations downgradient from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing

Land Status

- Nye County encompasses 18,199 mi²
 - Largest county (by area) in the state, and the third-largest in contiguous US.
- Approximately 98% of land in Nye County is federally controlled
 - Bureau of Land Management
 - US Forest Service
 - Department of Defense
 - Department of Energy
- Nevada National Security Site (NNSS; formerly the Nevada Test Site) is entirely within Nye County
- Part of the Nevada Test and Training Range (NTTR) lies within Nye County
- Nye County population of 46,523 (Census Bureau. 2019)

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 37,298 people (ACS 2019)
- ❑ Estimated 88,314 people by 2060 (at 1.5% growth rate - NCWRP update 2017)

Amargosa:

- ❑ Approximately 9 miles SW from the border of NNSS
- ❑ 50 mile south (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Population of 1,435 (ACS 2019)

Population – cont

Beatty:

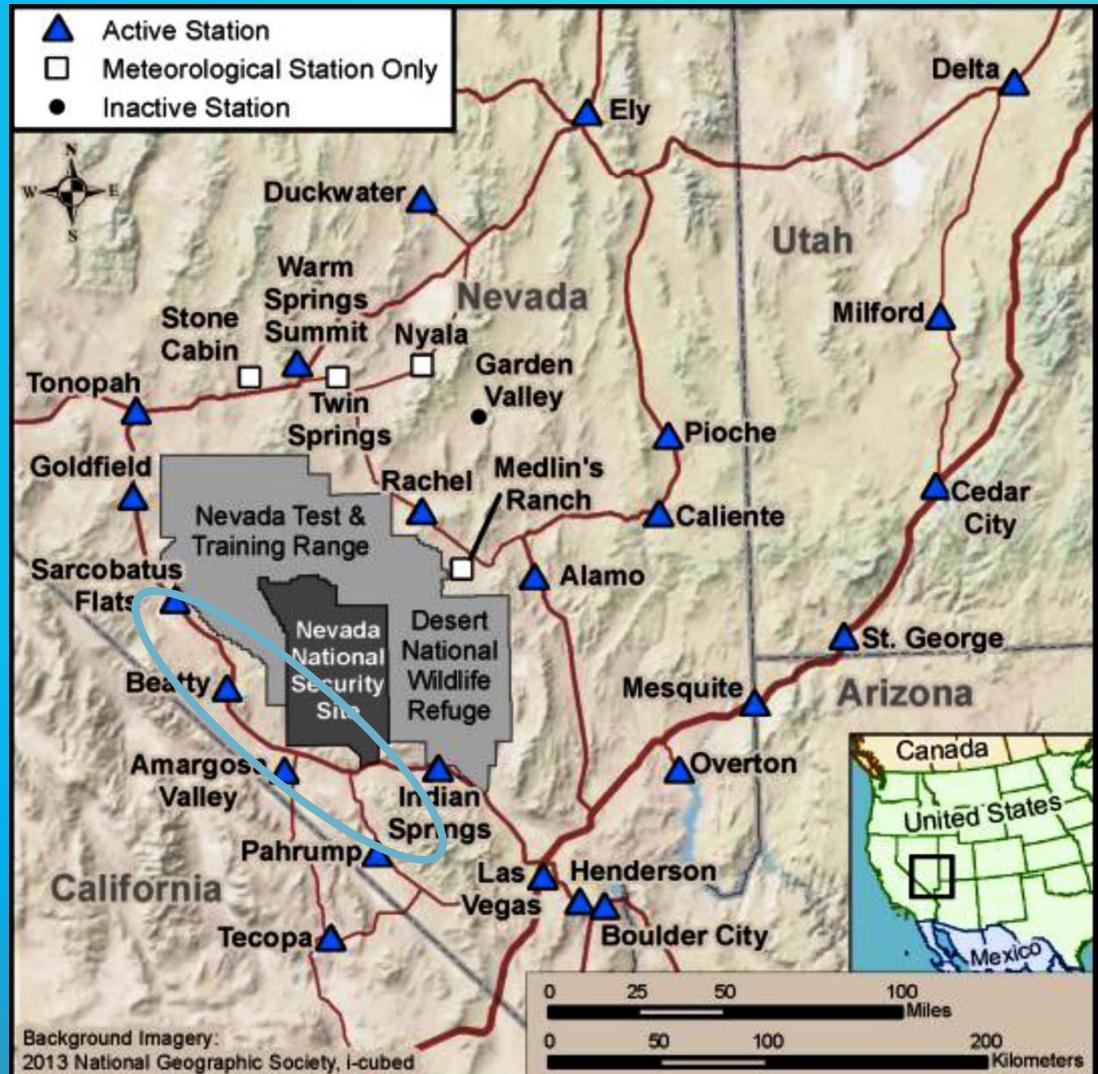
- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of well ER-EC-11*
 - * ER-EC-11 is located downgradient of Pahute Mesa, off of the NNSS and on the Nevada Test and Training Range. Tritium was detected in ER-EC-11 in 2009 at 12,000 picocuries per liter (pCi/L), or 60% of EPA's Safe Drinking Water Act (SWDA). When re-sampled in 2017, levels had increased to 18,400 pCi/L, or to 92% of the SWDA.
- ❑ Population of 804 people (ACS 2019)

Responsibilities

- Nye County is responsible for:
 - Identification of sampling locations (**will consider input from the public**)
 - Developing sampling plans and procedures – ensures systematic, consistent sampling methodology
 - Collection of water samples for tritium analysis
 - Obtaining tritium analysis through **independent laboratories** certified by the State of Nevada
 - Checking the data to ensure quality
 - Providing sampling methodology, data, and quality check results to DOE for inclusion in the Annual NNSS Site Environmental Report
- Fact sheets, brochures or handouts
- Local government awareness
- Public meetings and community events to ensure public's perspective is represented
- Data dissemination options include publication on the Nye County website (www.nyecounty.net) and/or continued publication on DRI's CEMP website (www.cemp.dri.edu)

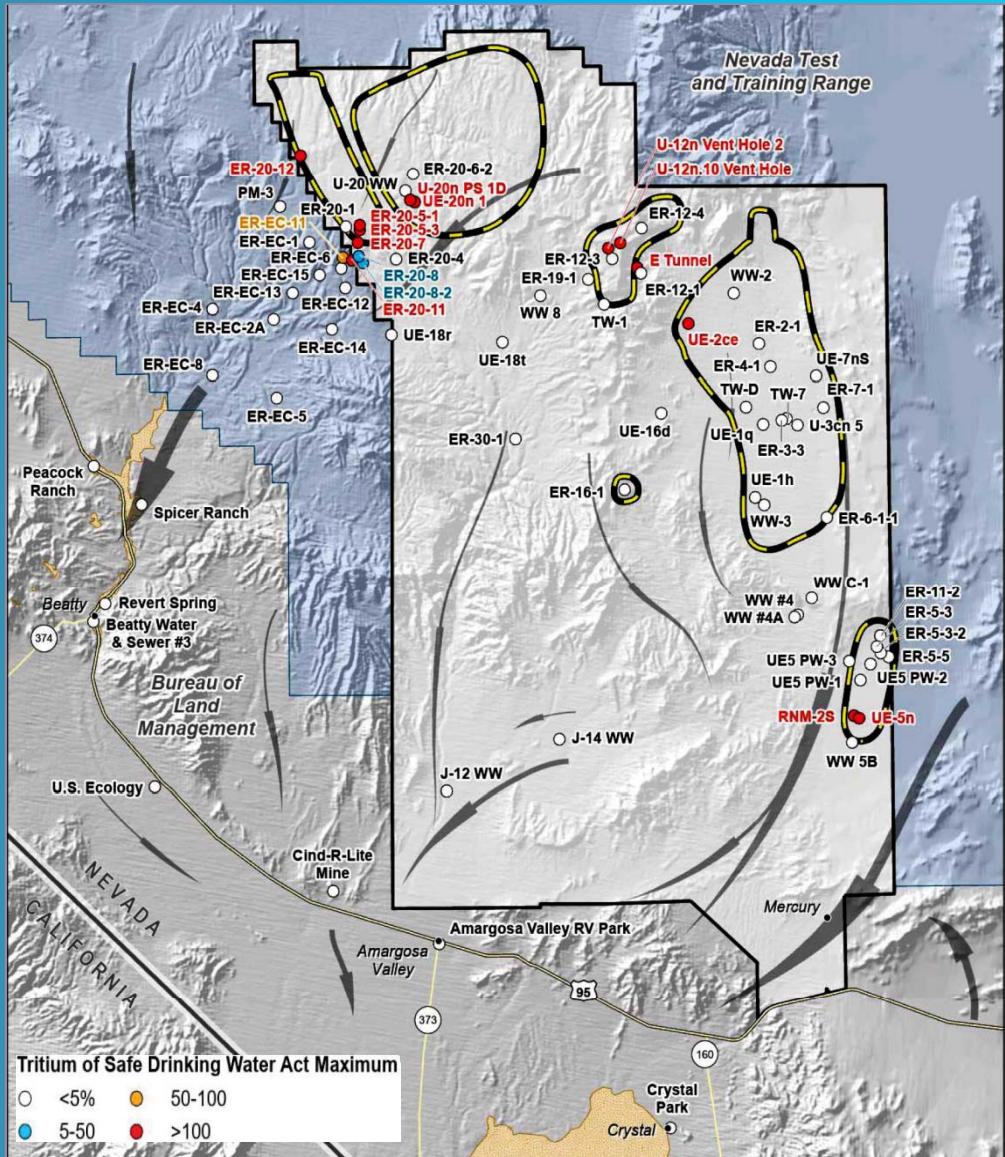
CEMP Stations and Focus Area

- Map at right shows CEMP stations (6/26/18) (www.cemp.dri.edu)
- Regional groundwater flow direction is predominantly north to south
- Downgradient areas outlined in blue
- Note that we are characterizing conditions in offsite areas only



*Image from CEMP website

Locations Sampled By DOE EM NV (UGTA)



* Fig 5-2, Nevada National Security Site Environmental Report 2019

- Map showing sampled sites under the NNSS Integrated Groundwater Monitoring Program on and off the NNSS and NTTR
- Tritium results are represented as a percentage of the Maximum Contaminant Level (20,000 pCi/L, as defined by the US Environmental Protection Agency)
- Note localized variations in the groundwater flow directions (arrows)
- DOE : United States Department Of Energy
- EM NV: Office of Environmental Management - Nevada Program
- NNSS: Nevada National Security Site (1360 square miles, DOE)
- NTTR: Nevada Test and Training Range (4531 square miles, Department of Defense)
- UGTA: Underground Test Area program

Determining Nye County Sample Locations

- Data from the TSaMP water sampling program has allowed us to learn more about:
 - Quality of waters (**tritium**) adjacent to and downgradient from the NNSS and NTTR
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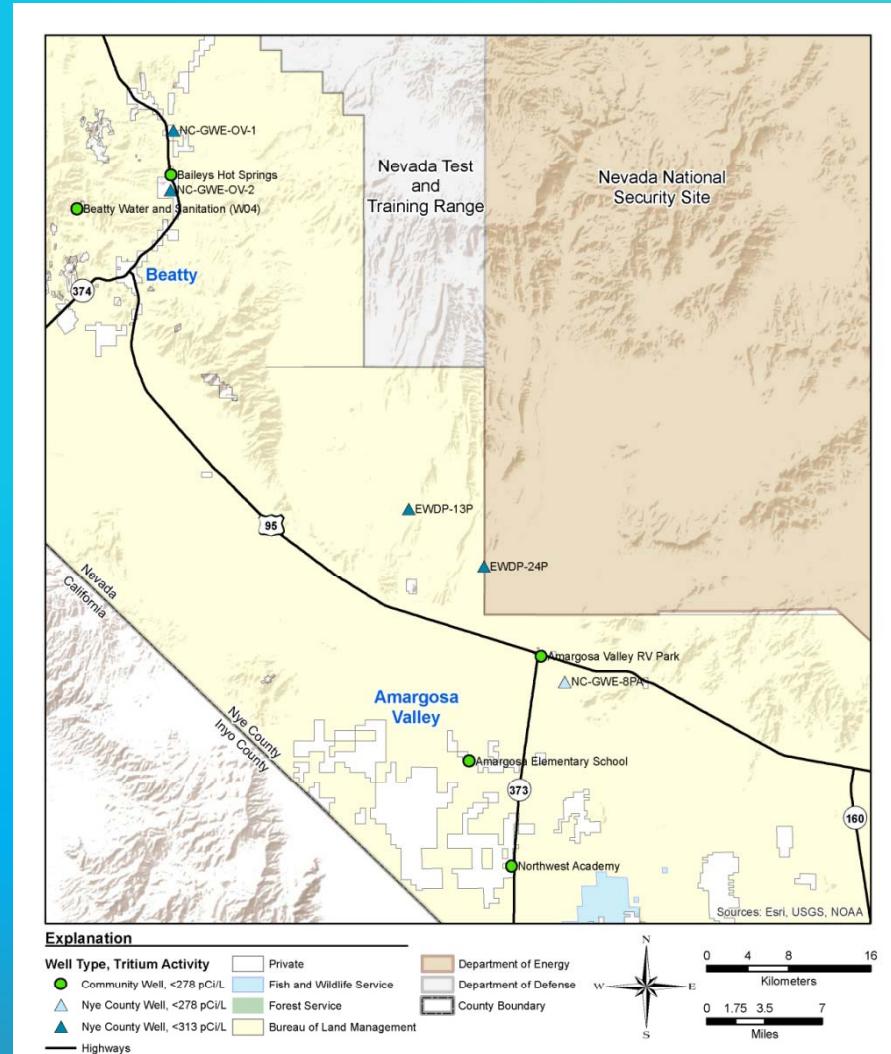
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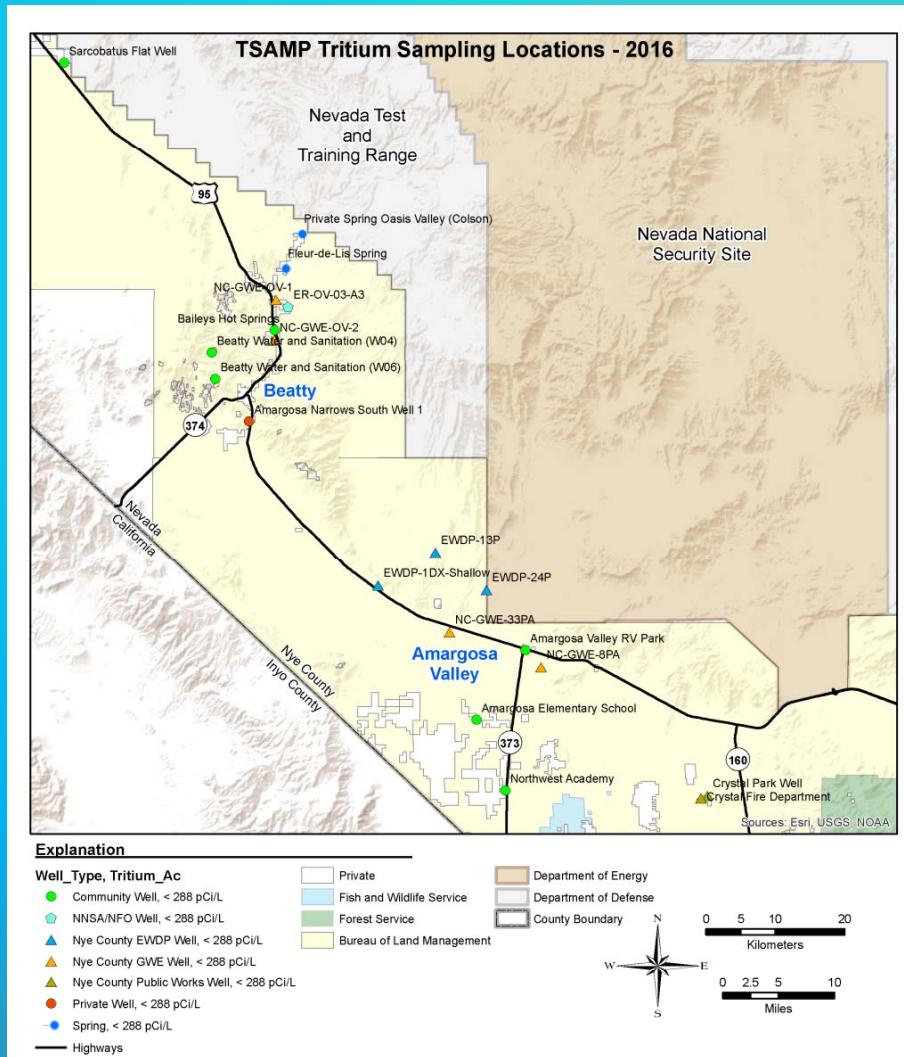
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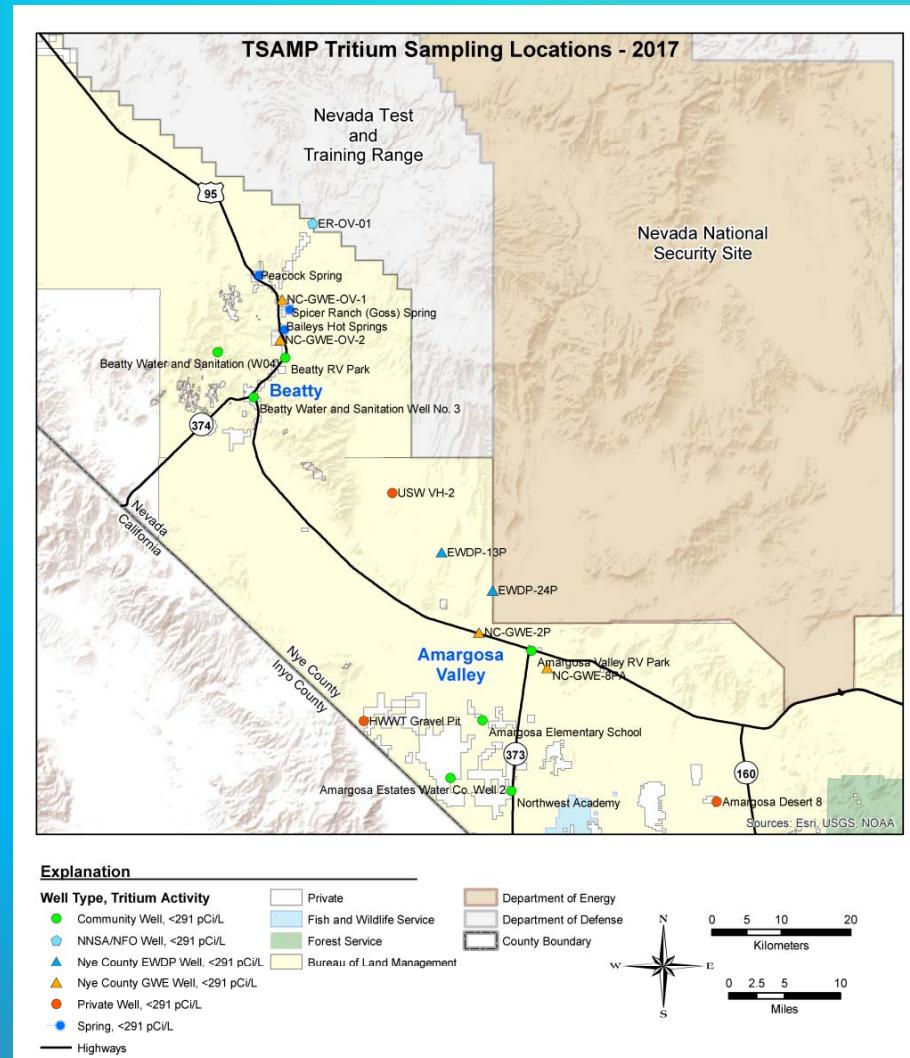
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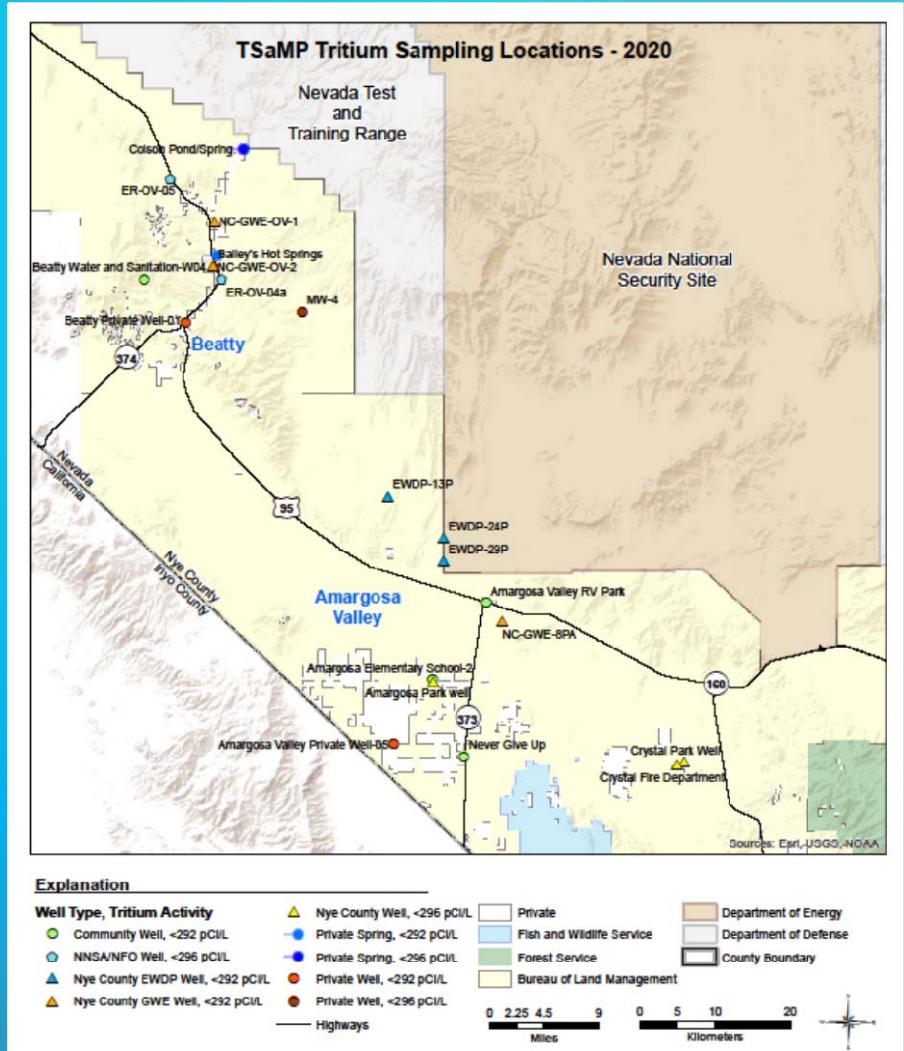


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 - ER-OV-05
 - EWDP-29P
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** 5-year resampling of selected wells - new starting in 2220

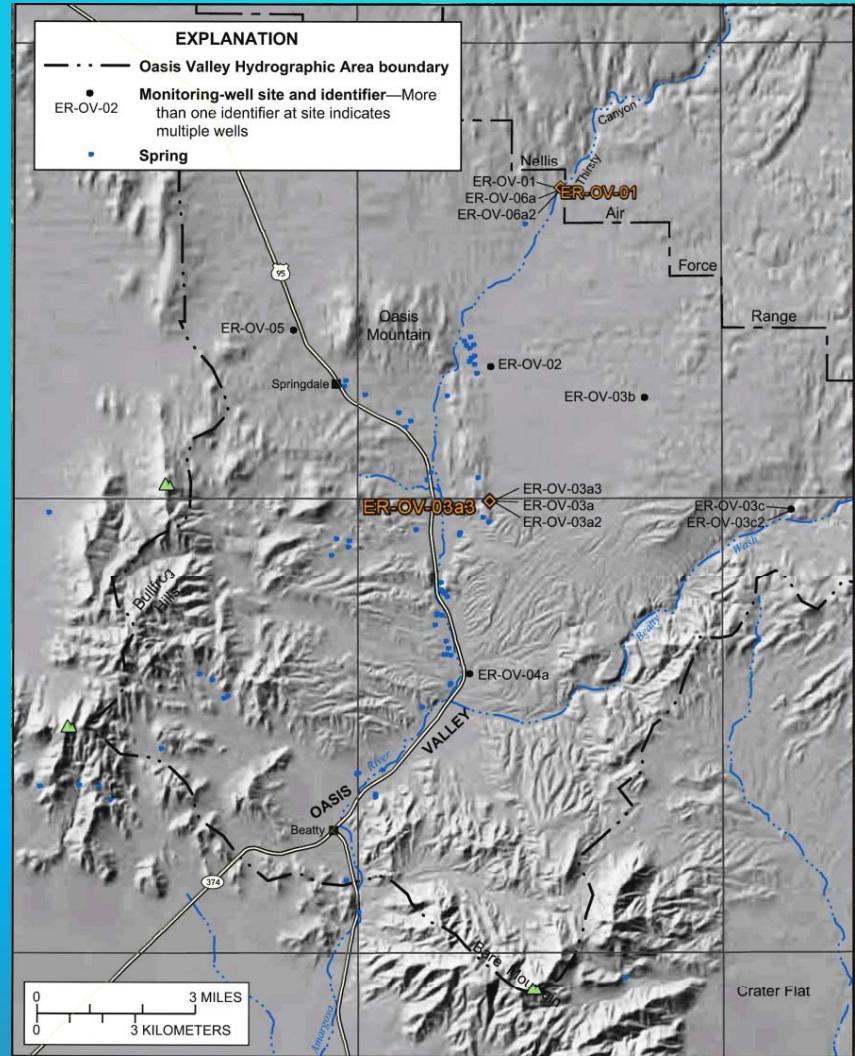


ER-OV Wells

(DOE EM NV UGTA Wells)



- Wells are NE of Beatty and downgradient from Pahute Mesa
- Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- Nye County will continue sampling at least one ER-OV well each year



* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

Public Outreach

- TSaMP presentation given at the May 20,2020 NSSAB meeting
- Featured in DOE EM Update Newsletter, June 30,2020
- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) 2015 - 2018, and 2020
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in the NNSER 2015 - 2020*
- Presented poster at DOE Groundwater Open House meetings in Amargosa- 2016 & 2019
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's - 2015

* Report in progress

Nye tests wells for tritium

By Darla Soltani *Palmer Valley Times*

The first stage of groundwater sampling to determine the amount of tritium in the area is currently being conducted at Nevada National Security Site test sites.

As part of the procedure that was supported by the Department of Energy grant award, Nye County will sample 10 wells in the Amargosa Valley and 10 wells in the Pahrump Valley and locations from areas formerly used for nuclear weapons testing.

The cost of the endeavor, which was approved by the Nye County Board of Commissioners, is \$1.27 million. After five County grants, the total cost of the grant from the DOE for a Tritium Groundwater Monitoring Program in August, officials said, it will be disbursed in increments of \$250,000.

"This, when you are looking for evidence to show up and you will see it first," said Nevada sample to analyze, it's not."

A volatile contaminant that moves with the wind, tritium is a radioactive isotope of hydrogen with a half-life of 12.3 years. Tritium is in 20,000 picocuries per liter.

Nye County officials said they will supply the Community Environmental Monitoring Program (CEMP) with the names of the 20 sampling locations and the names of the underground portions of the water table.

A day-long tour attracted a group of 15

Nye wells have 'undetectable' levels of tritium

By Darla Soltani *Palmer Valley Times*

The ten wells sampled by Nye County officials in December showed "undetectable" levels of tritium, according to the report.

Nye County officials collected water samples from 10 wells in the Amargosa Valley and nearby to determine if tritium, which is a radioactive isotope of hydrogen, is present in wells that are underground portions of the water table.

"The test results showed at ten TSaMP wells had undetectable levels of tritium," said Nye County groundwater geologist John Klein.

All sampled wells had the detection limit of 10 picocuries per liter, Klein said. According to the report, The State Water Board has set the detection limit for tritium in Nevada's drinking water at 20 picocuries per liter.

In August 2015, Nye County received a five-year, \$1.27 million grant from the Department of Energy's Community Environmental Monitoring Program that covered the cost of the procedure. The grant will be disbursed in increments of \$250,000 on a yearly basis.

Locations of the monitoring wells were chosen based on groundwater flow paths off the Nevada Test Site, which is the largest area of the state, according to the report. The wells are monitored by the Community Environmental Monitor, trained local citizens who manage the Community Environmental Monitoring Program stations.

Engines were analyzed through the standard Tritium analysis method by Radiation Safety Engineers at the CEM.

A volatile contaminant that moves with the groundwater is the tracer for other contaminants and is relatively

Three years of sampling show tritium remains undetectable in Nye water

By Robin Hebrock *Palmer Valley Times*

Three years of sampling show tritium remains undetectable in Nye water

Sampling shows no detectable tritium in Nevada groundwater for fourth year

By Robin Hebrock *Palmer Valley Times*

The Nevada test site was the home of many nuclear weapons tests, including the Trinity test in 1952. Safety concerns are the focus and its second largest city, Las Vegas, is ensuring the nuclear development does not affect the water supply.

<http://www.pvtimes.com/no-detectable-tritium-in-nye-groundwater-for-fourth-year/>

Starting in 1951, the Nevada Test Site, became a nuclear testing ground in America, with both atmospheric and underground detonations taking place over a period of several decades.

While those experiences are no longer in the news, the impact of their history is still a subject of keen interest. As Nevada is the driest state in the nation, many place particular focus on the effect the

DOE Awards Nye County Grant for Community-Based Groundwater Monitoring

Deadline: 08/31/15 12:00pm

RELATED ARTICLES

U.S. Department of Energy Awards Grant to Nye County

After 10 Years, Nye County's Environmental Management Program (NCEMP) is still going strong

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Environmental Management

Annual Nevada National Security Site Environmental Report (NNSER)

Cathy Wills

National Security Technologies (NSTec), Lead Author

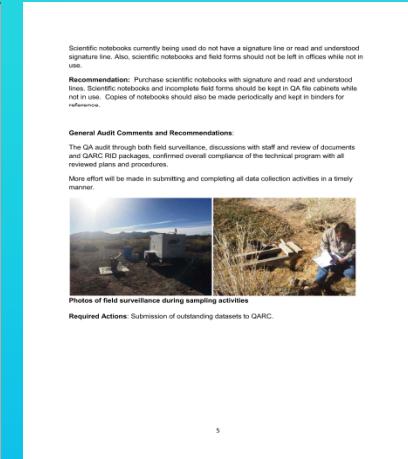
Nevada Site Specific Advisory Board

November 19, 2014

Environmental Management

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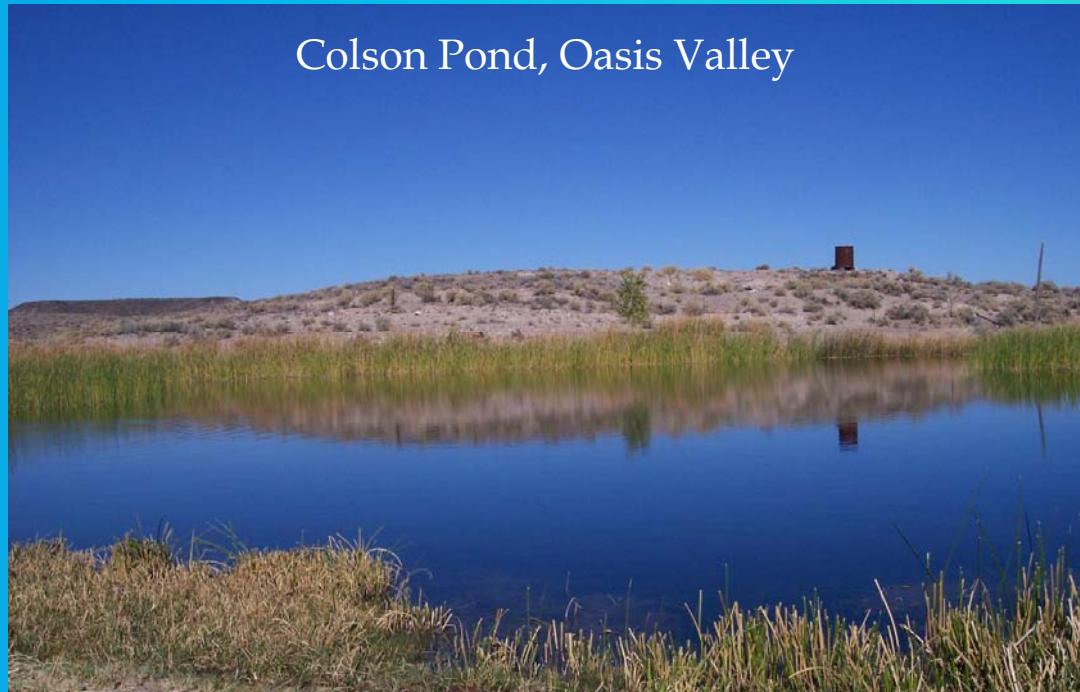


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NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2022 UPDATE

Nye County Natural Resources and Federal Facilities Office
John Klenke
July 30, 2022

MATERIAL IN THE FOLLOWING
PRESENTATION SOLELY
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Overview

- ❑ Background
- ❑ Land Status
- ❑ Population
- ❑ Responsibilities
- ❑ CEMP Stations and Focus Area
- ❑ Locations Sampled by DOE
- ❑ Determining Nye County Sample Locations
- ❑ Core Well Sampling Results (2015-2021)
- ❑ Sampling Results (2016 - 2021)
- ❑ ER-OV Wells
- ❑ Public Outreach
- ❑ Quality Assurance
- ❑ Town Board Meetings
- ❑ Possible Sampling Locations for 2022

Background – Why Are We Here?

- ❑ Nye County has the duty to protect the health and safety of citizens
- ❑ Through its Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office (NWRPO), Nye County conducted scientific characterization of the area between Yucca Mountain and the Town of Amargosa
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 - Department of Energy
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- ❑ Nye County population of 51,591 (Census Bureau. 2020)

Population

Pahrump:

- ❑ Approximately 26 miles south from NNSS
- ❑ Population of 44,738 people (Census Bureau. 2020)
- ❑ Estimated 88,314 people by 2060 (at 1.5% growth rate – NCWRP update 2017)

Amargosa:

- ❑ Approximately 9 miles SW from the border of NNSS
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Population - cont

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- ❑ Approximately 30 miles southwest (downgradient) from Pahute Mesa
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- ❑ Approximately 25 miles southwest of well ER-EC-11*

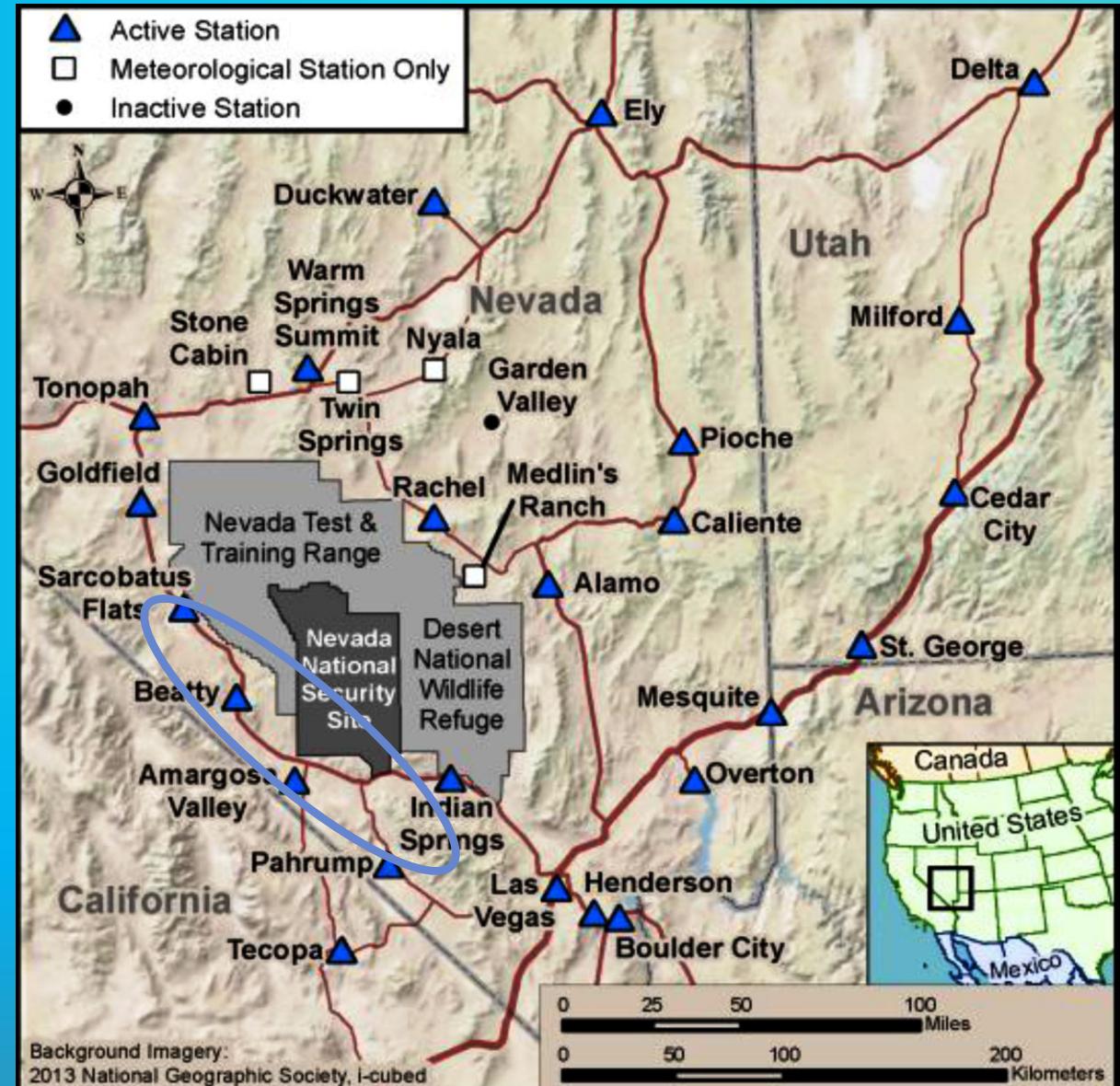
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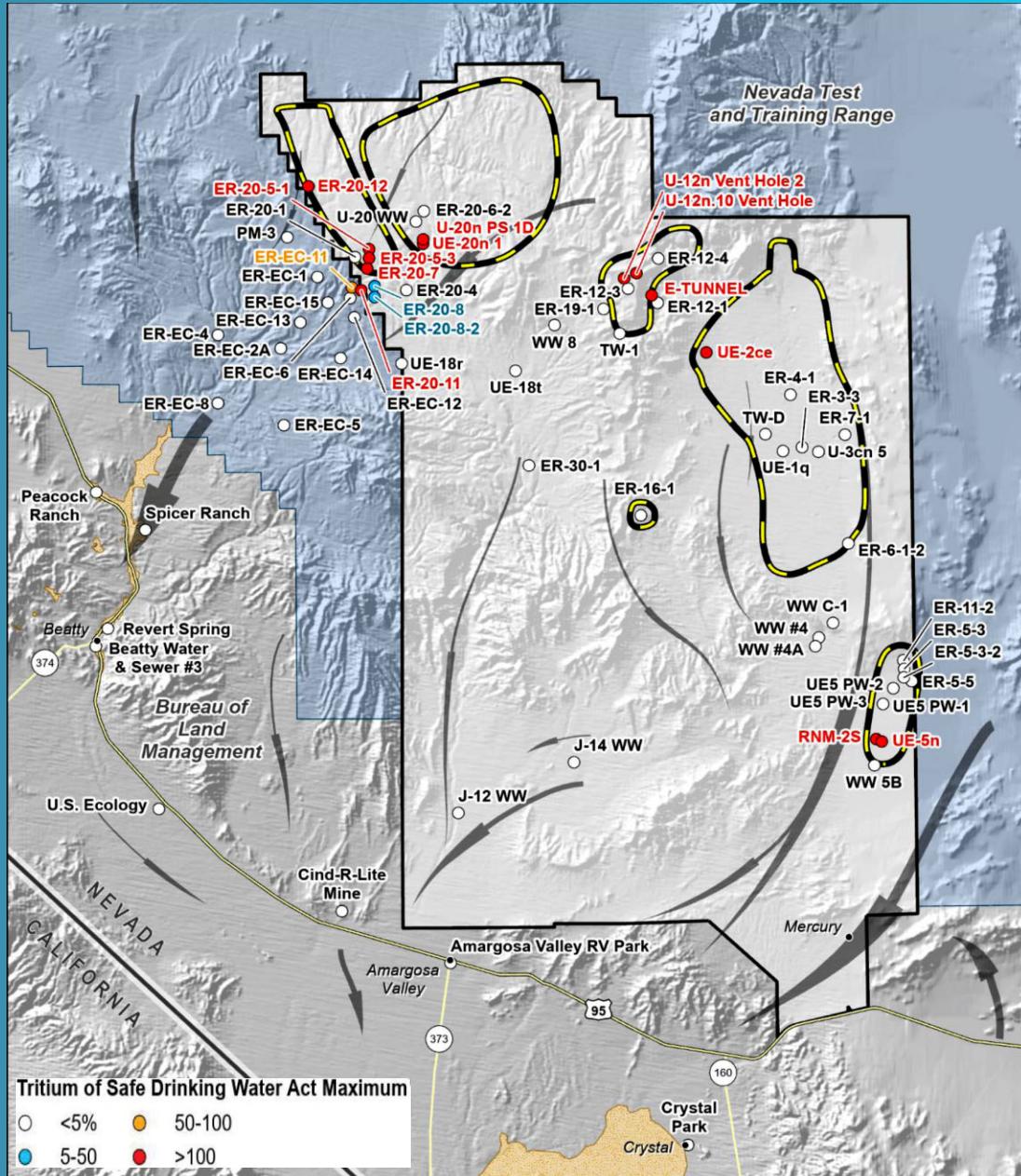
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Locations Sampled By DOE EM NV (NNSA/NFO and EM NV Program)



- Map showing sampled sites under the NNSS Integrated Groundwater Monitoring Program on and off the NNSS and NTTR
- Tritium results are represented as a percentage of the Maximum SWDA Contaminant Level (20,000 pCi/L, as defined by the US Environmental Protection Agency)
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 - Changes in water quality with time (**tritium**)
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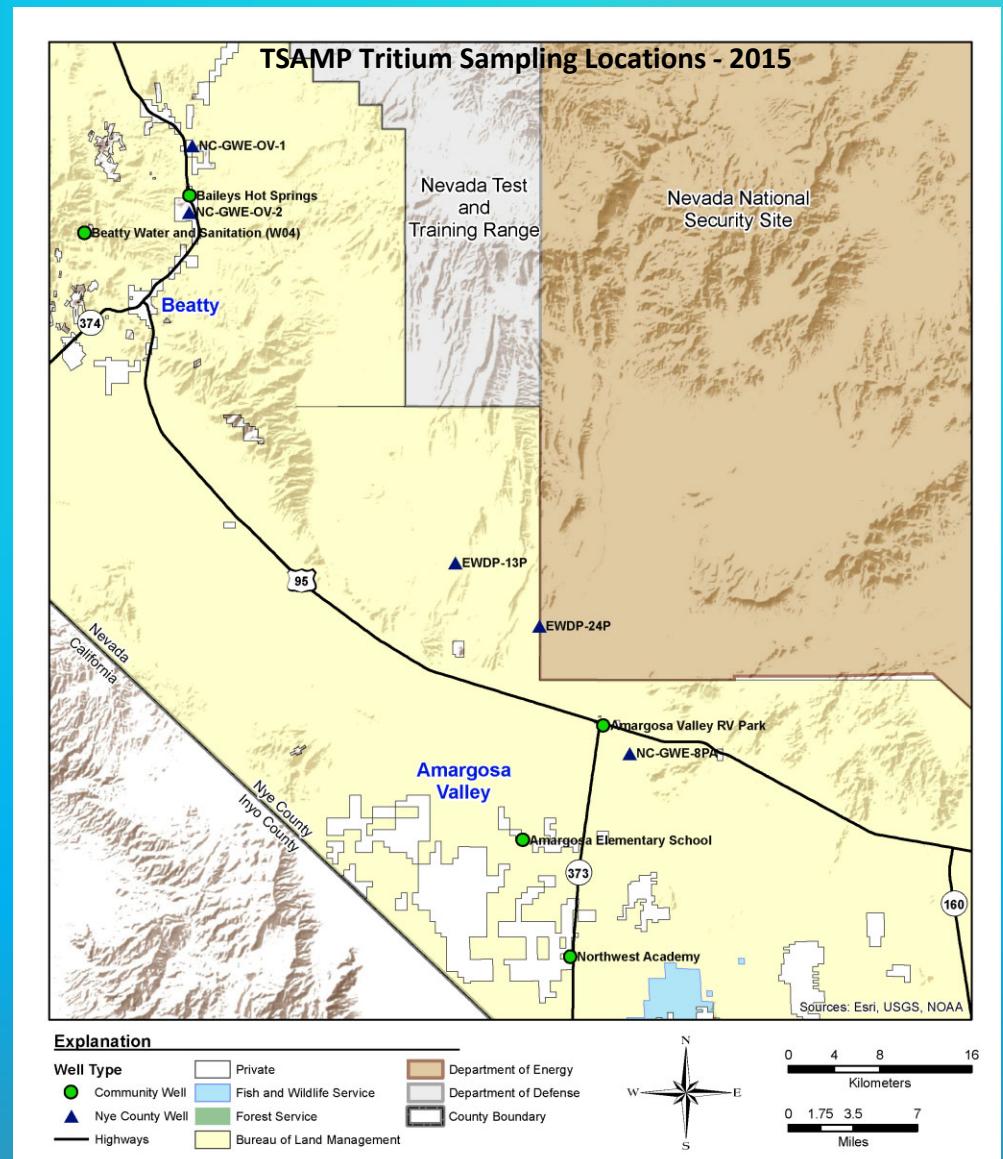
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 - Beatty Water and Sanitation (W04)
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 - EWDP-24P
 - GWE-OV-1
 - GWE-OV-2
 - GWE-8PA
 - Northwest Academy**
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* Well abandoned and replaced by "Amargosa Elementary School-2" in 2019

** Location renamed "Never Give Up" in 2019

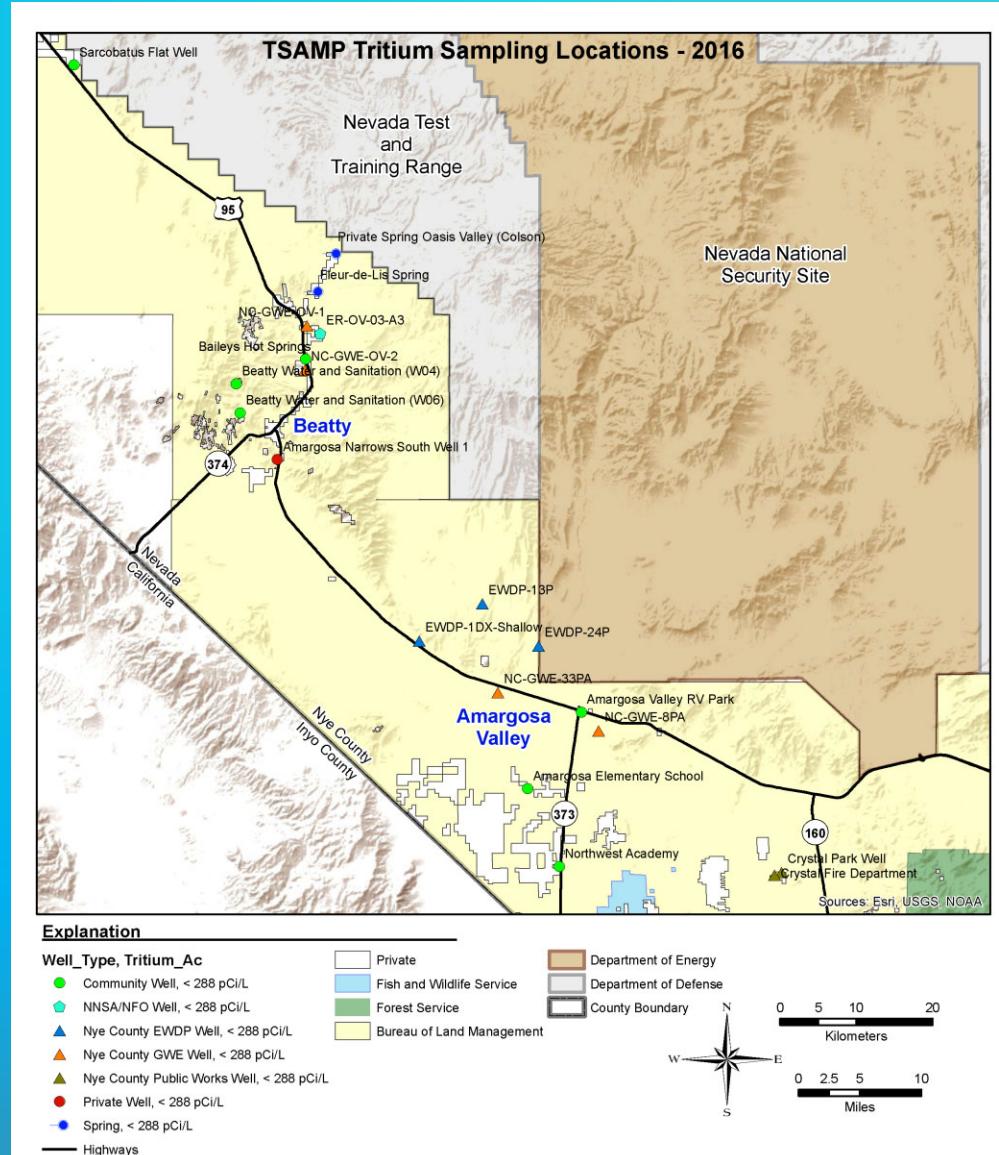
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2016 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
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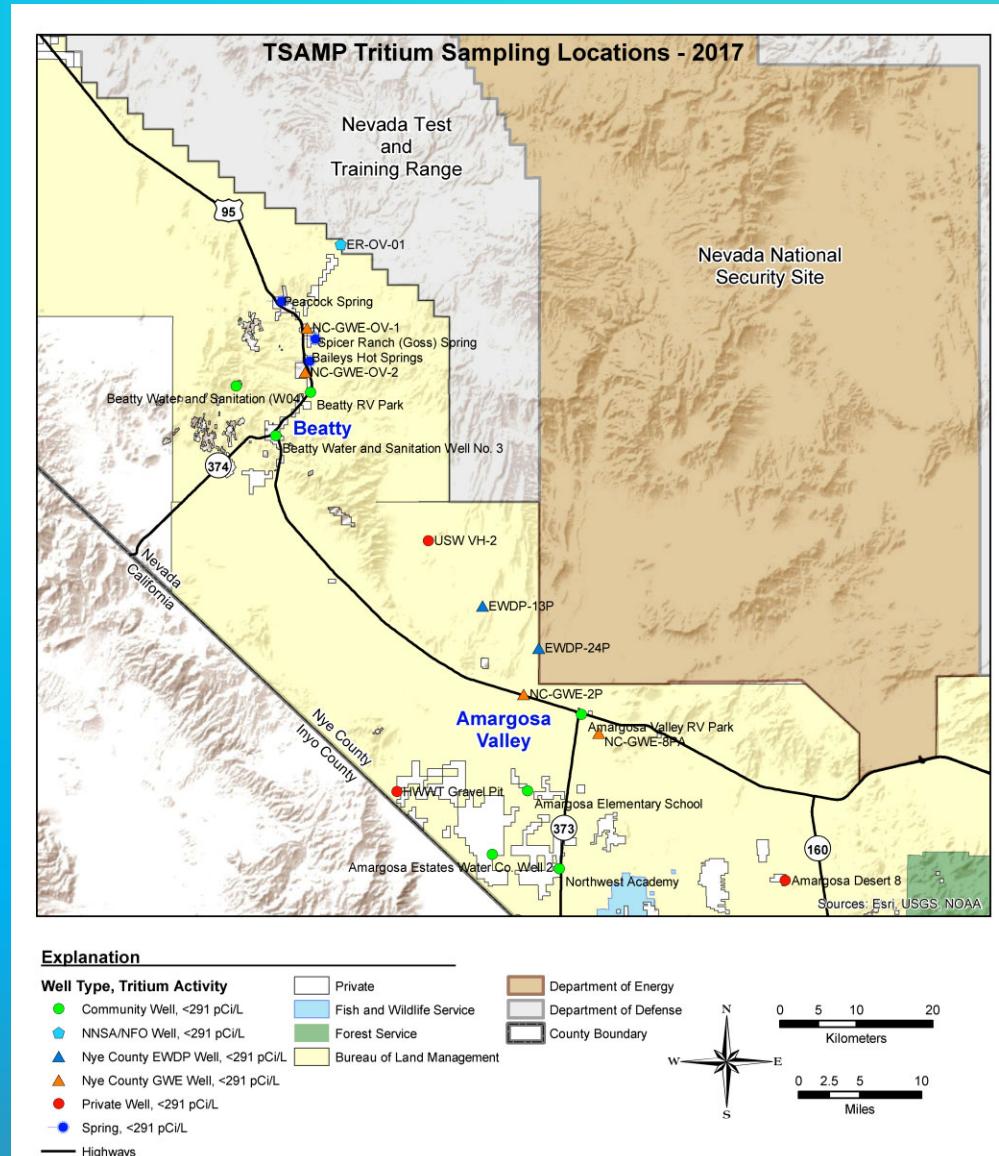
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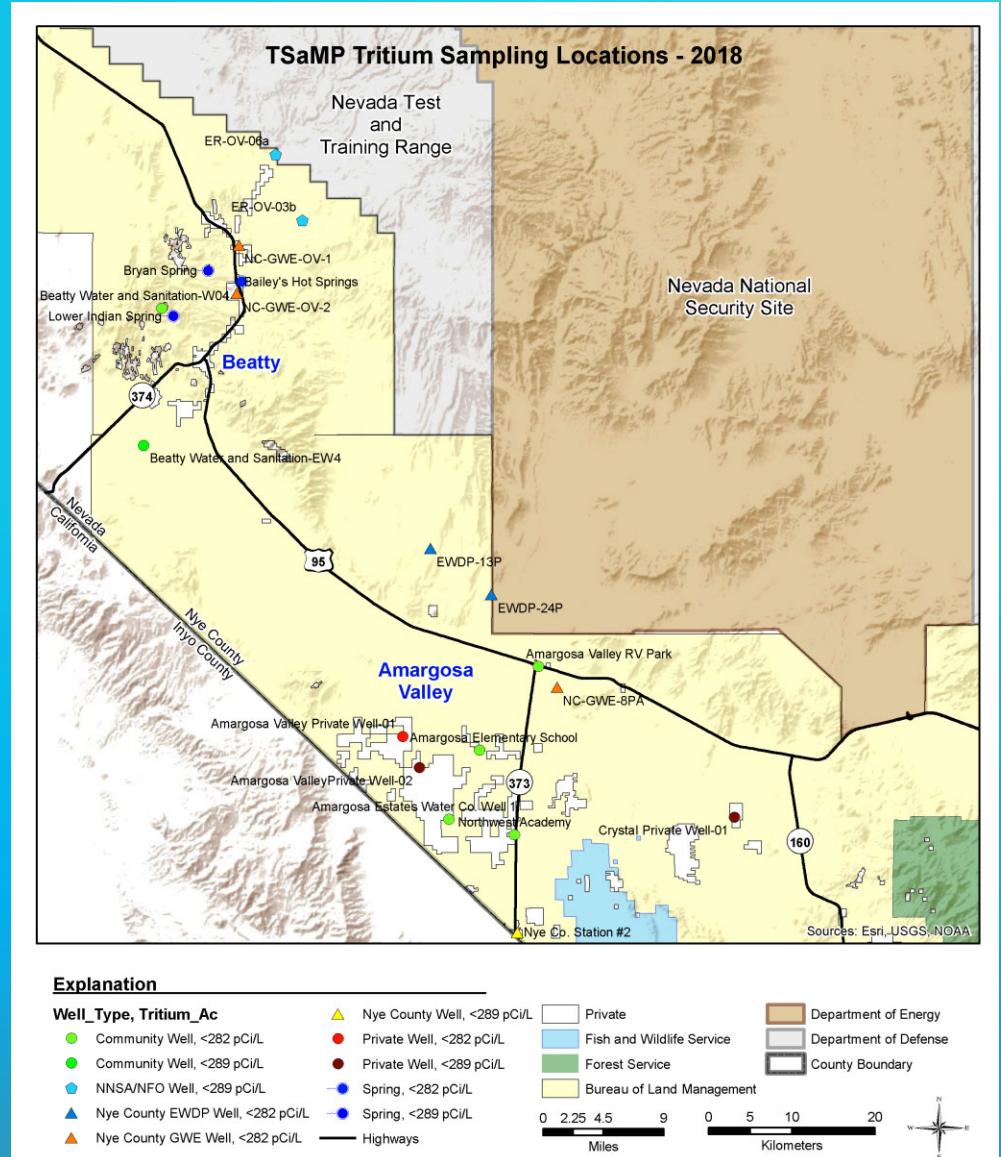
* joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring



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 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-01 *
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-02-wellhead*
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well EW4
 - Bryan Spring
 - Crystal Private Well-01 *
 - ER-OV-03b
 - ER-OV-06a
 - Lower Indian Spring
 - Nye Co. Station #2
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* private well sample – new starting in 2018 with sequential number assigned for each area (Beatty, Amargosa, and Crystal)



2019 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-03
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-04
 - Amargosa Valley USPS
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well 1
 - Cave Spring
 - ER-OV-02
 - ER-OV-03a3
 - EWDP-7S
 - NC-GWE-Felderhoff-25-1PA
 - Revert Springs*
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

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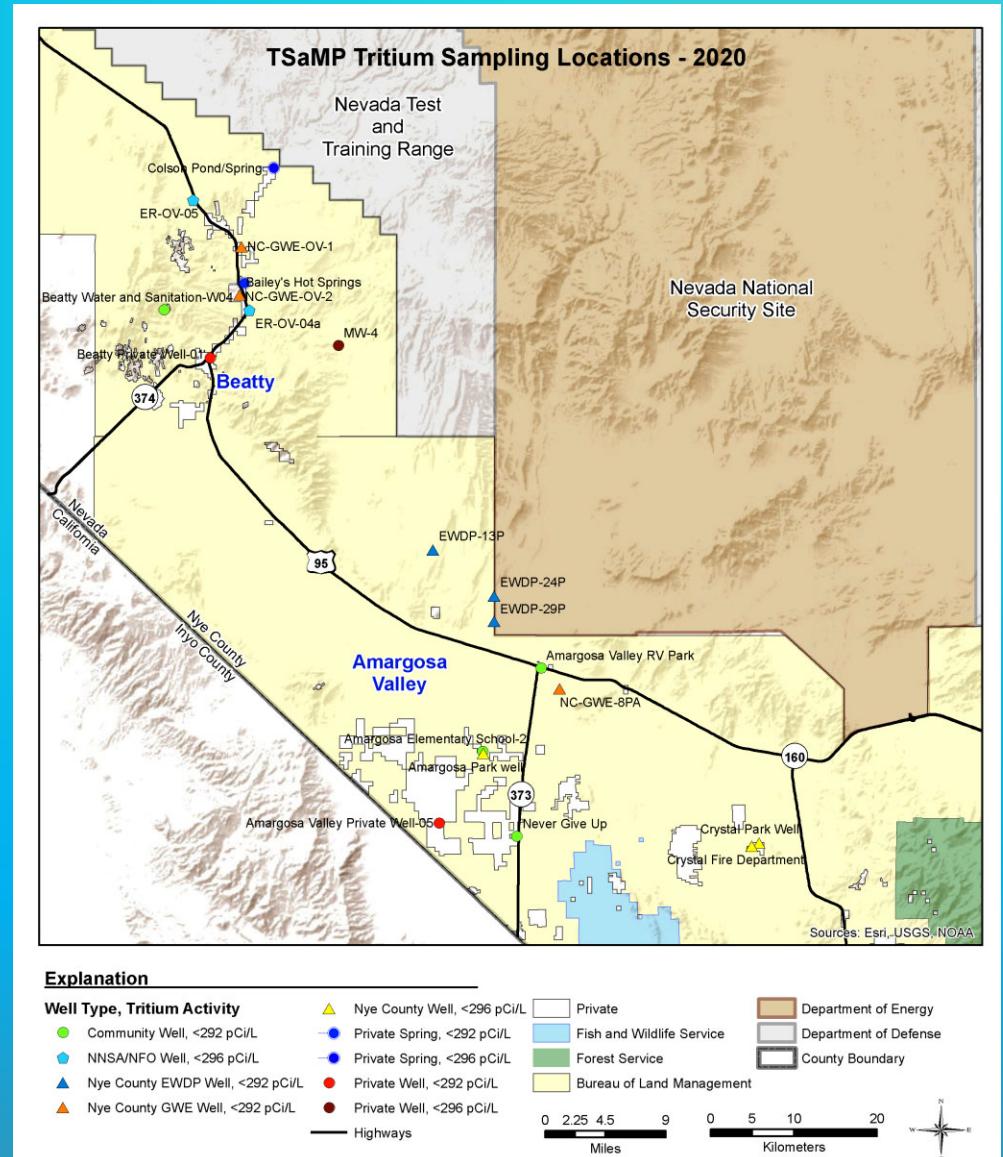


2020 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Park well
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-05
 - Beatty Private Well -01
 - Colson Pond/Spring**
 - Crystal Fire Department**
 - Crystal Park Well*^{***}
 - ER-OV-04a
 - ER-OV-05
 - EWDP-29P
 - MW-4
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring

** 4-year resampling of selected wells – new starting in 2020



2021 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-06
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-07
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation
 - Well No. 3**
 - ER-OV-03a
 - ER-OV-06a2
 - Goss Spring**
 - Martell Market
 - NB-WW-07
 - NB-WW-12
 - VH-2**
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

** 4-year resampling of selected wells



ER-OV Wells

(DOE EM NV UGTA Wells)

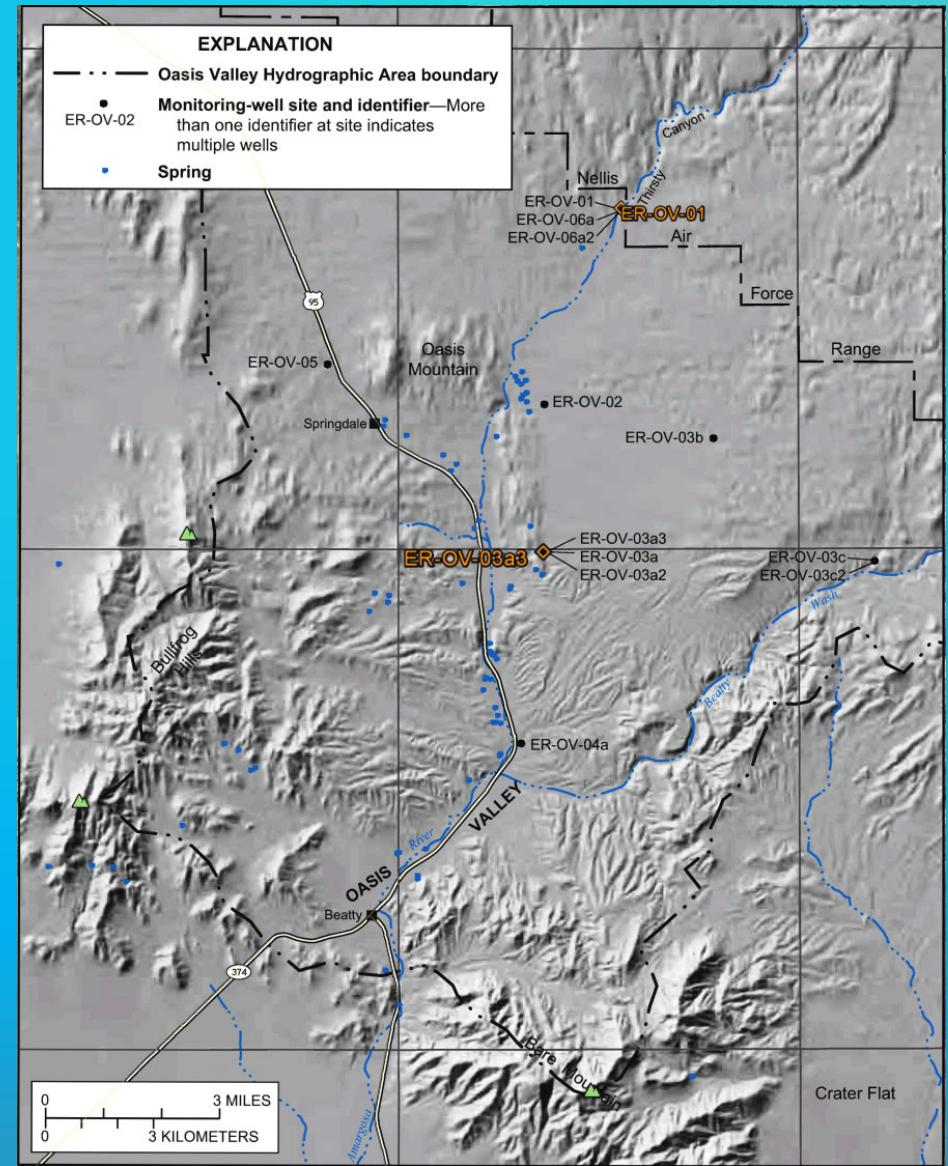


- Wells are NE of Beatty and downgradient from Pahute Mesa
- Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- Nye County will continue sampling at least one ER-OV well each year

DOE : United States Department Of Energy

EM NV: Office of Environmental Management Nevada Program

UGTA: Underground Test Area program



* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

ER-OV Wells - cont

(DOE EM NV UGTA Wells)

ER-OV wells sampled

- ER-OV-01 (2017)
- ER-OV-02 (2019)
- ER-OV-03a (2021)
- ER-OV-03b (2018)
- ER-OV-03a3 (2016, 2019)
- ER-OV-04a (2020)
- ER-OV-05 (2020)
- ER-OV-06a (2018)
- ER-OV-06a2 (2021)

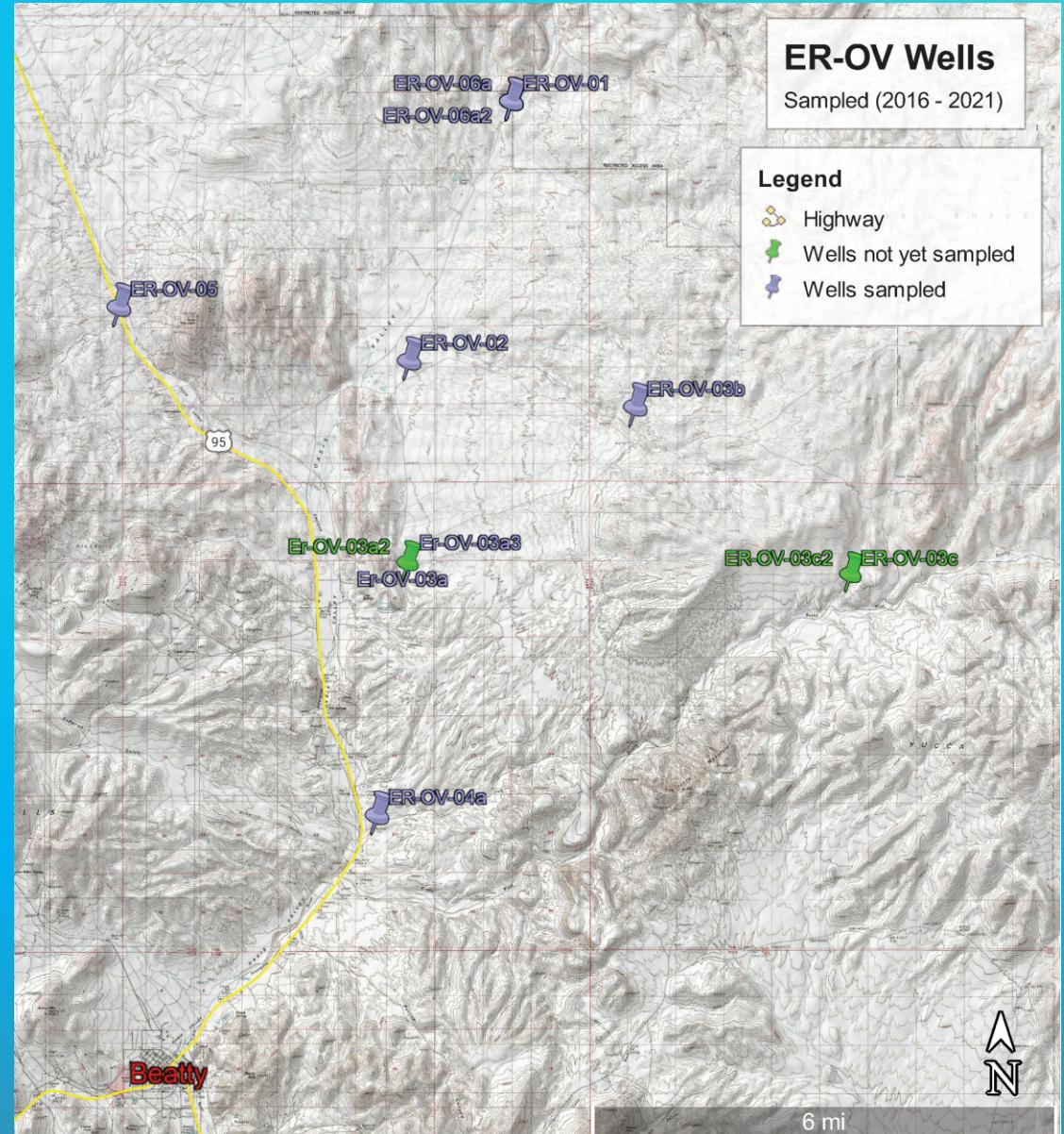
ER-OV wells not yet sampled

- ER-OV-03a2 (2023?)
- ER-OV-03c (2022?)
- ER-OV-03c2 (2022?)

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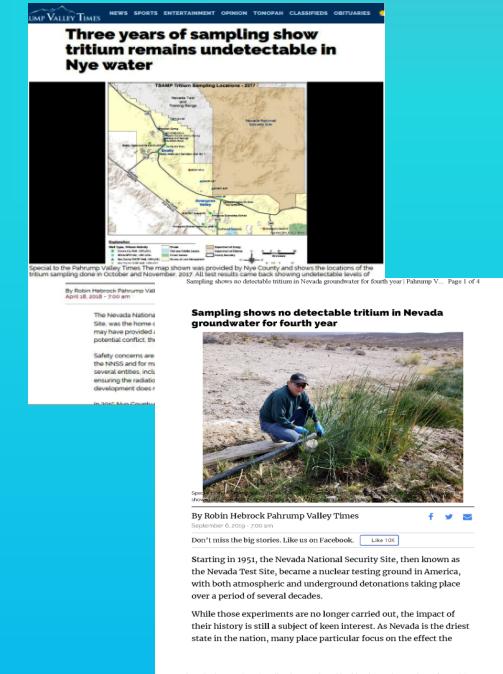
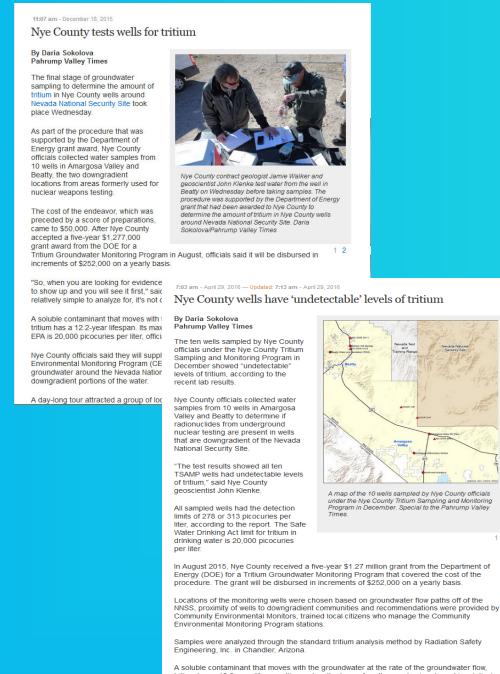
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Public Outreach

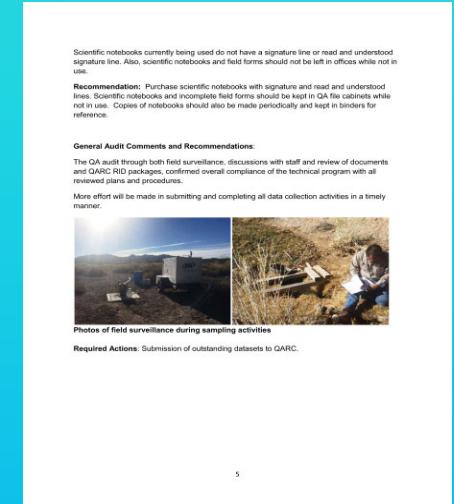
- TSaMP presentation given at the May 20,2020 NSSAB meeting
- Featured in DOE EM Update Newsletter, June 30,2020
- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) 2015 - 2018, 2020 and 2021
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in the NNSSER 2015 - 2022*
- Presented poster at DOE Groundwater Open House meetings in Amargosa- 2016 & 2019
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's - 2015

* Report in progress



Quality Assurance

- Nye County coordinates sampling efforts through Quality Assurance Officer (QAO)
- Nye County conducts annual internal audits to insure integrity of TSaMP data
 - Audit conducted by qualified professional (QAO)
 - Field surveillances
 - Office surveillances
 - Reports submitted to NWRPO /NRFF
- Since 2016, Nye County has been hosting preliminary reconnaissance fieldtrips with the DOE EM Nevada Program to insure maximum benefits will be gained from site selections



Quality Assurance- cont

- ❑ Navarro conducted independent assessment of TSaMP (11/5/18 - 12/12/18)
- ❑ Four Observations Identified
 - ❑ Upper level documents and procedures outdated
 - ❑ Lines of communication between participants is not fully documented
 - ❑ “Checked By/Date” on Chain of Custody forms not completed.
 - ❑ Groundwater Chemistry and Analysis sheet describes using charge balance as part of validation process.
- ❑ Nye County updated all QA documentation (WP-11, TPN 11.8, TP-11.2, and HASP) and addressed all observations prior to the 2019 sampling season.

The logo for the U.S. Department of Energy Nevada Operations Management Nevada Program. It features a stylized green and blue graphic on the left, followed by the text "U.S. Department of Energy" in a bold, sans-serif font, "Nevada Operations Management" in a smaller font, "Nevada Program" in a bold, sans-serif font, "P.O. Box 8656" in a smaller font, and "Las Vegas, NV 89103-0656" in a bold, sans-serif font at the bottom.

Jahr 7.2 2018

Jeff Koenig
Nevada Nuclear Waste Repository Project Office
2101 E. Calvada Boulevard, Suite 100
Pahrump, NV 89048

NVIA COUNTY TSMP/TITIM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM (TSMP/PLANNING, COMMUNICATION, AND PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION) ASSESSMENT (A796)

Nevada concluded an independent assessment of the County's Titim Sampling and Monitoring Program (TSMP) overviews 1 - December 1, 2018. As indicated in the summary report, Nye County's TSMP operations adequately sampling locations, collect water samples for analysis, and review data. A Nevada certified environmental laboratory and classified occurrences are used. The TSMP is managed by the Nevada Operations Management (NOM) TSMP Program prior to release to the public. The users identified no findings, and four observations were identified. The TSMP is a component of the Nevada Nuclear Waste Repository, with a copy to the Milliata-Watson-Garrett, within 30 days of the date of this letter.

Please contact James R. Jahr (702) 299-0818 if further information on this matter is needed.

Jeff Koenig
Jeff R. Wilson
Dose and Risk Manager
TMD Nevada Program

EMO:13948.CD

Enclosure:

o 100001, 04, 0401,
Same Purchasing Category
Dawn Taylor, Karsten
Millican, James R. Wilson, Noms
Nevada Control 1045
METS, Nuclear Waste Management
John Myers, LMI
James Roms, TMD
NUG Read-For



Town Board Meetings

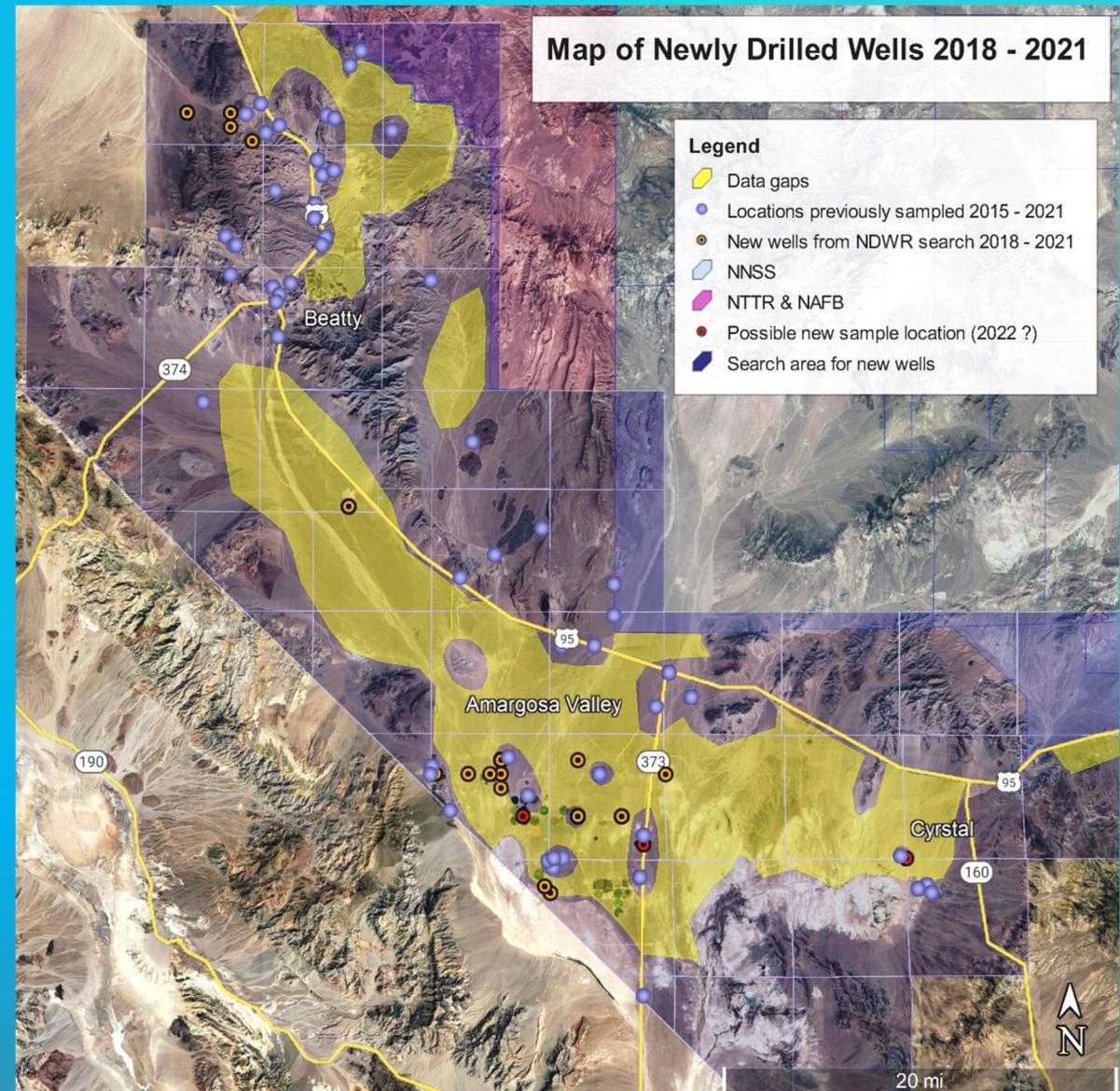
- TSaMP presentations were given at Beatty Town Board meetings on 9/25/17, and 11/4/19; and at Amargosa Town Board meetings on 9/27/17, and 11/21/19
- 2017 presentations resulted in three new sampling locations for 2017, and several potential new sites for future years.
- 2019 presentations resulted in one new sampling location for 2019, one for 2020, one for 2021, and five potential new sites for future years.



Possible Sampling Locations 2022

Map showing location of newly drilled wells downgradient of the NNSS

- Locations previously sampled for tritium (2015 to 2021) shown as gray dots.
- Dark outline show area of search for new wells (in NDWR database).
- Yellow areas indicate areas of data gaps in TSaMP program
- Wells identified as being newly drilled (2018 to 2021) shown as orange circles
 - Three red dots indicate possible future sampling locations (2022?) selected from the newly drilled wells



Possible Sampling Locations 2022 -cont

- What are the priorities for well sampling locations?
 - Wells used by communities?
 - Wells that provide early detection but may not be potable water sources?
- What wells or other locations do members of public consider to be of highest priority?
- What locations do you feel should be sampled?
 - 2022
- When making your individual recommendation, please consider:
 - Past sampling results
 - Identified flow paths and historic sampling results
 - Age of water (Tritium half-life = 12.32 yrs - less than 1% remaining after 7 half-lives (86 yrs)
- Would you like to participate in the water sampling?
- We welcome any participation!

Questions?



ER-OV-06a2
(12/15/21)

Contact Information:
John Klenke
Geoscientist III
jklenke@co.nye.nv.us
Office: 775-727-3494

NYE COUNTY TRITIUM SAMPLING AND MONITORING PROGRAM 2023 UPDATE

John Klenke
CEMP Workshop
July 10, 2023

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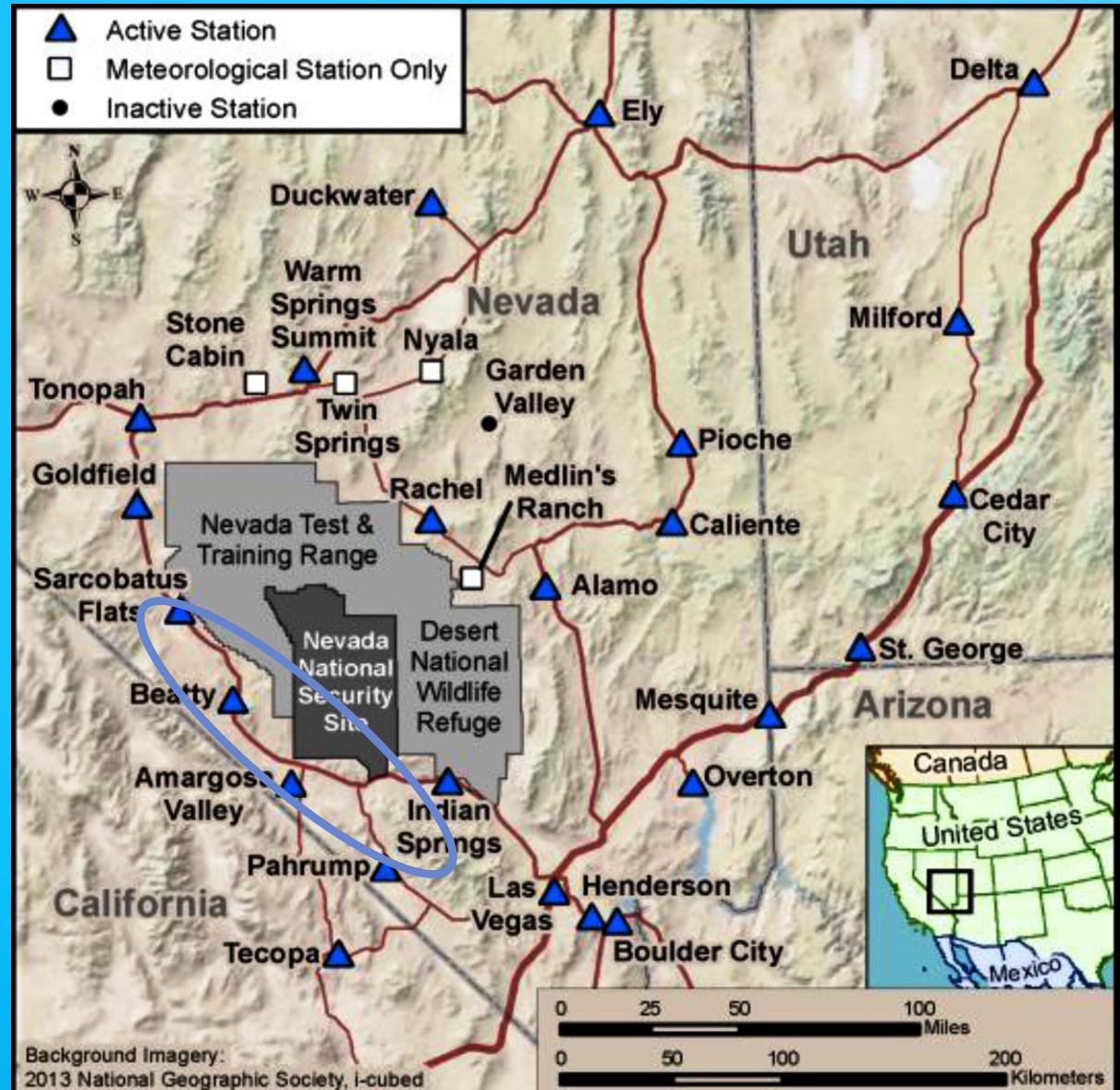
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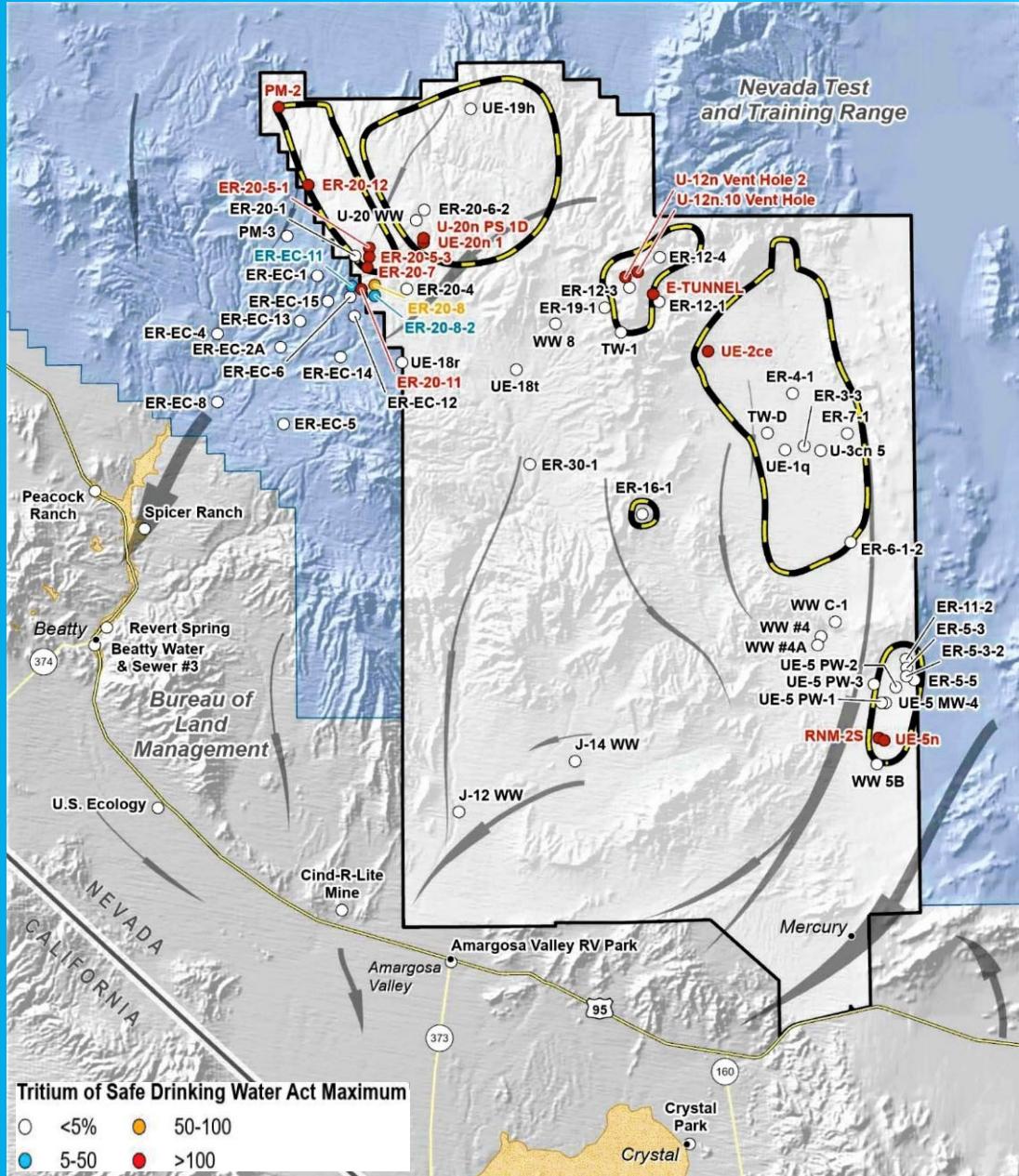
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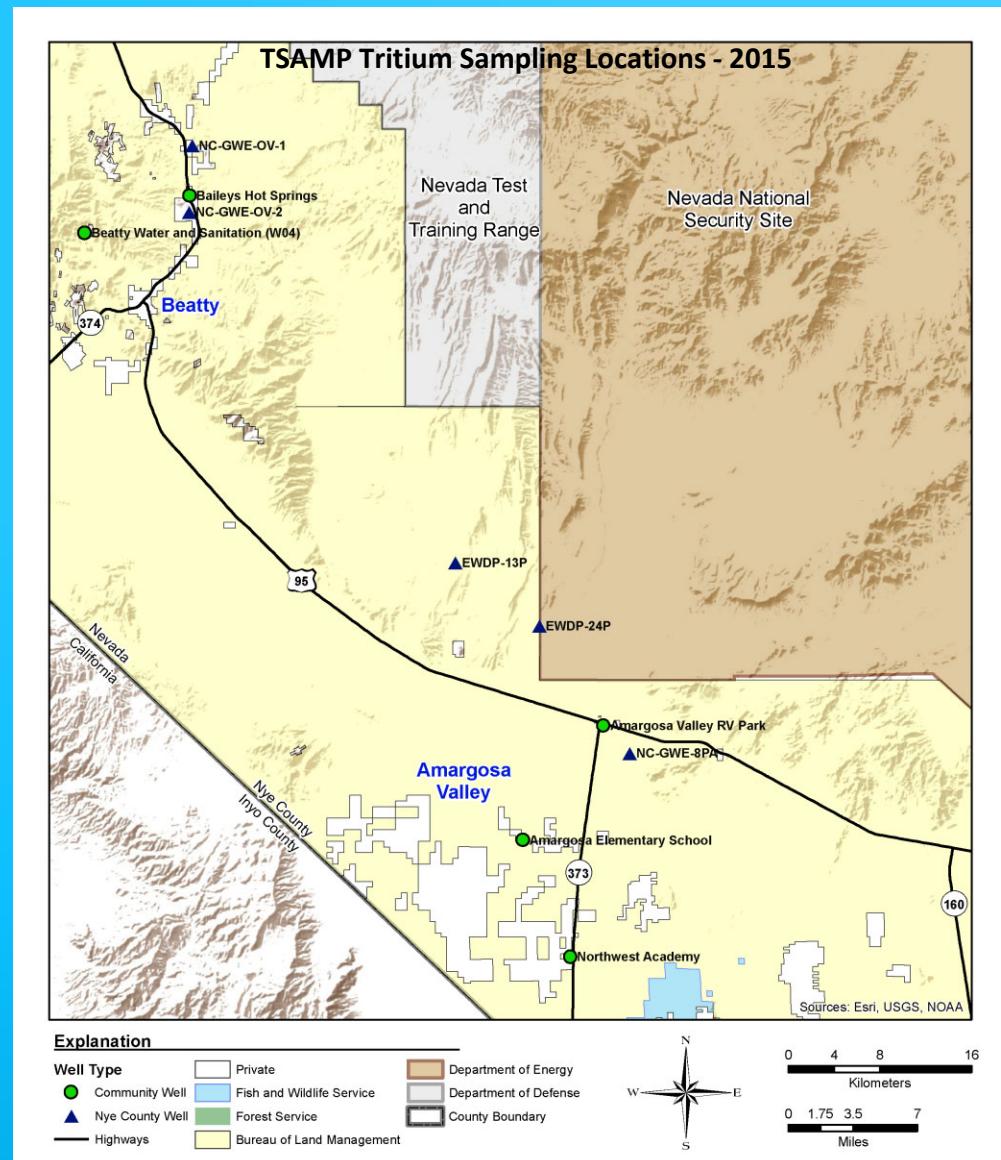
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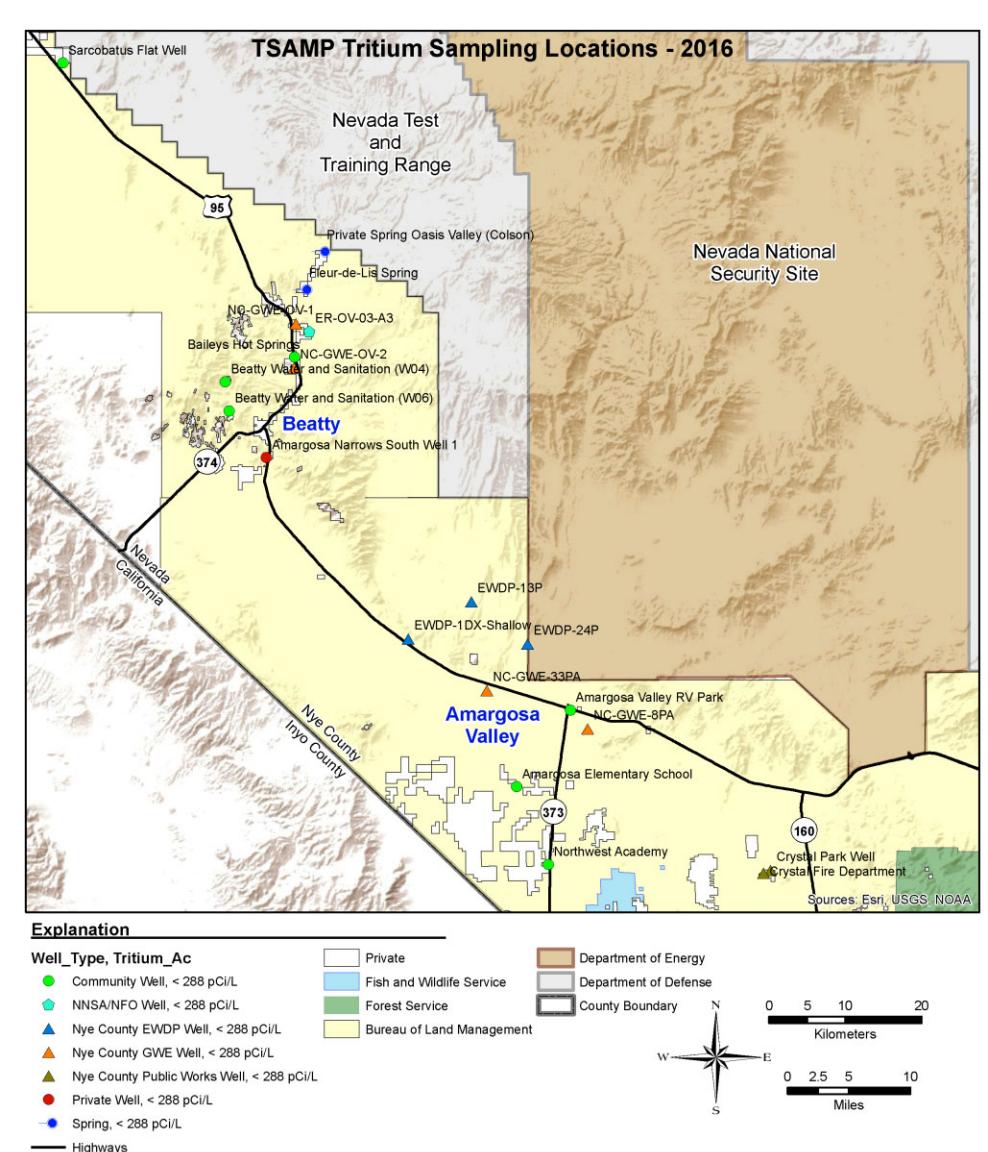
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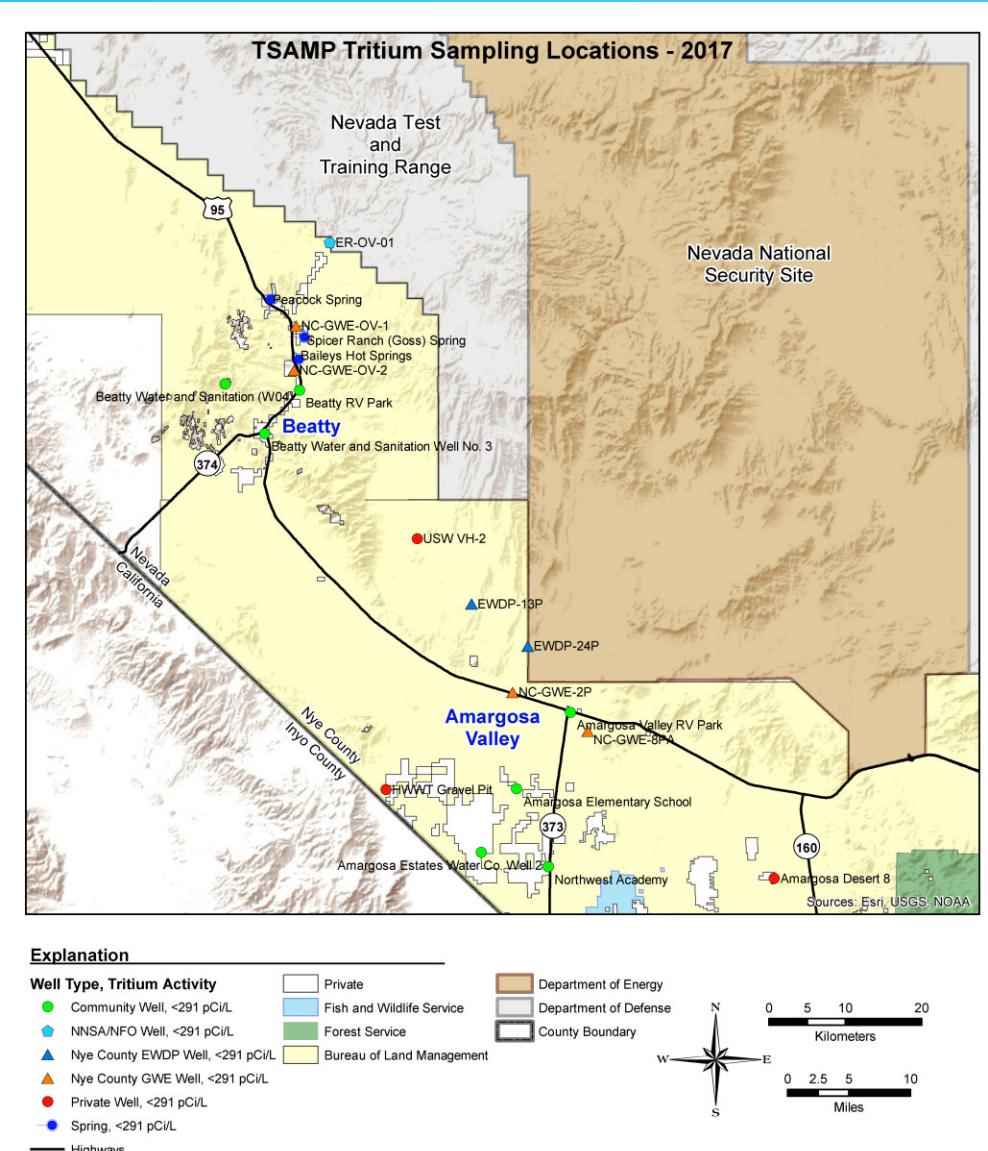
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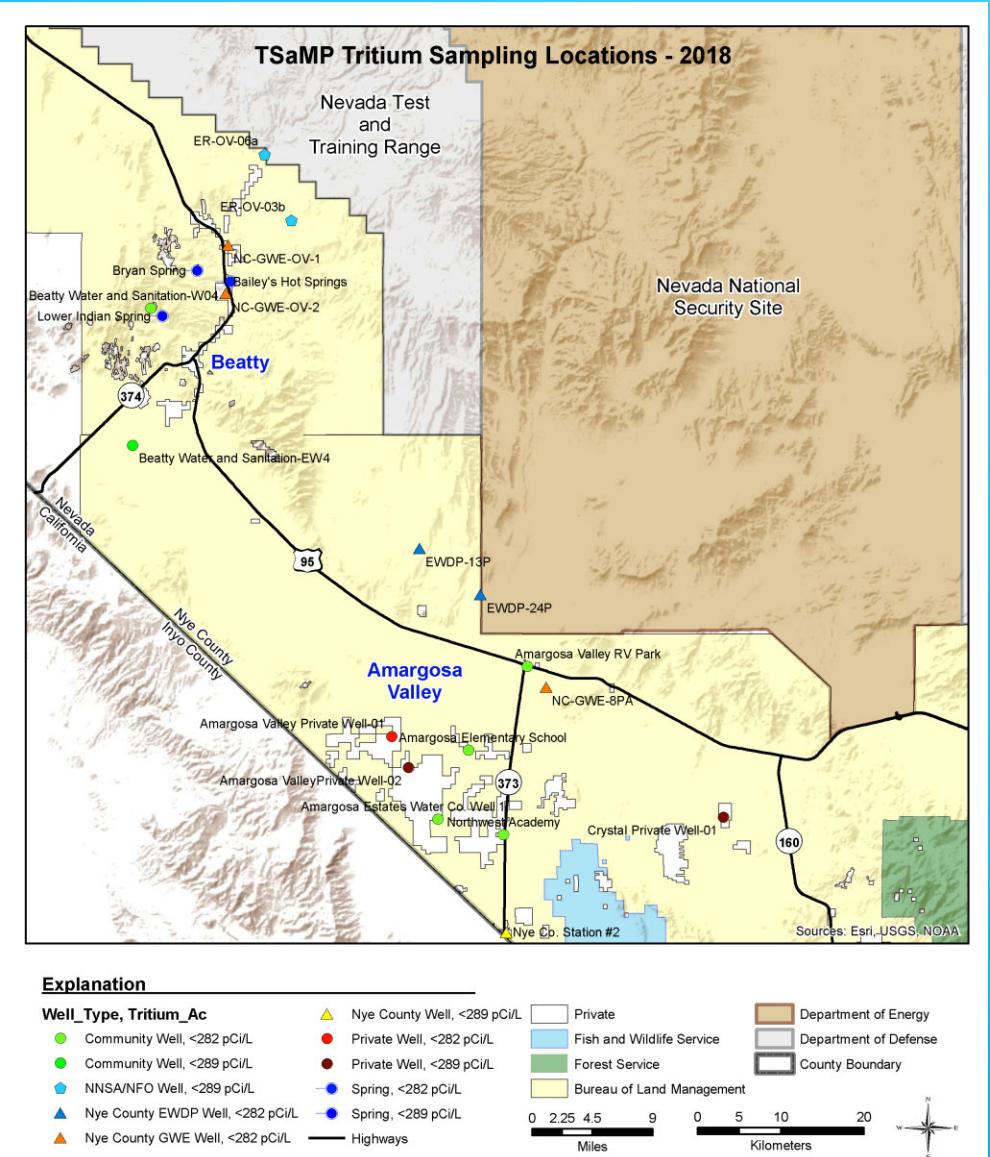
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 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-02-wellhead*
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well EW4
 - Bryan Spring
 - Crystal Private Well-01 *
 - ER-OV-03b
 - ER-OV-06a
 - Lower Indian Spring
 - Nye Co. Station #2
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* Private well sample – new starting in 2018 with sequential number assigned for each area (Beatty, Amargosa, and Crystal)



2019 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-03
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-04
 - Amargosa Valley USPS
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well 1
 - Cave Spring
 - ER-OV-02
 - ER-OV-03a3
 - EWDP-7S
 - NC-GWE-Felderhoff-25-1PA
 - Revert Springs*
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* Joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring

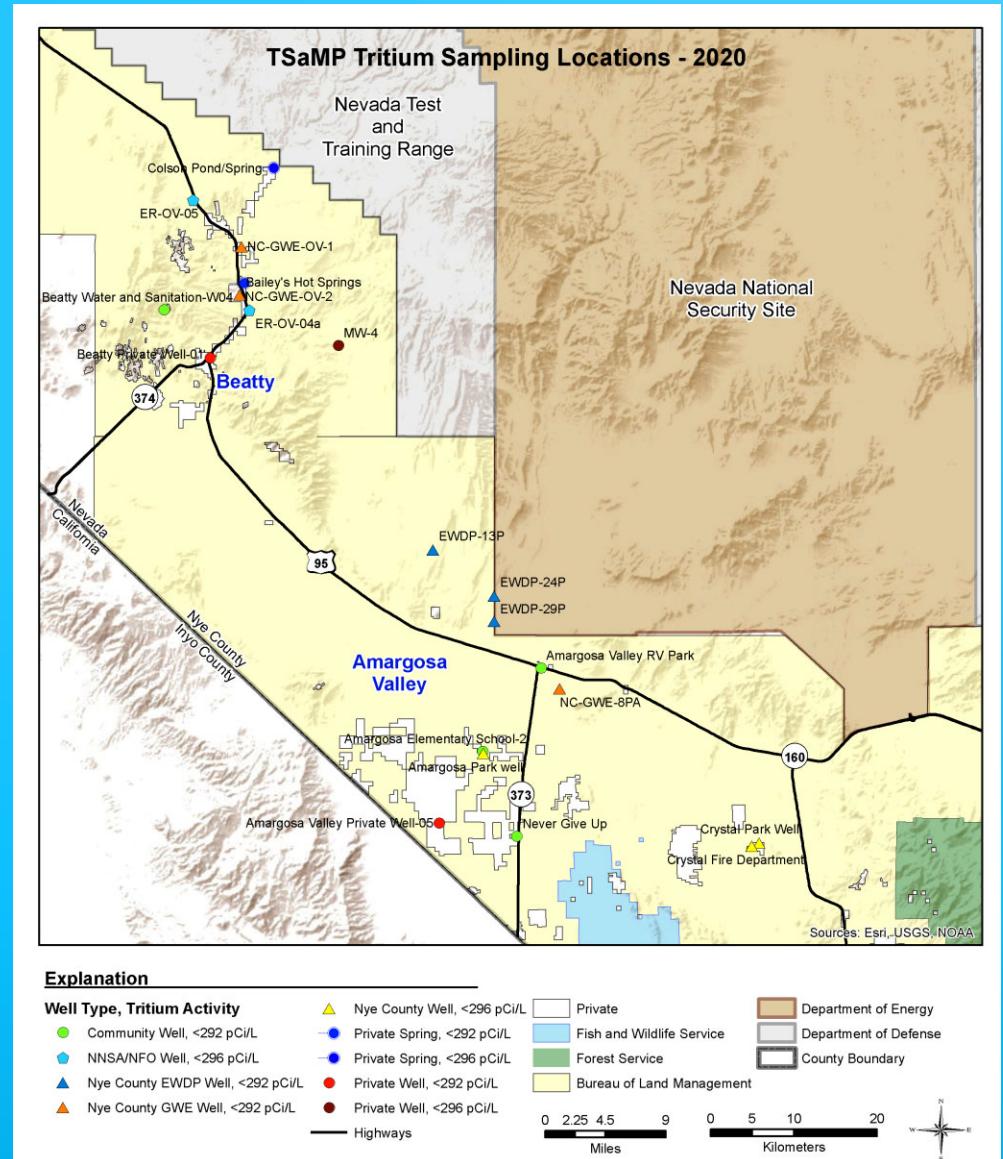


2020 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Park well
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-05
 - Beatty Private Well -01
 - Colson Pond/Spring**
 - Crystal Fire Department**
 - Crystal Park Well*^{***}
 - ER-OV-04a
 - ER-OV-05
 - EWDP-29P
 - MW-4
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* Joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring

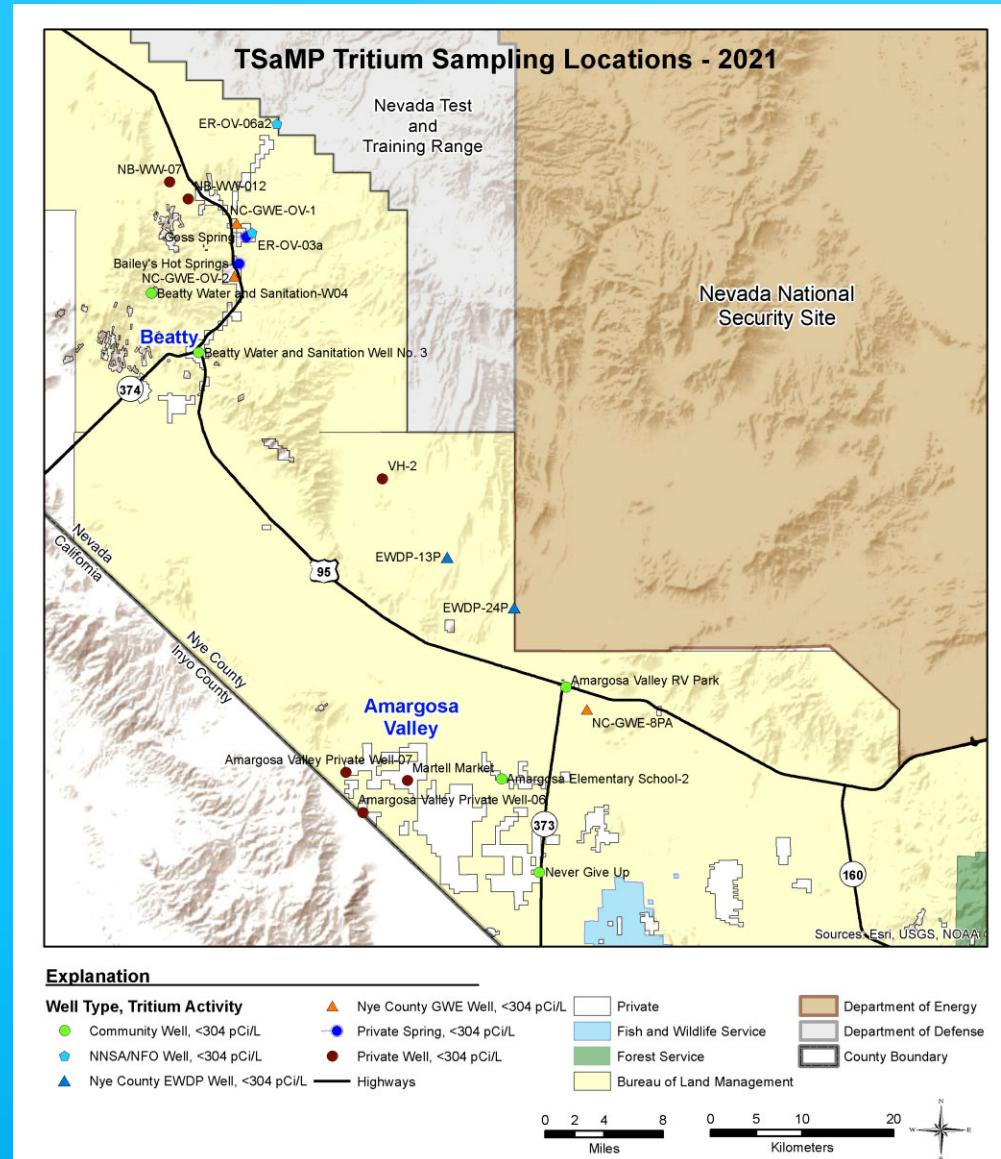
** 4-year resampling of previously selected wells – new starting in 2020



2021 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-06
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-07
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation
 - Well No. 3**
 - ER-OV-03a
 - ER-OV-06a2
 - Goss Spring**
 - Martell Market
 - NB-WW-07
 - NB-WW-12
 - VH-2**
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

** 4-year resampling of previously selected wells

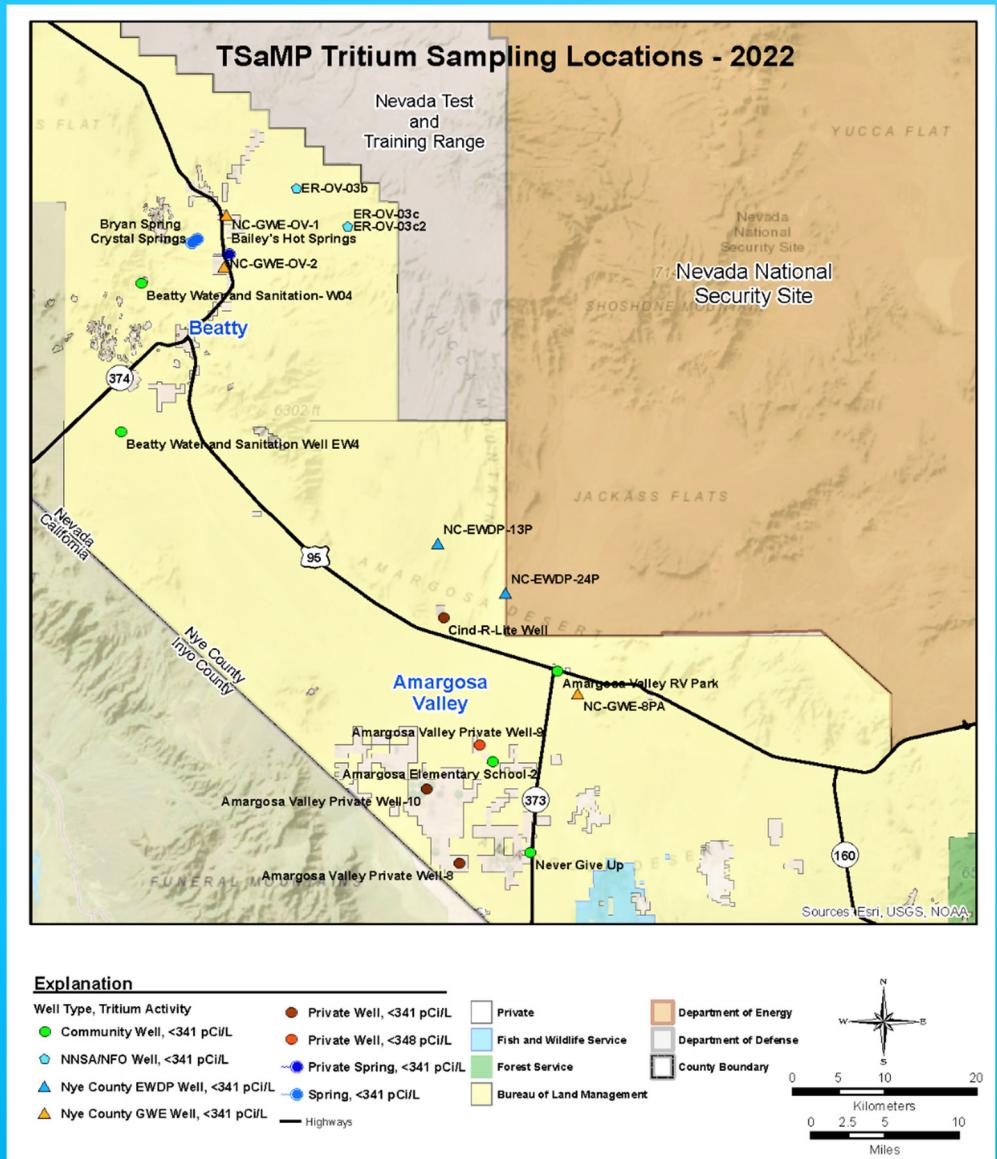


2022 Sampling Results

- 20 sample locations
 - 10 core well locations; plus
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-08
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-09
 - Amargosa Valley Private Well-10
 - Beatty Water and Sanitation Well – EW4**
 - Bryan Spring**
 - Cind-R-Lite Well *
 - Crystal Springs
 - ER-OV-03b**
 - ER-OV-03c
 - ER-OV-03c2
 - Test results showed all 20 sample locations had undetectable levels of tritium

* Joint sampling effort with NSTec Ecological & Environmental Monitoring

** 4-year resampling of previously selected wells



ER-OV Wells

(DOE EM NV UGTA Wells)

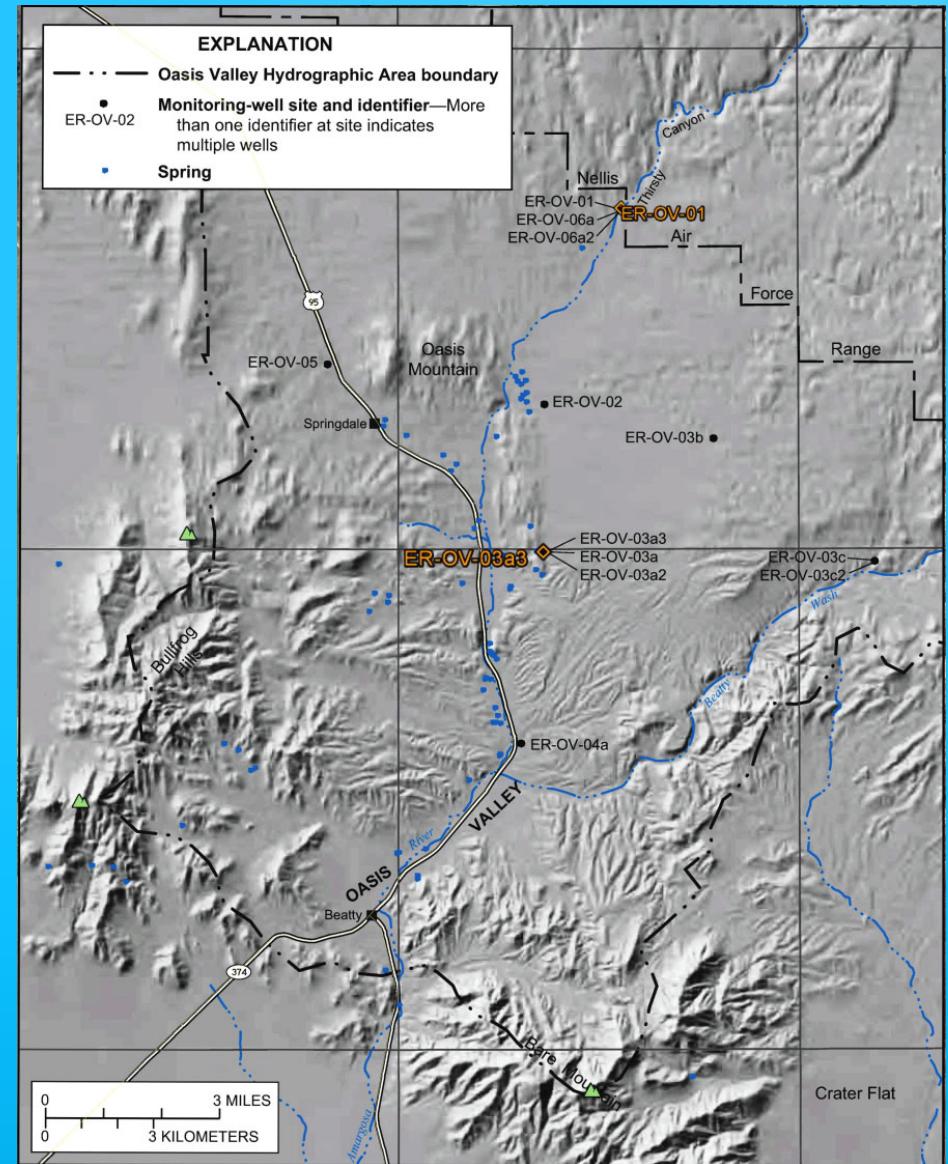


- Wells are NE of Beatty and downgradient from Pahute Mesa
- Adds flexibility to TSaMP program and allows for a coordinated joint sampling effort with DRI
- Nye County will continue sampling at least one ER-OV well each year

DOE : United States Department Of Energy

EM NV: Office of Environmental Management Nevada Program

UGTA: Underground Test Area program



* Image from USGS WRIR 98-4184

ER-OV Wells - cont

(DOE EM NV UGTA Wells)

ER-OV wells sampled

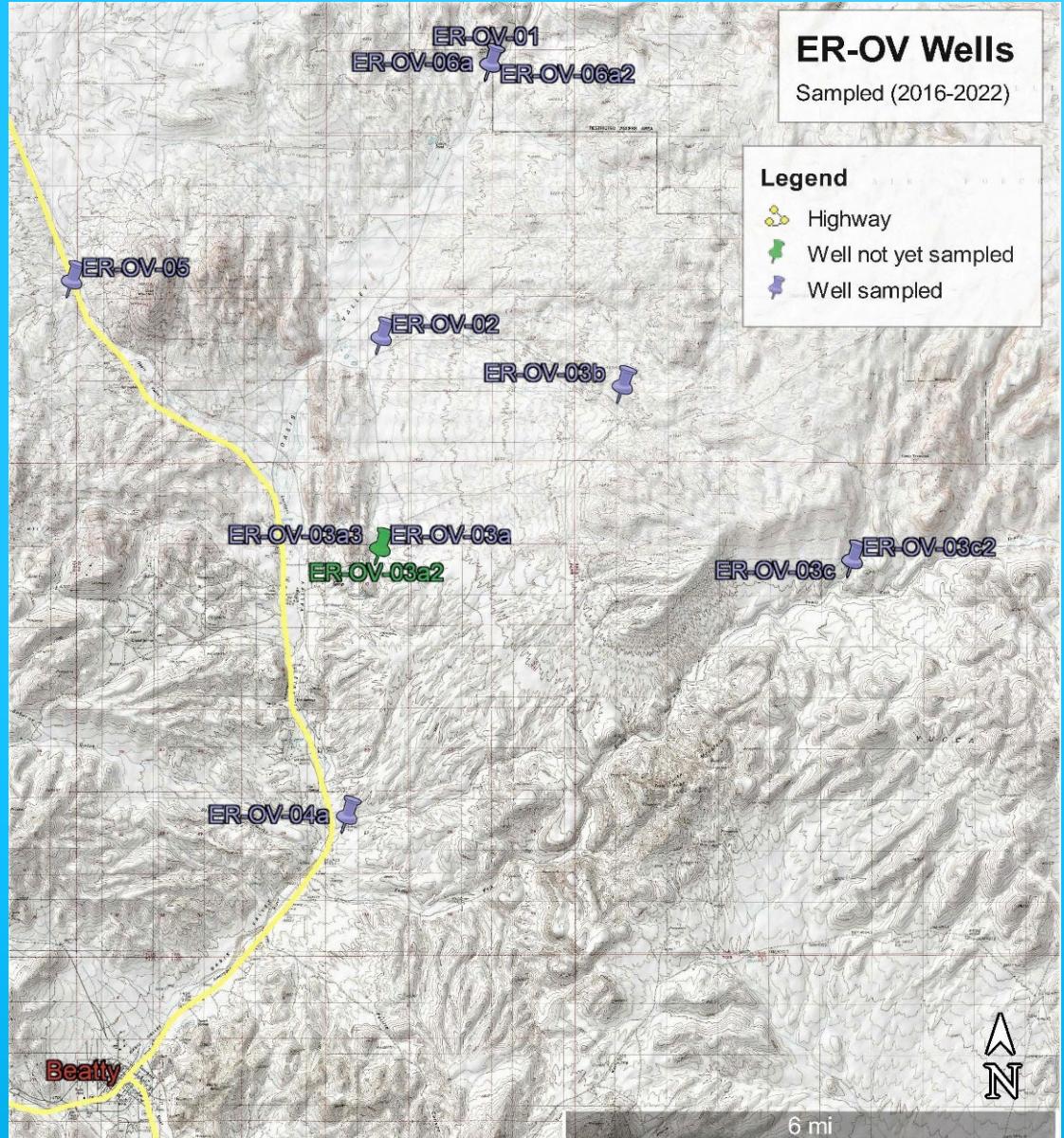
- ER-OV-01 (2017)
- ER-OV-02 (2019)
- ER-OV-03a (2021)
- ER-OV-03a3 (2016, 2019)
- ER-OV-03b (2018, 2022)
- ER-OV-03c (2022)
- ER-OV-03c2 (2022)
- ER-OV-04a (2020)
- ER-OV-05 (2020)
- ER-OV-06a (2018)
- ER-OV-06a2 (2021)

ER-OV wells not yet sampled

- ER-OV-03a2 (2023?)

*ER-OV-03a2 will most likely not be sampled because of the long purge time (6 hr, 45 min.), and information from the USGS indicating the well is not in good communication with the formation.

* Nye County will continue to sample at least one ER-OV well each year.



DOE : United States Department Of Energy

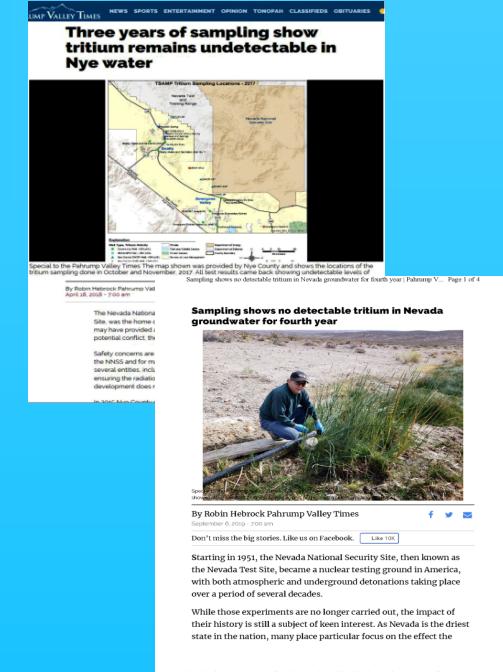
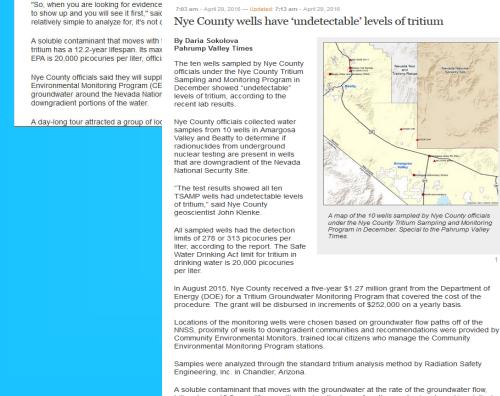
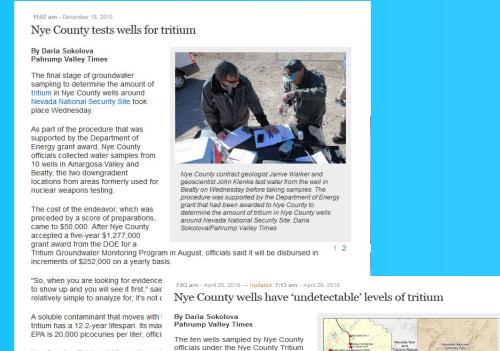
EM NV: Office of Environmental Management Nevada Program

UGTA: Underground Test Area program

Public Outreach

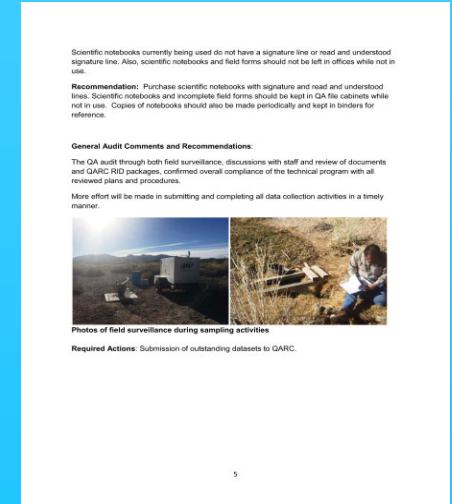
- TSaMP presentation given at the May 20, 2020, NSSAB meeting
- Featured in DOE EM Update Newsletter, June 30, 2020
- Articles run in local newspaper (PVT) 2015 – 2021
- Supplied sampling locations and results for inclusion in the NNSSER 2015 – 2022*
- Presented poster at DOE Groundwater Open House meetings in Amargosa- 2016, 2019, and 2022
- Tour for the NSSAB and CEM's – 2015

* Report in progress



Quality Assurance

- Nye County coordinates sampling efforts through Quality Assurance Officer (QAO)
- Nye County conducts annual internal audits to ensure integrity of TSaMP data
 - Audit conducted by qualified professional (QAO)
 - Field surveillances
 - Office surveillances
 - Reports submitted to NWRPO /NRFF
- Navarro conducted an independent assessment of TSaMP (11/5/18 - 12/12/18) and made four observations.
 - Nye County addressed observations and updated it's QA documentation (WP-11, TPN 11.8, TP-11.2, and HASP).



Town Board Meetings

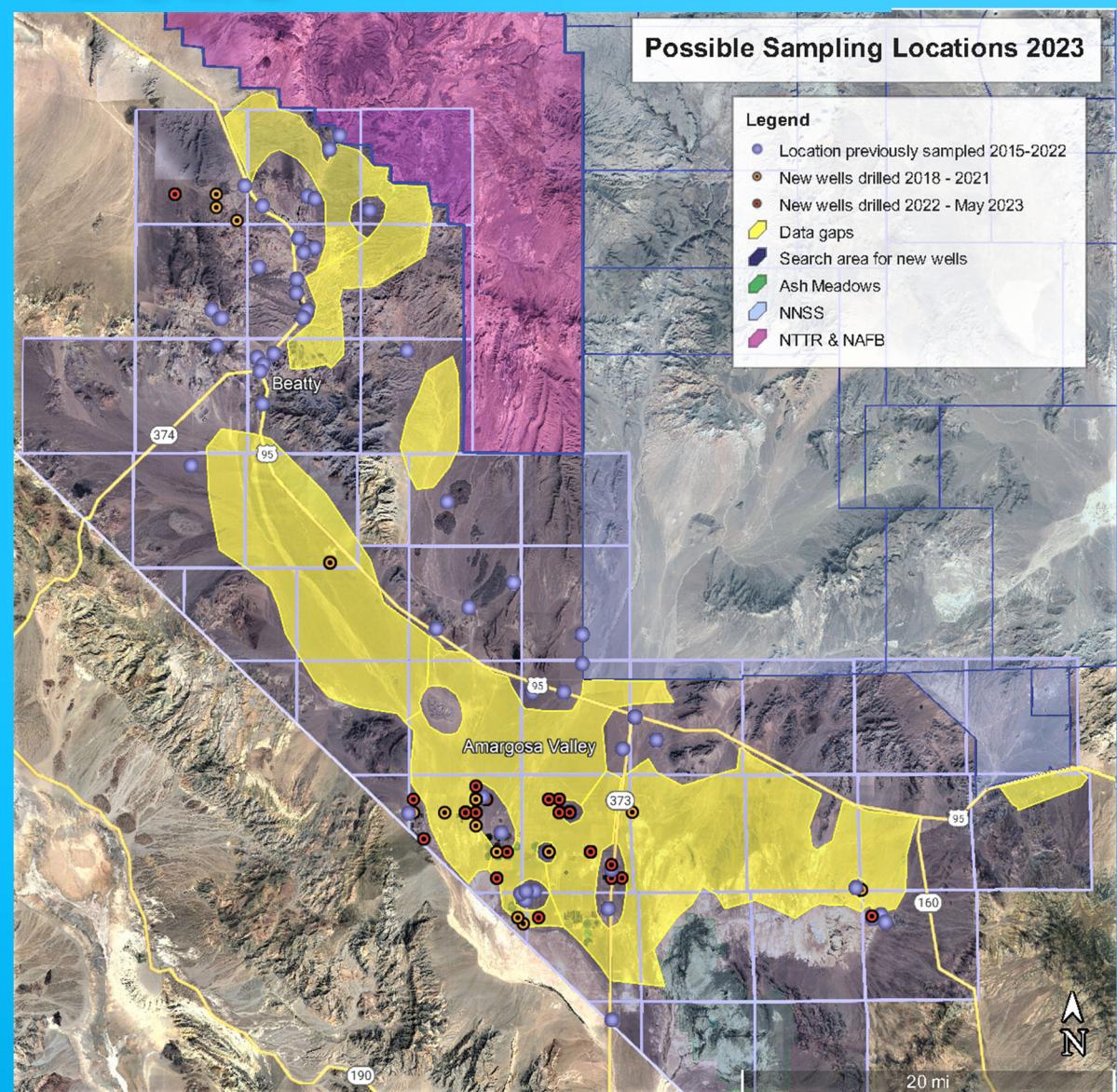
- TSaMP presentations were given at Beatty Town Board meetings on 9/25/17, and 11/4/19; and at Amargosa Town Board meetings on 9/27/17, and 11/21/19
- 2017 presentations resulted in three new sampling locations for 2017, and several potential new sites for future years.
- 2019 presentations resulted in one new sampling location for 2019, one for 2020, one for 2021, and five potential new sites for future years.
- Nye County will give presentations at Town Board Meetings in the future if requested by the boards, or if needed to supplement potential sampling locations.



Possible Sampling Locations 2023

Map showing location of newly drilled wells downgradient of the NNSS

- Locations TSaMP previously sampled for tritium (2015 to 2022) shown as gray dots
- Dark outline show area of search for new wells (in NDWR database)
- Yellow areas indicate areas of data gaps in TSaMP program
- Newly drilled (2018 to 2021) shown as orange circles
- Newly drilled (2022 to May 2023) shown as red circles



Possible Sampling Locations 2023 -cont

- **What are the priorities for well sampling locations?**
 - Wells used by communities?
 - Wells that provide early detection but may not be potable water sources?
- What wells or other locations do members of public consider to be of highest priority?
- **What locations do you feel should be sampled?**
 - 2023
- When making your individual recommendation, please consider:
 - Past sampling results
 - Identified flow paths and historic sampling results
 - Age of water (Tritium half-life = 12.32 yrs - less than 1% remaining after 7 half-lives (86 yrs)
- **Would you like to participate in the water sampling?**
- We welcome any participation!

Questions?



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